527/1
AGRICULTURE
Paper 1
2024
2½ hours



UGANDA NATIONAL EXAMINATIONS BOARD

Uganda Certificate of Education

AGRICULTURE

Paper 1
Theory

2 hours 30 minutes

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES:

This paper consists of six examination items. It has two sections; A and B.

Section A has two compulsory items.

Section **B** has **two** parts; **I** and **II**. Answer **one** item from each part.

Answer four examination items in all.

Any additional item(s) answered will **not** be scored.

All *answers* **must** *be written in the Answer booklet*(*s*) *provided*.

SECTION A

SOIL SCIENCE AND VALUE ADDITION

Answer all items in this section.

Item 1.

(a) Kagugu a farmer in Pabbu sub county in Uganda was advised to start a dairy farm on his one-hectare piece of land. He planted elephant grass and Congo signal grass in plots **A** and **B** respectively at the same time. He expects to receive in-calf dairy heifers in six months' time and both pastures have already reached their flowering stages. Therefore, there is no likelihood of him feeding the current pastures to the heifers which are yet to come. At the same time, he is not interested in selling his pastures in a green state to other farmers. In his first attempt to conserve the pastures, the final product was rotten, black in colour and produced an unpleasant smell.

Task

Write a message to Kagugu advising him on how to conserve his pastures.

(b) In Pabbu sub-county where Kagugu practices farming, many other farmers have small plots of land that are scattered in many places. They keep little money from what they sell. This little money is kept in pillows, or wooden boxes. Some farmers do not even know how much money they have kept. During planting season, each farmer works alone in his/her farm, and by the time they finish, the first part of the garden they began with has already grown bushy. A market survey indicates that an individual farmer buys a litre of Rocket pesticide at Ugsh40,000, yet a 20 litre jerrycan of the same pesticide costs Ugsh600,000.

Task

Based on the above scenario, what advice would you give to the farmers in Pabbu Sub county?

Item 2.

Having realized that students in a school have preferences for fruits like passion fruits, the Young Farmers Club decided to establish an orchard in the school farm. Some areas of the school farm are steep and rocky with shallow soils while other areas are gently sloping with deep, well drained and fairly fertile soils. In the course of running the project, it was observed that the soils in the nursery were compact, sticky and flooded with water. The pH of the soil in the nursery is lower than the recommended range for fruit growing. The seedlings were thin with shallow roots, bent stems and yellowish leaves.

Task

In your view, suggest the improvements that the Young Farmers Club should do to ensure profitable fruit production on the school farm.

SECTION B

This section has two parts; I and II

PART I: ANIMAL PRODUCTION

Answer one item from this part.

Item 3.

Innocent who is an agricultural extension worker visited a farm and in his reported he indicated that the roof of a calf pen was blown off. Also, the cows were bonny and their dung contained worms. The adult animals could hardly find what to eat and were grazing on woody natural pastures. The only source of water had snail shells, algae and dung. The lactating cows had cracks on their teats. Hair-like substances were seen in the milk which was filtered using an old cloth. The farm owner uses a basin for mixing the acaricide.

Task

Basing on the report from Innocent, how can the farm owner improve on the productivity of the livestock farm?

Item 4.

Peter is a poultry farmer producing both eggs and meat on a large scale. Recently he got a new farm manager and instructed him to establish a poultry breeding unit using the parent stock he has to produce chicks for sale. However, the farm manager was not getting the expected number of chicks from the hatchery. The farm is located in an area with many other poultry farmers and there is free movement of chicken from one farm to another. Birds from the neighbouring farms were observed with cough, blood-stained faeces, mucus discharge and scratch marks on their bodies.

Operation Wealth Creation has provided tools and equipment to livestock farmers in the community especially for disease and parasite management.

Task

Write guidelines to help the farm manager meet Peter's requirement.

3 Turn Over

PART II: CROP PRODCUTION

Answe one item from this part.

Item 5.

Mr. Maberu is a farmer who decided to grow cassava on one hectare of land. He obtained all the planting materials from his neighbours' farms. The cassava stems had dark brown streaks which appeared as scratches or wounds. The stems were cut into 20 cm long pieces. After clearing the bush using a slasher, Mr. Maberu used a forked hoe to plant the cuttings at a spacing of 3m x 3m. Some of the cuttings sprouted but others did not. Weeds grew very fast, the cassava leaflets were twisted, and stunted growth was observed in some cassava plants in the garden. Mr. Maberu managed to weed once and decided to harvest the crop after 6 months using a forked hoe. Most tubers were found rotten at harvest and others damaged during harvesting. As a result, he obtained only two 200 kg of fresh cassava instead of the expected 12600kg per hectare.

Task

Write a message to Maberu advising him on how to obtain the expected yield.

Item 6.

A vegetable farmer decided to grow a hectare of tomatoes. He set up a nursery bed in a free draining area near a water source. After preparing the nursery, he broadcast the seeds, covered them well with soil and watered the bed. The seeds germinated well and seedlings covered the entire soil surface. He maintained all the seedlings up to the time of transplanting. Transplanting began at twelve noon on a sunny day as the farmer had to attend a meeting at 2.00 pm the same day. After a week, some empty spaces were noticed within the crop rows. The plants which survived had many branches and leaves. When the farmer inspected his crop before the plants reached maturity, he observed dark brown patches on the leaves and stems. Dark brown circular spots were also covering large parts of the fruits. At a later stage, holes were also observed on some bigger fruits. At harvest, farm workers picked the fully ripe red fruits, packed and sealed them in plastic bags. The packed fruits were to be delivered to the market in a week's times.

Task

Write a message to the vegetable farmer advising him on how he should carry out tomato production efficiently.

4 END

527/1 AGRICULTURE Paper 1 2024



UGANDA NATIONAL EXAMINATIONS BOARD

Uganda Certificate of Education

AGRICULTURE

Paper 1
Theory

SCORING GUIDE

527/1 Agriculture theory sample responses

1(a). Sample Expected responses

Plot A (Elephant grass) – silage

Identify the material, tools and equipment (panga, molasses, silage storage, tarplin, jerrican, basins, watering can, and personal protective equipment *PPE*)

- ✓ Put on the personal protective equipment to protect yourself from injury.
- ✓ Use a panga to cut/harvest the pasture to ensure efficient harvesting.
- ✓ Spread the harvested pasture on a clean floor/tarpaulin to wilt to reduce moisture content that may cause rotting during processing.
- ✓ Chop the pasture into small pieces to increase surface area for bacterial action during fermentation.
- ✓ Pack tightly/press/compress appropriate material in a silo to create an anaerobic condition for fermentation as you sprinkle molasses to increase fermentation process.
- ✓ Seal the material to prevent contamination by other materials and entry of air.
- ✓ For a pit silo, dig a trench around to lead away running water that may spoil the silage.

PLOT B (Congo signal grass) - hay)

Identify the material, tools and equipment (panga, tarpaulin, baler, ropes and personal protective equipment PPE)

- ✓ Put on the personal protective equipment to protect yourself from injury.
- ✓ Use a panga to cut/harvest the pasture to ensure efficient harvesting.
- ✓ Spread the harvested pasture on a clean floor/tarplin to wilt to prevent rotting and contamination.
- ✓ Bale the hay into bundles to prevent wastage.
- ✓ Pack the hay bales in a clean and leak proof store to keep hay dry and in good condition for a long time.

1(b) sample expected responses

- ✓ Land fragmentation land consolidation to bring pieces of land under one block for easy management.
- ✓ Poor saving culture forming saving groups to encourage members to save and invest.

- ✓ No banking of money opening savings accounts in financial institutions to keep money safely before investment.
- \checkmark No record keeping keeping records to keep track of spending and sales.
- ✓ Farmers not working as a group forming cooperatives/self-help groups so that farmers can join efforts to solve their problems.
- ✓ Buying input at a high price buying in bulk as a group to reduce the unit cost of farm inputs.

2. Sample Expected responses

- ✓ Steep slope terracing to reduce slope gradient and erosion.
- ✓ Rocky planting trees to cause weathering that will produce new soil.
- ✓ Shallow soils deep cultivation/sub-soiling to improve drainage and planting depth.
- ✓ Fairly fertile soils addition of manure or artificial fertilizers to raise fertility to the required level.
- ✓ Compact deep cultivation, addition of manure, marling, liming to loosen soil and improve soil structure.
- ✓ Sticky liming, marling, addition of organic manure to loosen soil and improve its structure.
- ✓ Flooded soils drainage, sub-soiling, addition of organic manure to remove excess moisture and improve soil structure.

3. Sample expected responses

- ✓ Blown off roof of calf pen Renovation / repairing the calf pen (reroofing) to protect calves from rain and sunshine.
- ✓ Worm infestation Deworming -to kill internal parasites.
- ✓ Poor pastures Planting high quality pastures/improving pastures/ supplementary feeding to improve nutrition of animals.
- ✓ Unprotected and dirty water source Fencing the water source, planting the grass around the water source, de-silting of the water source to ensure clean water source for animals.
- ✓ Injured teats Treating cracked teats with recommended medication (all preventive measures of cracks on teats) e.g. applying milking salve to reduce friction on the teats and to heal teats.

- ✓ Dirty/soiled animals grooming cows before milking, using clean filter to milk, putting on protective gear e.g. cap by a milker man to prevent hair and other dirt from falling into the milk.
- ✓ Use of wrong equipment Select and use appropriate equipment for mixing acaricide e.g. spray pump, knapsack sprayer to ensure efficient treatment of animals.

4. Sample Expected Responses

- ✓ Fencing off the poultry farm to prevent spread of diseases from other farms.
- ✓ Vaccinating birds to control diseases.
- ✓ *Deworming* birds to control internal parasites.
- ✓ *Disinfecting* the poultry house, tools and equipment to prevent the spread of diseases.
- ✓ Providing a footbath to prevent the spread of diseases.
- ✓ Ensuring proper ventilation of poultry house to prevent respiratory infections.
- ✓ Providing clean feeds and water to ensure birds stay healthy.
- ✓ Providing a balanced ration for birds to ensure fast and healthy birds.
- ✓ Providing adequate space for birds in the poultry house to reduce overcrowding and ensure the birds move freely.
- ✓ Regulating the entry of visitors into the farm to prevent introduction of diseases into the farm.
- ✓ Isolating and treating sick birds to prevent the spread of diseases.
- ✓ Selecting good/viable/high quality eggs for hatching to ensure *hatching* of healthy chicks.
- ✓ Providing optimum temperature for hatching to ensure successful hatching.
- ✓ *Turning* the eggs to ensure successful hatching.
- ✓ Providing optimum humidity in the hatchery to ensure successful hatching.

5. Sample Expected responses

- ✓ Obtain clean planting materials to produce healthy plants.
- ✓ Obtain planting materials from reliable sources to ensure they are healthy.
- ✓ Plant a *resistant* variety to prevent crop disease infections.
- ✓ Proper seedbed preparation to ensure proper sprouting of the cuttings.
- ✓ Use *recommended* spacing to provide crop plants with enough growing space.
- ✓ Gap filling to maintain the correct plant population in the field.
- ✓ Weed the crop at least twice to reduce competition for nutrients and the spread of diseases.
- ✓ Harvest at the correct stage of maturity to ensure high quality and quantity of product.
- ✓ Use a *hand* hoe to carefully remove soil to expose the tuber which is dug out to prevent damage/injury to tubers.
- ✓ Carefully lift the tubers from the soil and place gently on the ground or in a container to prevent bruising or damaging them.
- ✓ Use *recommended* length of stem cutting to ensure proper sprouting.

6. Sample Expected responses

- ✓ Broadcast too many seeds place seeds/sprinkle seeds along
 drills/furrows in the nursery bed to prevent overcrowding of seedlings.
- ✓ Overcrowding of seedlings thin seedlings/prick out to reduce competition for space and nutrients.
- ✓ Seedlings not hardened off reducing watering and shade to
- ✓ gradually expose seedlings to field conditions.
- ✓ Wrong *time* of transplanting transplant seedlings in the morning or evening to prevent wilting of seedlings.
- ✓ Empty *spaces* within rows gap fill to ensure correct plant population
- ✓ Occurrence of pests and diseases carry out pest and disease control measures to prevent yield reduction.
- ✓ Too many *branches* and leaves on surviving plants prune plants to allow them grow to the desired shape.
- ✓ Delayed *harvesting* harvest fruits before they are fully ripe so that they can be kept in good condition for a longer time.
- ✓ Use of *unsuitable* containers/bags to keep fruits during harvesting use open and well-ventilated containers to keep fruits in good condition.

527/2 Inst. Sch.
AGRICULTURE
PRACTICAL
INSTRUCTIONS
2024



UGANDA NATIONAL EXAMINATIONS BOARD

Uganda Certificate of Education

AGRICULTURE PRACTICAL INSTRUCTIONS

527/2 Inst. Sch.

2024

CONFIDENTIAL

This information is given only to facilitate preparation of examination.

Great care should be taken that the informaton given below does not reach the candidates either directly or indirectly.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR PREPARING SPECIMENS AND APPARATUS:

The teacher responsible for preparing specimens must ensure that candidates are provided with correct specimens and other materials as specified in these instructions. Specimens and solutions which have been assigned codes should be presented to candidates using those **codes only** and not any other identity.

A candidate is to be provided with each of the specimens. Where a specimen is to be used by more than one candidate, the teacher preparing specimens **must** devise a suitable system to enable the candidates to take turns at each specimen.

Each candidate should be provided with:

Specimen A – whole bean plant affected by anthracnose

Specimen **B** - Maize stalk bored by the stalk-borer

Specimen C – Sweet potato tuber (cut into two) affected by the sweet potato weevil

Specimen **D** – Couch grass (whole mature plant)

- 100 ml measuring cylinder
- 2 filter papers
- 2 beakers
- Water
- Stop clock
- pH chart
- Universal indicator
- 2 filter funnels
- Soil sample **X**
- Soil sample **Y**

2 END

Candidate's Name:	••••	• • • • •	• • • • •	• • • • •	• • • • •	• • • • •	• • • • •	•••••	•••
Signature:	Random No.					Personal No			
Signature									

(Do not write your School/Centre Name or Number anywhere on this booklet.)

527/2

AGRICULTURE

Paper 2 20242 hours



UGANDA NATIONAL EXAMINATIONS BOARD

Uganda Certificate of Education

AGRICULTURE

Paper 2
Practical

2 hours

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES:

This paper consists of two compulsory examination items.

Write your answers in the space provided using blue or black ink.

Answer all items in this paper.

Item 1.

Fish farming is becoming a popular enterprise in Uganda. The demand for fish is high because it provides high value proteins for both humans and livestock.

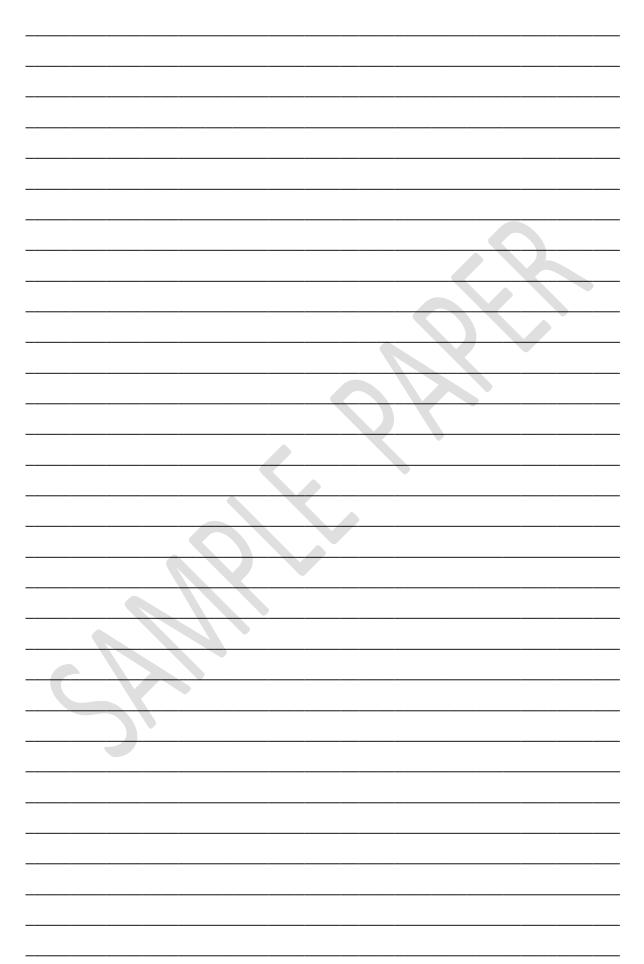
A farmer established fish ponds in two different places, one in Gayaza and another in Kayunga. He stocked both ponds with tilapia fry. The water level in the Kayunga pond was adequate while that in the Gayaza pond remained low despite the inflow from the inlet pipe. The Gayaza pond wall was also unstable and the fish in this pond remained small. Soil samples **X** and **Y** were picked from the two ponds for investigation.

Task

Plan and carry out investigations on the two soil samples and based on your findings;

- (a) Identify the soil sample from the Kayunga pond with reason(s).
- (b) Explain to the fish farmer why the level of water in the Gayaza pond remained low.

(c) In one sentence, advise the farmer.



3 Turn Over

Item 2.

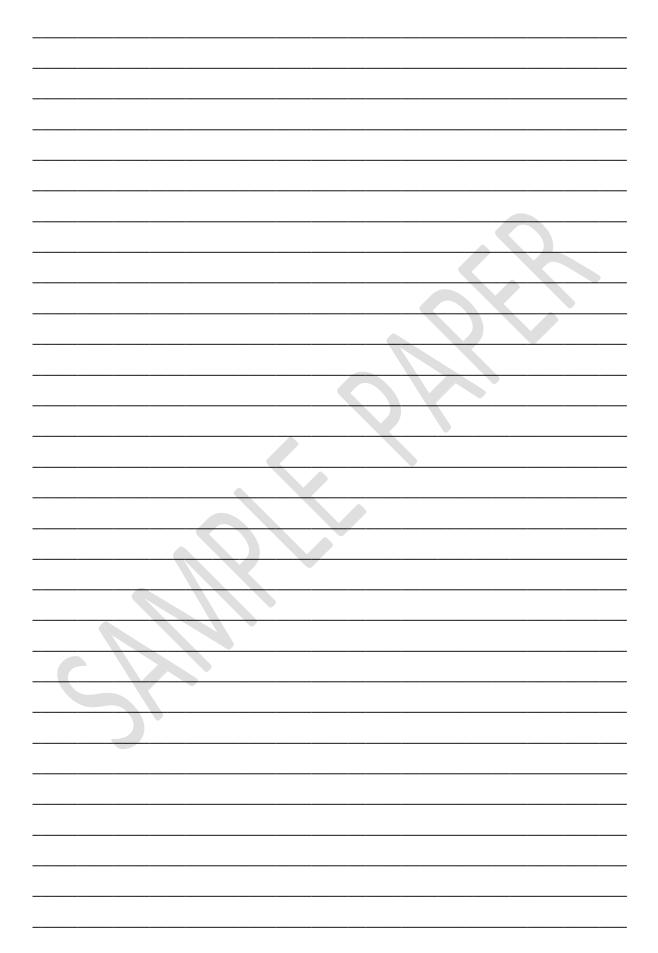
Musa decided to grow three different crops on his one hectare of land which he had divided into plots. The crops included beans, maize, and sweet potatoes. Each crop was grown on a separate plot using the recommended spacing. The crops were established at different intervals, followed by a period of heavy rains. Of recent, Musa has observed that the appearance of his crops has changed. There was also a plant species **D** which was abundant in all plots. Musa wanted to eliminate it, so he slashed it down in all the plots, but after two weeks it had grown again.

Musa picked samples A, B, C and D from his plots for investigation.

Task

Carefully observe each of specimens A, B, C and D then;

(a)	record and explain your observations on A , B and C .
(b)	suggest how Musa can overcome the conditions observed in his plots.
` ,	



5 END

527/2 AGRICULTURE Paper 2 2024



UGANDA NATIONAL EXAMINATIONS BOARD

Uganda Certificate of Education

AGRICULTURE

Paper 2
Practical

SCORING GUIDE

527/2 sample expected responses.

1 sample expected responses

Aim of the experiment: To compare the amounts of water retained by soil samples X and Y.

Hypothesis: The Kayunga soil sample retains more water than the Gayaza sample.

Variables: Soil type and amount of water retained.

Materials and equipment: measuring cylinders, two soil samples (X and Y), filter papers/cotton wool, water, funnels, beakers, protective equipment.

Procedure:

- 1. Put on protective equipment for safety.
- 2. Label two measuring cylinders X and Y.
- 3. Plug a funnel using a filter paper/cotton wool and place it on the measuring cylinder labelled X.
- 4. Measure the required volume of soil sample X and place it in the funnel on cylinder X.
- 5. Measure the required volume of water and add it to the soil in the funnel on cylinder X while at the same time starting a stop clock. After 10 minutes remove the funnel from the cylinder, stop the clock and read out the volume of water collected in the measuring cylinder. Record your results. Repeat this procedure with soil sample Y.

Data presentation: Draw a table and record in it the volumes of soil used, amounts of water added and collected from each soil sample after 10 minutes.

Soil	Volume of soil	Volume of water	Volume of water
Sample	used	added	collected
Sample X			
Sample Y			

Analysis: compare the amounts of water collected/retained by the two soil

samples.

Conclusion/Recommendation: soil sample X retained more water than soil sample Y.

Therefore, soil sample X is the one from Kayunga since the Kayunga pond had

adequate water.

a. Although the Gayaza pond was receiving water from the inlet pipe, most of

the water drained through the unstable walls of the pond and through the

pond bottom because the soil type (sandy soil) cannot hold/retain much

water because of its wide air spaces.

2 sample expected Responses

a. Specimen A:

Observation: Dark brown to black sunken lesions/spots on stems, leaves and pods

Explanation: Anthracnose; a condition caused by a fungus.

Specimen B:

Observation: Wilting or drying of upper leaves; ragged irregular holes chewed in

newly unrolled leaves; tunnels bored in the stalk

Explanation: destruction done by the maize stalk borer

Specimen C:

Observation: dark brown tunnels bored in the tuber

Explanation: damage caused by the sweet potato weevil

b. Control

Specimen A:

- Crop rotation
- Removing and destroying affected plants
- Treating seeds with appropriate fungicides.
- Plant resistant varieties

3

Specimen **B**:

- Crop rotation
- Apply ash or dry soil into the leaf funnel of young plants
- Destroy the remains of previous crops
- Deep ploughing to bury eggs and other stages of the borer
- Early planting
- Spraying with appropriate pesticide

Specimen **C**:

- Crop rotation
- Timely harvesting
- Using clean planting materials
- Application of systemic pesticides
- Maintaining soil moisture by irrigation

Specimen **D**:

- Deep cultivation to remove rhizomes which are later dried and burnt.
- Applying a systemic herbicide.

612/1 ART AND DESIGN Paper 1 2024

1 hour 40 minutes



UGANDA NATIONAL EXAMINATIONS BOARD

Uganda Certificate of Education

ART AND DESIGN

Paper 1 Art History and Studio Technology-Theory

1 hour 40 minutes

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES:

This paper consists of two sections; A and B. It has four examination items.

Answer one item from each section.

Answer two examination items in all.

Any additional item answered will **not** be scored.

All *answers* **must** *be written in the answer booklet*(*s*) *provided*.

SECTION A: Art History

Either

Item 1.

During the pre-historic times, artists made a variety of artworks using different materials and tools from their environments. Their community and personal needs guided them on the kind of artworks they would produce. Their artworks would be either functional or decorative. The support pictures in **Figures A** and **B** show some of their works.



Fig. A

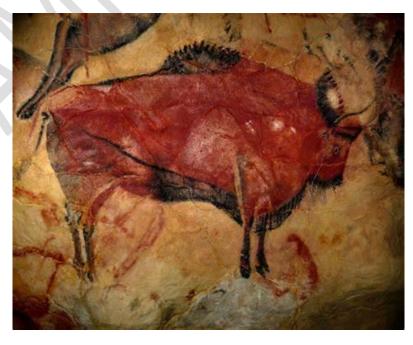


Fig. B

However, in Uganda today, some artists make artworks without necessarily using their environments. This has led to a few people appreciating art in their communities.

Task:

Produce a write-up advising Ugandan artists on how best they can make their artworks appreciated in their communities.

Or

Item 2.

The Government of Uganda has received financial support from one of its development partners. The support is intended to renovate one of the sports stadiums in the country. The renovation is intended to improve on the strength and beauty of the walls of the sports facility.

Recently, the contractors who have been given this task visited the ancient buildings of Greece and Rome. They appreciated buildings which were constructed as early as the 7th Century and are still strong and attractive to date. Some of the buildings they saw are in **Figures C** and **D**.



Fig. C

3 Turn Over

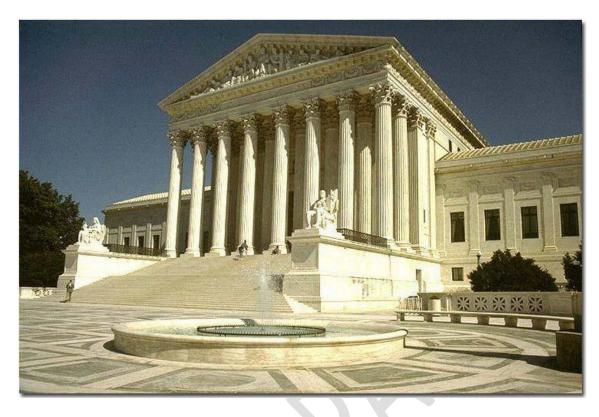


Fig. D

The contractors were told that architectural art keeps evolving and they now propose to borrow some of the knowledge and practice they got from the Greek and Roman buildings to improve on the strength and beauty of the stadium.

Task:

Assuming you are one of the contractors to renovate the sports stadium in Uganda, explain the architectural components you would borrow from the ancient Greek and Roman artists to strengthen and beautify the walls of the sports stadium.

SECTION B: Studio Technology

Either:

Item 3.

Jacob loves art. During his leisure time, he likes visiting art galleries and craft shops. One time he bought these two pieces (Figure **E** and **F**) from one of the Art galleries he visited.



Fig. E

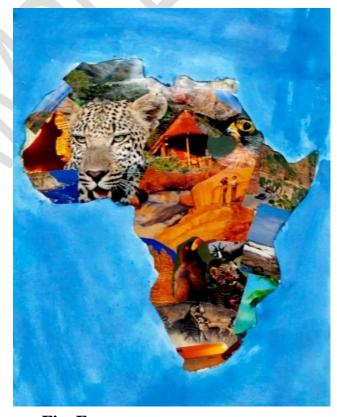


Fig. F

5 Turn Over

When he reached home, he hanged the two pieces in his sitting room. His children got excited about these artworks and they requested him to explain how the artworks are produced and the purpose they serve. Unfortunately, Jacob could not explain to his children and therefore had to look for help from someone else.

Task:

If Jacob selected you, explain in writing to his children what is required and how to produce anyone (either **Fig. E** or **Fig. F**) of the artworks above, and their purpose.

Or:

Item 4

In my village there is a man who was raised in the family of artists. Much as he was not trained at school, his love for art created him full time employment and that is how he has been able to earn a living. He has produced a number of artworks. Below is one of his artworks



Fig. G

The approaches in his artworks are unique and original and have helped him to be recognized at both national and international levels.

Recently, he was selected to represent Ugandan artists at the World Artists' Conference, but he is disadvantaged because he cannot read and write.

Task:

As a student of art and one of his admirers, produce a write up concerning the materials, his approach and why such artworks are produced.

7 END

612/1 ART AND DESIGN Paper 1 2024



UGANDA NATIONAL EXAMINATIONS BOARD

Uganda Certificate of Education

ART AND DESIGN

Paper 1
Art History and Studio Technology-Theory

SCORING GUIDE

Sample Test Items and Their Scoring Criteria for Lower Secondary Art and Design Curriculum 612/1 ART AND DESIGN

PART A: Art History (Theory)

Either:

1. During the pre-historic times, artists made a variety of artworks using different materials and tools from their environments. Their community and personal needs guided them on the kind of artworks they would produce. Their artworks would be either functional or decorative. The support pictures below show some of their works.



Fig. A Fig. B

However, in Uganda today, some artists make artworks without necessarily using their environments. This has led to a few people appreciating art in their communities.

Task:Produce a write-up advising Ugandan artists on how best they can make their artworks appreciated in their communities.

BASIS OF ASSESSMENT FOR THE ITEM

BASES	INDICATORS	EXPECTED RESPONSES	SCORING CRITERIA AND SCORES					
BASES			0	1	2	3		
Relevant/ Focused Introduction	 Interpretation of text/context Interpretation of the support. 	 Brief explanation of the use of the environment and community in art production of the prehistoric period. Identification of figures A and B as African Tribal Stool and Pre historic rock painting (Altamira in Spain) respectively. Any other relevant responses 	Interprets neither text nor support correctly	Interprets either text or support correctly but not both.	interprets both text and support correctly.			
Appreciation/ Analysis	 Problem identification Provision of a relevant solution with explanations 	 PROBLEMS Explains failure by Ugandan artists to produce artworks that address personal and community needs. Explains failure by Ugandan artists to utilize social, cultural and material environment in art production. SOLUTIONS Explains possible solutions to the problems identified namely; Conducting research on personal 	Not able to identify, provide a relevant solution or does not write anything	Identifies a problem but is not able to suggest a solution or provides a solution without identifying a problem.	Identifies a problem, suggests a solution but does not explain	Identifies a problem and provides relevant solutions through explanation		

D A CIEC	INDICATIONS	EXPECTED RESPONSES	SC	CORING CRITER	IA AND SCORI	ES
BASES	INDICATORS		0	1	2	3
		and community needs. - Utilizing materials and tools readily available from their environments. - Adopting both traditional and emerging technology. - Adopting environmentally friendly practices in art production. - Promoting through avenues like exhibitions, symposiums, show casing artworks. - Developing and producing literature about their art. - Training/Skilling others. - Producing more functional art relevant to the community. Any other relevant responses				
Focused/	A relevant	A relevant summary of the problem	Does not provide a	writes a relevant		
Relevant Conclusion	summary of the write-up	and solutions	summary of a write up	summary of the problem and the solution generated in the write up. Writes a relevant summary of		

BASES	INDICATORS	NDICATORS EXPECTED RESPONSES	SCORING CRITERIA AND SCORES				
	INDICATORS	EAPECIED RESPONSES	0	1	2	3	
				the problem			
				and the			
				solution			
				generated in			
				the write up;			
				indicating a			
				summary of			
				the problems			
				and the			
				possible ways			
				that can be			
				used to help in			
				appreciation			
				of Ugandan			
				Art.			

Or:

2. Uganda Government has received financial support from one of its development partners. The support is intended to renovate one of the sports stadiums in the country. The renovation is intended to improve on the strength and beauty of the walls of the sports facility.

Recently, the contractors who have been given this task visited the ancient buildings of Greece and Rome. They appreciated buildings which were constructed as early as the 7th Century and are still strong and attractive to date. Some of the buildings they saw are below;



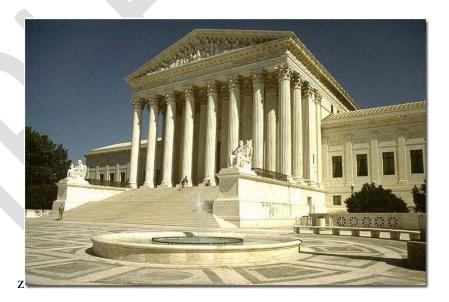


Fig. D.

The contractors were told that architectural art keeps evolving and they now propose to borrow some of the knowledge and practice they got from the Greek and Roman buildings to improve on the strength and beauty of the stadium.

Task:

Assuming you are one of the contractors to renovate the sports stadium in Uganda, explain the architectural components you would borrow from the ancient Greek and Roman artists to beautify the walls of the sports stadium.

BASIS OF ASSESSMENT FOR THE ITEM

BASE	INDICATORS	EXPECTED RESPONSES	SCORING CRITERIA			
			0	1	2	3
Relevant/ Focused Introduction	 A brief introduction about ancient Greek and Roman architectural components. Interpretation of the supports in Figures C and DS. 	 A brief explanation of architectural components. Identifies ancient Greek and Roman art periods. Identifies Fig C as the Roman Colosseum. Identifies Fig D as Corinthian column. 	Does not give any correct response or does not write anything at all	Learner writes 1-2 correct responses in a brief coherent statement	Learner writes 3-4 correct responses (and above) in a brief coherent statement	
Appreciation and Analysis	 Identification of components in Greek and Roman architecture. Explanation of the identified components. How the 	 Learner identifies and explains the Doric, Corinthian, Ionic and Composite columns, Arches and Post-Lintel techniques. Learner illustrates or gives examples of the above 	Does not identify, explain, illustrate or give any architectural components	Learner identifies, explains and or illustrates/gives examples of 1-2 architectural components or Learner only identifies or explains or	Learner identifies, explains and illustrates/gives 3-4 architectural components	Learner identifies, explains, and illustrates/gives examples of 5-6 architectural components

	ancient Greek and Roman architectural components can be used to improve the stadium (Showing linkage)	components. • Links the ancient Greek and Roman architectural components to the improvement of the stadium		illustrates/gives 1-2 examples of architectural components	
Relevant/Focused Conclusion	Relevant conclusion about the ancient Greek and Roman architectural components and how they can improve on the wall of the stadium.	Learner gives a summary of the write up on the architectural components and how they can improve the wall of the stadium.	Learner does not provide a summary of the write up or writes nothing about the architectural components that can be used to enhance the strength of the walls of the stadium and its beauty.	Learner gives a relevant summary of the write up on the architectural components and how they can improve the walls and the beauty of the stadium in Uganda.	

PART B: Studio Technology (Theory)

Either:

3. Jacob loves art. During his leisure time, he likes visiting art galleries and craft shops. One time he bought these two pieces below from one of the Art galleries he visited.



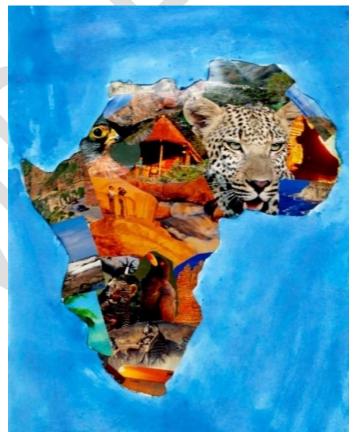


Fig. E

Fig. F

When he reached, home he hanged the two pieces in his sitting room. His children got excited about these artworks and they requested him to explain how the artworks are produced and the purpose they serve. Unfortunately, Jacob could not explain to his children and therefore had to look for help from someone else.

Task:

If Jacob selected you, explain in writing to his children what is required and how to produce anyone (either **Fig. E or Fig. F**) of the artworks above and their purpose.

BASIS OF ASSESSMENT FOR THE ITEM

BASE	INDICATORS	EXPECTED RESPONSES		SCORING CR	RITERIA	
BASE	INDICATORS EXPECTED RESPONS		0	1	2	3
Focused/Rele vant Introduction	 Interpretation of message in text correctly Interpretation of the support 	 Interpretation of the text/context as a mosaic or collage. Interpretation of Fig E as a mosaic Interpretation of Fig F as a collage. 	Incorrect interpretation of text /context as not being a mosaic or wrong interpretation of Fig E as not being a mosaic or incorrect interpretation of Fig F as not being a collage	Learner correctly interprets text/context as a mosaic or collage or interprets Fig E as a mosaic, or interprets Fig F as a collage		
Materials And Tools	Identifies and explains the necessary materials and tools	Fig. E – Mosaic Materials Fibres, coloured glass, coloured paper, adhesives/glue, support/hard surface	Does not explain or illustrate any material or tool used in either Mosaic or Collage artwork.	Explains and illustrates at least one tool or one material used in either Mosaic or Collage artwork.	Learner explains and illustrates one material and one tool	Learner explains and illustrates not more than 2 materials and two tools required in the production of either a

DACE	INDICATORS	EVDECTED DECDONCES		SCORING CR	RITERIA	
BASE	INDICATORS	EXPECTED RESPONSES	0	1	2	3
		Tools Cutters, Scissors, Gloves, Razorblades, Pencils, Pens. Fig. F – Collage Materials Paper, Fibres, Seeds, Glass, Photos, Paints, Fabric etc. Tools Pliers, Cutters, Gloves, Scissors, Pencils, Pens, Brushes, Pins, Nails etc.				Mosaic or a Collage
Elements of Art	Explains the use of elements in the artwork.	Elements: Space, line, shape, colour	Learner does not explain any element	Learner explains 1-2 elements	Learner explains 3-4 elements	Learner explains the use of more than 4 elements in the production of either a Mosaic or a Collage
Principles of Art	Explains the use of PRINCIPLES	Principles: Variety, balance, contrast, pattern, rhythm, harmony,	Does not explain any principle	Explains 1-2 principles	Explains 3-4 principles	Explains more than 4 principles in the production

DACE	INDICATORS	EVDECTED DECDONCES		SCORING CR	RITERIA	
BASE	INDICATORS	EXPECTED RESPONSES	0	1	2	3
	in the artwork.	variety.				of either a Mosaic or a Collage.
Techniques/ Processes	Explains the process followed in the production of the artwork	Concept development Preparation of materials and tools Trialing (sketches) Transfer of sketches onto a support (hard surface) Application of materials (tesserae) onto the surface Finishing	Does not explain any of the steps	Explains 1-2 steps in chronological order OR explains 2 or more steps in no chronological order	Explains 3-4 steps in chronologica 1 order	Explains 5-6 steps in chronological order
Purpose/ Use/ Function	Explains the importance/use/f unctions of the artwork	Explanations about the use/functions/ importance of the specific artwork (Fig. E or Fig. F) Decoration, income generation/employment, communication, study purpose, cultural preservation, tourism attraction	Does not explain any functions of the art work	Explains 1-2 functions of the art work	Explains 3-4 functions of the art work	Explains 5 functions of the art work (and above)
Focused/ Relevant Conclusion	Writes a focused summary on correct interpretation, materials and tools, elements	A summary of the write up of either (Fig. E or Fig. F).	Does not write a focused summary	Writes a focused summary		

BASE	INDICATORS	EXPECTED RESPONSES	SCORING CRITERIA				
DASE	INDICATORS	EXPECTED RESPONSES	0	1	2	3	
	and principles,						
	process and						
	purpose.						

Or:

4. In my village there is a man who was raised in the family of artists. Much as he was not trained at school, his love for art created him full time employment and that is how he has been able to earn a living. He has produced a number of artworks.

And below is one of his artworks;



Fig. G

The approaches in his artworks are unique and original and have helped him to be recognized at both national and international levels.

Recently, he was selected to represent Ugandan artists at the world artists' conference. But, he is disadvantaged because he cannot read or write.

Task:

As a student of art and one of his admirers, produce a write up concerning the materials, his approach and why such artworks are produced.

BASIS OF ASSESSMENT FOR THE ITEM

BASE	INDICATORS	EXPECTED		SCORING	G CRITERIA	
BASE	INDICATORS	RESPONSES	0	1	2	3
Focused/ Relevant Introduction	Correct interpretation of the text and support.	Recognizes Fig G. as a Tie and Dye piece produced by an informally trained artist.	Learner does not recognize the artwork in the text or support	Learner recognizes the artwork as a Tie and Dye in either the text or the support	Learner recognizes the artwork as a Tie and Dye in both the text and the support	
Materials And Tools	Identifies and explains the necessary materials and tools	Identifies the materials and tools used in the artwork Tools Containers, heat source scissors, Cutters, flat surface, Gloves, Razorblades, Pencils, Pens. Materials Fixatives, assorted dyes, Fabric, water, threads, raffia, rubber bands etc.	Leaner does not explain or illustrate any material or tool.	Learner explains/illustrates one tool or one material	Learner explains/ illustrates one material and one tool	

BASE	INDICATORS	EXPECTED		SCORING	G CRITERIA	
BASE	INDICATORS	RESPONSES	0	1	2	3
Elements	Explains the use of elements in the artwork.	Elements: Space, line, shape, colour	Learner does not explain any element of tie and dye	Learner explains 1-2 elements of tie and dye	Learner explains 3-4 elements of tie and dye	Learner explains 3-4 elements required and their relevance in the production of Tie and Dye artworks.
Principles	Explains the use of principles in the artwork.	Principles: Variety, balance, contrast, pattern, rhythm, harmony, unity.	Does not explain any principle of tie and dye	Explains 1-2 principles of tie and dye	Explains 3-4 principles of tie and dye	Learner explains 3-4 principles and their relevance in the production of Tie and Dye artworks.
Techniques/Pro cesses	Explains the process followed in the production of the artwork	Concept development Preparation of materials and tools Trialing (sketches) Manipulation of the materials Finishing (untying, drying, ironing, hemming) etc	Does not explain any of the steps followed in the production of a tie and dye art work	Explains 1-2 steps followed in the production of a tie and dye art work; in chronological order OR Explains 2 or more steps followed in the production of a tie and dye art work with no chronological order	Explains 3-4 steps followed in the production of a tie and dye art work in chronological order	Explains 5 and above steps followed in the production of a tie and dye art work in chronological order
Purpose	Explains the importance/use/f unctions of the	Explanations about the use/functions/ importance of the artwork (tie and	Does not explain any functions of the art work	Explains 1-2 functions of the art work	Explains 3-4 functions of the art work	Learner explains 5 and above functions of the art work

DACE	INDICATORS	EXPECTED		SCORING	G CRITERIA	
BASE	INDICATORS	RESPONSES	0	1	2	3
	artwork	dye); Decoration, income generation/employ ment, study purpose, cultural preservation, tourism, table cloth, attire etc.				
Focused/Releva	A summary of	Writes a focused	Learner does	Writes a summary	Writes a summary	
nt Conclusion	the write up	summary on	not write a	hinting on 2 of the	hinting on 5 of the	
	about the	correct	focused	following: -	following: -	
	artwork.	interpretation,	summary	- materials	- materials	
		I materials and tools.		- tools	- tools	
	elements and principles, process		Proceduretechniques	- Procedure		
		principles, process		- functions of the art	- techniques	
		and purpose.		work	- functions of the art work	

612/2
ART AND DESIGN
Paper 2
2024
4 hours



UGANDA NATIONAL EXAMINATIONS BOARD

Uganda Certificate of Examinations

ART AND DESIGN

Paper 2
Art Making-Practical

4 hours

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES:

This paper has one compulsory examination item.

This paper will be done in **two** sessions;

- (i) Planning Session (1 hour- Morning)
- (ii) Production Session (3 hours Afternoon).

Bulky materials such as cement, clay, stone, hard wood or materials which may lose the intended shapes and forms should be avoided.

Avoid using materials which may easily decompose in the process of transportation from the school to UNEB stores.

Read the scenario provided and then answer accordingly using the appropriate materials and tools to generate a suitable artwork/form.

Note:

Your product/work may be generated from any discipline of Art and Design for as long as it is in the direction of the scenario given.

Art Making (Practical)

Item 1.

Uganda celebrates her independence on 9th October each year. This year 2024, many guests have been invited from different countries of the world. The organizers of this function intend to give their visitors artistic gifts. They are tasking each school that offers art to participate in the preparation. The gifts to be given to the invited guests should provide lasting memories about Uganda's independence.

Task:

As an art student, produce an artwork of your preference which the organizers will give to the invited guests as gifts.

2 END

612/2 ART AND DESIGN Paper 2 2024



UGANDA NATIONAL EXAMINATIONS BOARD

Uganda Certificate of Education

ART AND DESIGN

Paper 2
Art Making-Practical

New Lower Secondary School Curriculum

SCORING GUIDE

Lower Secondary Art and Design Curriculum Sample Test Item- 612/2 and its Scoring/Success Criteria

Paper 2

Art Making (Practical)

1. Uganda celebrates her independence on 9th October each year. This year 2023, many guests have been invited from different countries of the world. The organizers of this function intend to give their visitors artistic gifts. They are tasking each school that offers art to participate in the preparation. The gifts to be given to the invited guests should provide lasting memories about Uganda's independence.

Task:

As an art student, provide an artwork which the organizers will give to the invited guests as gifts.

BASIS OF ASSESSMENT FOR ART MAKING (PRACTICAL)

BASIS	INDICATORS	BANDS AND SC	ORES BASED ON	ANALYTICAL	RUBRIC
		0	1	2	3
Planning (Preliminary steps/sketches)	Brief supporting notes and or sketches about the concept(s) in the scenario	Does not provide sketches/plans, and supporting notes	Learner provides only sketches/plans with no supporting notes	Learner provides plans/sketches with supporting brief notes	

BASIS	INDICATORS	BANDS AND SC	ORES BASED ON	ANALYTICAL	RUBRIC
Execution/Manip ulation	 Personal style/technique Demonstrates correct use of technology Effective use of materials and tools 		Demonstrates personal style/technique with minimal use of materials and tools	Demonstrates personal style/technique with moderate use of materials and tools	Demonstrates personal style/technique, with excellent use of technology, materials and tools
Elements	Space, line, shape, form, colour, texture, tone		Demonstrates minimal use of elements i.e. 1-2 Elements	Demonstrates moderate use of elements i.e. 3-4 Elements	Demonstrates effective use of elements. i.e.5 and more Elements
Principles	Balance, rhyth`m, unity, variety, proportion, contrast, pattern, movement, harmony		Demonstrates minimal use of principles i.e. 1-2 Principles	Demonstrates moderate use of principles i.e. 3-4 Principles	Demonstrates effective use of principles i.e. 5 and more Principles
Product/Output	Finishing; Precision/accuracy, Neatness Appropriateness of the finishing technique.		Demonstrates minimal finishing by way of neatness/ precision/ accuracy.	Demonstrates moderate finishing by way of neatness/ precision/ accuracy.	Demonstrates excellent finishing by way of neatness/ precision/ accuracy and personal style of working.

Candidate's Name:	•••••	•••••	•••••	•••••	•••••	•••••	•••••	•••••	••••
Signature:		R	ando	om N	0.		Pers	sonal	No.
Signature,									

(Do not write your School/ Centre Name or Number anywhere on this Booklet.)

500/1

GENERAL

SCIENCE

Paper 1 2024

1 ½ hours



UGANDA NATIONAL EXAMINATIONS BOARD

Uganda Certificate of Education

GENERAL SCIENCE

Paper 1 Physics

1 hour 30 minutes

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES:

This paper consists of two sections; A and B. It has four examination items.

Section A has two compulsory items. Answers to these items are to be written in the spaces provided.

Section **B** has **two** items. Answer **one** item from this section. Answers to these items **must** be written in the answer booklets provided.

Any additional item answered will **not** be scored.

Answer three items in all.

SECTION A

Answer all the items in this section.

Item 1.

The local council chairperson discovered that his car engine could not start yet he had a party to attend later in the day. After checking the car, the chairperson discovered that the battery was completely discharged. A neighbour with a car whose battery was fully charged found the chairperson stranded but could not let the chairperson borrow her car. The neighbour instead suggested that the chairperson uses the fully charged battery to charge the discharged battery. Unfortunately, both of them were ignorant about how it could be done.

Task

(a)	As a student of general science, advise the chairperson on what to do to the problem.	solv
(b)	Help the chairperson understand what should be done for a battery to reits charge for a long time.	etain

Item 2.

A carpentry workshop in an area uses heavy machinery that produces loud noise when working. This noise pollution has become an inconvenience to the neighbours. The sound from the workshop is of wavelength 0.4 m and neighbours are worried that it could be harmful to their ears. The workshop was constructed with holes in the side walls. The manager wondered how the sound produced in the workshop reaches and inconveniences the people in their neighbourhood. He has no money to install modern sound proof machines but he can manage to use locally produced materials that can minimize sound exiting the workshop. [Use *Speed of sound in air* = 330 ms^{-1}]

Task

As a student of general science physics;

(a)	Expl	ain to the workshop manager;
	(i)	how sound from the workshop reaches people in the neighbourhood
	(ii)	how to reduce the amount of sound reaching the neighbours.

3 Turn Over

(b)	Help the neighbour to determine if the sound from the workshop has an effect on their hearing ability.			
	Hint : speed of sound in air = 330 ms^{-1} . Sound waves of frequency $20\text{Hz} - 20\text{kHz}$ are not harmful to human ears.			

SECTION B

Answer only **one** item in this section.

Item 3.

The headteacher of a certain school intends to construct an underground water tank of dimensions 2 m by 4 m by 6 m to store water for use during the dry season. He has been advised to put into consideration the design of the tank that will contain 45000 litres of water and how the water from the tank will be supplied to the entire school community.

Task:

- Propose ways in which the; (a)
 - (i) design of the tank can be made in order to withstand the weight of the
 - (ii) water from the tank will be supplied to the school community.
- (b) Help the headteacher determine if the proposed tank design will be enough to contain 45000 litres of water.

Item 4.

A worker in a certain mechanical workshop was assigned to make two gears for a simple machine by the supervisor. One of the gears labelled X was made to have 28 teeth. When gear Y was made, the effort of 5 N was applied to lift the load of 16 N through a distance of 8 m. This led to an increase in the temperature of the machine which reduced its output and lowered its efficiency to 80%. The supervisor was puzzled and demanded to know why the temperature of the machine increased, output reduced and the number of teeth on gear Y.

Task:

As a student of general science physics;

- (a) Help the supervisor to determine the number of teeth gear \mathbf{Y} had.
- (b) Explain to the supervisor why there is a reduction in output and an increase in temperature.



5 END

500/1 GENERAL SCIENCE Paper 1 2024



UGANDA NATIONAL EXAMINATIONS BOARD

Uganda Certificate of Education

GENERAL SCIENCE

Paper 1 physics

SCORING GUIDE

GENERAL SCIENCE PHYSICS, 500/1

ITEM	EXPECTED RESPONSES/ ANSWERS
1	 Requirement, charging a battery: D.C source of greater emf than the battery to be charge Positive supply is joined to the positive of the battery to be charged, and negative to negative Engine of the battery to be charged is started while the connections are in place When vehicle starts, its left on and connections removed Chairpersons battery will be charged Level of acid should be inspected and topped up Acid never be added except in rare cases where spillage occurs. Battery shld be charged regularly using recommended charging current A battery should be charged once a month when not in use.
2(a)(i)	 Sound waves require a material medium for propagation, from one place to another. So air offers that medium. Air particles that receive sound energy from the source transfer this energy to the sound energy from the source transfer this enegy to the neighbouring molecules Process results into rarefactions and compressions as the source vibrates/ produces sound
(ii)	 Sound waves from machines through the holes need to be stopped to minimize the noise that goes to the neighbouhood. Using locally produced materials like sponges, matresses, plywoods and other soft material are used to fix /cover hole and create soundproof on the walls inside.
(b)	 V = λf 330 = 0.4 x f F = 330/0.4 F = 825 Hz Since frequency of the sound waves from the work shop is in the range of harmless frequencies, the noise / sound they hear is not harmful to the ears
3(a)(i)	 Design of the tank Tank must be of thick walls at the base Build the tank with materials that do not dissolve in water Thick walls increase the area that supports the water and this reduces the pressure Hence minimizing the effect of the weight of the water
(ii)	 Supply of the water A pump house to contain the pump at the underground tank should be put to pump water to the supply tank situated some level higher than all the buildings in the school. Supply tank, supplies to other tanks situated in different locations/points of interest Outlets on tanks should be at the bottom so that water comes out with high pressure

(b)	Volume of the tank = length x width x height
	$2 \times 4 \times 6 = 48 \text{ m}^3$
	$48 \times 1000 = 48000$ litres
	Capacity of the tank is 48000 litres.
	Since the school requires 45000 litres, then the tank will be able to keep
	the required amount.
4.(a)	$\frac{80}{100} = \frac{MA}{VR}$, $M.A = \frac{L}{E} = \frac{16}{5}$
	100 VR', VI.TI = 5
	2.7
	$0.8 = \frac{3.2}{VR}$
	VR = 4
	$4 = \frac{\text{No of teeth on } X}{\text{No.of teeth on } Y}$
	No.of teeth on Y
	N 2011 7 1
	Ny = 28/4 = 7 teeth
(7.)	Gear Y will have 7 teeth
(b)	Reduction in out:
	 Machine doing work on its own parts other than in the load, this
	reduces the output
	 Friction reduces efficiency
	Increase in temperature:
	 Temperature increase is due to friction on the moving parts of the
	machine

Candidate's Name:					•••••	•••••	••••		
Signature:		R	Rando	om N	0.		Pers	sonal	No.
Dignature									
(D) () (O) (D)	3.7	1		1		.11 *	D	11	`

(Do not write your School/ Centre Name or Number anywhere on this Booklet.)

500/2

GENERAL

SCIENCE

Paper 2

2024 1½ hours



UGANDA NATIONAL EXAMINATIONS BOARD

Uganda Certificate of Education

GENERAL SCIENCE

Paper 2 Chemistry

1 hour 30 minutes

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES:

This paper consists of two sections; A and B. It has four examination items.

Section **A** has **two** compulsory items. Answers to these items are to be written in the spaces provided.

Section **B** has **two** items. Answer **one** item from this section. Answers to these items **must** be written in the answer booklets provided.

Any additional item answered will not be scored.

Answer three items in all.

SECTION A

Answer all items from this section.

Item 1.

A girl was sent to a nearby shop to buy salt. It accidentally poured and got mixed with sand. She collected it and took it to her mother. Her mother simply poured water into the contents sieved off the sand using a piece of cloth. She kept the filtrate for future use.

Task:

As a general science chemistry student;

eneral	l science chemistry student;
(a)	Explain to the girl how it was possible for the mother to obtain pure salt.
(b)	Show the difference between the salt from the shop and the salt the girl took to her mother.
(c)	Give the importance of the filtrate at home.

Item 2.

One morning the children found a panga left in the garden covered with a reddishbrown coat. The children asked their father to explain to them what had happened to the panga.

Task:

As a general science chemistry learner, write a message the father can deliver to the children. In your message include;

(a)	how the brown coat occurred.
(b)	how the brown coat affects the panga.
(c)	How to avoid the brown coat in other similar tools.

3 Turn Over

SECTION B

Answer one item from this section.

Item 3.

The government of Uganda is planning to set up another copper production plant in Kilembe – Kasese District. The science club members in your school would like to know how the process of production will be carried out, its environmental impact and uses of copper.

Task:

As a general science chemistry student write a presentation you will deliver to the science club members.

Item 4

An investor wants to setup a factory to produce iron from its natural source in Muko- Kabale District. However, the community around would like to know how the industrial process is done, its environmental impact and the uses of iron.

Task:

As a general science chemistry learner, write a presentation you will deliver to the community.

4 END

500/2 GENERAL SCIENCE Paper 2 2024



UGANDA NATIONAL EXAMINATIONS BOARD

Uganda Certificate of Education

GENERAL SCIENCE

Paper 2
Chemistry

New Lower Secondary Curriculum

SCORING GUIDE

545/1 - CHEMISTRY DRAFT GUIDE / BASIS

Item 1

S/N	Basis of Assessment	Assessment Criteria	Scoring
	category of substance with reason and example	Sand and (common) salt together formed a mixture since the two are only physically combined or not chemically combined or not chemically combined. The mixture can be separated by filtration since sand is insoluble in water and salt is soluble in water. Other substances which can form a mixture separated by filtration are sand and sugar.	
		The salt from the shop is a compound and the one she took to her mother is a mixture.	
	Properties of substances	Salt from the shop differ from that she took to her mother in the following ways: Salt from shop Salt she took to her mother Cannot be separated by physical means Has properties quite different from those of the elements in it Has a fixed composition is formed with energy change Has a chemical formula Salt she took to her mother Can be separated by physical means Has properties which is the average of the substances in it e.g. colour, taste.	03
	Use of substance application of process	The filtrate (salt solution) is used for treating sore throat/canker sores/runny nose.	01

Item 2

S/N	Basis of Assessment	Assessment Criteria	Scoring
A	CATEGORY / TYPE	The panga is made of iron metal that is why on exposure to moisture and oxygen in the atmosphere it rusts. The brown coat on the panga is rust chemically known as hydrated iron(III) oxide. 4Fe _(s) +3O _{2(g)} +2H ₂ O _(l) 2Fe ₂ O _{3*} H ₂ O Iron+ water + oxygen hydrated iron(III)oxide.	02
В.	FUNCTIONS OF PRODUCTS. (How It Works)	The iron metal in the panga rusts ,blunt and appear dull. The iron metal changes into a compound which is weaker and dull. The process occurs as shown in the equation below. Iron + oxygen + water iron rust $4Fe_{(s)}+3O_{2(g)}+2H_2O_{(l)}$ $2Fe_2O_3*H_2O$ The rust is soft and easily falls off The rusting of tools of iron can be prevented by oiling or greasing the tool painting or use of tar on the tool	03

Item 3:

S/N	Basis of Assessment	Assessment Criteria	Scoring
A.	A. RAW MATERIAL	Copper pyrites	02
	B. PROCESSOF PRODUCTION	The one obtained from the mines is crushed to form powder; the one is then concentrated by froth flotation to remove the Earthy materials. The concentrated one is then roasted in limited air to form copper(1) sulphide, copper(1) oxide and iron (II) oxide and sulphur dioxide. Silicon dioxide is then added to the heated mixture to remove iron (II) oxide inform of Iron (II) silicate (slag) The slag is run off. The Copper (1) sulphide is roasted in Air to form copper(1) Oxide and Sulphur dioxide, the copper(1) sulphide reacts with copper(1) oxide to form copper in impure form (blister copper). The impure copper is purified by electrolysis, the impure copper is made the Anode and copper (II) sulphate solution is the electrolyte white a sheet of pure copper metal is the cathode. During electrolysis, the impure copper dissolves forming copper(II) ions which deposited as pure copper at the cathode. The production process occurs in flotation tank Blast furnace and electrolytic cell.	03
		The copper obtained is ductile, malleable, therefore its melted and shaped into electrical cables for electricity transmission.	
	Side effects and mitigation	SO ₂ is a by-product in the production process, of copper, which when allowed in atmosphere causes acid rains which destroys buildings erodes rocks, and spoils plants. Also acid rains lower the PH of water in water bodies like lakes and rivers which affects aquatic life.	03

	Sulphurdioxide also affects the respiratory organs of humans and other animals.	
	Mitigation/Control/Prevention.	
	Regular monitoring of the vessels and machines during the copper production process to minimize SO2 escape into the atmosphere.	
	Conversion of SO ₂ into Sulphuric acid that can be used for other various purposes like in car accumulators.	
	Water and soil pollution	
	Extraction of copper also yields other heavy metals like silver, cobalt, zinc which get into water bodies for domestic and animal use and cause cancer leading to loss of life.	
	Mitigation	
	The wastes from the mines should be treated to remove heavy metals to avoid their exposure to humans and animals to avoid heavy metal poisons/cancers.	
	Land degradation	
	Improper disposal of effluent and other wastes, leads into loss of soil fertility .This consequently causes poverty and famine.	
	Mitigation	
	There is need for proper treatment and recycling of industrial waste before discharge into environment to prevent water and soil pollution.	
Social benefits	Employment opportunity, the impact is improved income and better lively hood.	
	Production of fertilizers and other products like sulphuric acid which reduces their costs in the community . the fertilizer improves soil productivity and acid is used in car batteries.	03
	Increased tax base and foreign exchange in the community.	

Uses of the product	Copper is used to make:	
	Electricity cables because it's a good conductor of electricity	
	Coils and money because it's malleable.	02
	Ornamental materials like wedding rings because luster is good .Alloys like Bronze.	

Item 4

S/N	Basis of Assessment	Assessment Criteria	Scoring
A.	RAW MATERIAL	Haematite (iron ore)	02
В.	PROCESS OF PRODUCTION.	Reaction vessel is Blast furnace. Iron is extracted from iron ore in a large container called a blast furnace. The ore haematite coke limestone and hot air are fed into the blast furnace.	
		Coke burns in oxygen to form. Carbon dioxide which is reduced by carbon to carbon monoxide. carbon + oxygen Carbon dioxide Carbon dioxide + carbon carbon monoxide. Carbon monoxide reduces iron one to form iron because carbons is more reactive than iron ash shown below: iron (III) oxide + carbon monoxide iron + carbon dioxide. Process of purification: Calcium carbonate in lime stone decomposes under high temperature to form calcium oxide	03

		Calcium carbonate calcium oxide +carbon dioxide	
		Calcium oxide then reacts with impurities of silicon(iv) oxide (sand) and aluminium oxide in the iron ore (haematite) to produce molten slag which is calcium silicate or calcium aluminate.	
		Calcium oxide + silica calcium silicate	
		Calcium oxide + aluminium oxide	
		The less dense slag floats on top of the iron and flows out of the furnace.	
		The iron obtained from the furnace is called pig-iron and cast iron.	
С	SIDE EFFECTS	The extraction process and production of iron	
	OF THE PROCESS	bars produces air pollutants from diesel, petrol in generators.	
	OF PRODUCTION AND	Carbon dioxide produced accumulates in the atmosphere forming a layer that traps excess heat from the sun causing global warming	
	MITIGATION	Mitigation	
		First growing trees must be planted to absorb carbon dioxide.	03
		Carbon monoxide from the furnaces is poisons. Carbon from the furnace can be burnt as fire but it must not be released into the air unless converted to biologically harmless converted to biologically harmless carbon monoxide.	
		Communities around the extraction site suffer from noise, air and land or water pollution	
		Mitigation	
		Recycle of the metal and other products may be considered.	

D	SOCIAL BENEFITS/USES	Employment opportunities to the people in the community.	
	OF PRODUCT	The iron bars produced can be used for construction.	
		Source of revenue and taxes which help the government to pay civil servants, building hospitals and schools and improve livelihood and health standards.	
		Pure iron can be used to:	03
		make iron sheets for roofing;	03
		make doors and windows strong;	
		make alloys like steel with better properties of strength and durability;	
		making ornaments and Jewellery;	
		making new-craft parts;	
		making auto mobile parts like pistons and plugs etc.	

Candidate's Name:	•••••	•••••	•••••	•••••	•••••	•••••	•••••	•••••	••••
Signature:	Random No.				Personal No.				
Signature,									

(Do not write your School/ Centre Name or Number anywhere on this Booklet.)

500/3 GENERAL SCIENCE Paper 3 2024

 $1\frac{1}{2}$ hours



UGANDA NATIONAL EXAMINATIONS BOARD

Uganda Certificate of Education

GENERAL SCIENCE

Paper 3
Biology

1 hours 30 minutes

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES:

This paper consists of **two** sections; **A** and **B**. It has **four** examination items.

Section **A** has **two** compulsory items. Answers to these items are to be written in the spaces provided.

Section **B** has **two** items. Answer **one** item from this section. The answer to this item **must** be written in the answer booklets provided.

Any additional item answered will not be scored.

Answer three items in all.

SECTION A

Answer all the items in this section.

Item 1.

Mr. Bagonza, whose farm is located on a hilly area grows crops and is worried after a heavy rain washed away part of the soil in his garden with some crops down into the river. Other plants were left with their roots exposed. Mr. Bagonza largely depends on farming and a natural environment for energy sources like firewood, burning charcoal for home use and sale. The District Environment officer said that Mr. Bagonza is responsible for the problems he is facing. Mr. Bagonza wishes to understand how he is responsible for the problems so as to solve the problem without moving away from his land.

Task (a)	Help Mr. Bagonza understand the problems caused by his activities and the natural resources affected.
(b)	What advice can you give to Mr. Bagonza on how to live in the same place without causing much harm to the environment.

(c)	Why is it important for Mr. Bagonza to conserve his environment?
Item	2.
could a moi	Ali planted beans in his garden having mature sugarcanes. Just before the beans I flower, a heavy hailstorm hit the garden and all his crops were destroyed. After 11th, Ali was surprised to see that there were new young sugarcanes growing but 12th was were growing.
Task	
(a)	Identify the plant structures affected by the hailstorm.
(b)	Explain how the hailstorm affected the normal functioning of the crops

3 Turn Over

(c)	worried about beans.

SECTION B

Answer **one** item from this section.

Item 3

Three brothers, John, Khalid and Peter live together in a single room that is poorly ventilated. Peter smokes every day in the room in presence of his brothers. Peter later developed health complications including heavy coughing and chest pain. Four months later, John and Khalid also began coughing heavily, and they accused Peter of being responsible for their condition, a claim Peter denied.

Task

Explain to Peter the process by which his behaviour affected his brothers and possible health challenges faced, advise them on how to live a healthy lifestyle.

Item 4

Kirabo, a mother of four boys is currently pregnant expecting her fifth baby however her husband threatened to beat her if she produces a baby boy again since he wants to have a girl in his family. Due to the pressure and stress from her husband, Kirabo has resorted to heavy drinking of alcohol and missing antenatal visits.

Task

Help Kirabo's husband understand why the sex of the baby is not the choice of his wife but biologically determined. Explain the effects of Kirabo's behaviour on her body and the unborn baby and advise the family on how to overcome the challenges they are facing.

4 END

500/3 GENERAL SCIENCE Paper 3 2024



UGANDA NATIONAL EXAMINATIONS BOARD

Uganda Certificate of Education

GENERAL SCIENCE

Paper 3
Biology

SCORING GUIDE

SECTION A

1. a) Farming on a hilly area increased chances of soil erosion, which swept away soil into the river. This exposed the plant roots, and led to the destruction of soil living organisms, loss of soil, vegetation and other organisms.

Charcoal burning led to destruction / loss of vegetation cover inform of trees. This exposed the soil to agents of erosion like running water. It also increased chances of global warming. This activity affected natural resources like wild animals by destroying their habitats and vegetation itself.

Air pollution as a result of charcoal burning can lead to respiratory diseases which can affect humans and other animals as natural resources.

The silting of swamps and rivers as a result of soil deposition can lead to flooding. This affects / blocks aquatic habitats and can lead to death of water living organisms.

- b) Advice to Mr. Bagonza
 - Practice better farming methods such as terracing, contour ploughing on the hills to reduce chances of soil erosion.
 - Plant trees on the hill to hold the soil particles together so as to avoid soil erosion.
 - Should also adopt better / alternative sources of fuel other than using charcoal.
 - Should plant more cover crops in the swamp to overcome silting, and ensure firm holding of soils in the swamp.
 - Desilting the rivers / swamps.

c)

- The vegetation when conserved can facilitate the process of rain formation, curb global warming and act as habitats for wild life.
- Desilting of rivers restores the aquatic ecosystem which provides better habitats for aquatic life forms like fish, frogs etc.
- Preserving soil maintains its good properties for production of food for human consumption.
- a) plant structures affected
 - Leaves
 - Stems
 - Roots

b) *the* hailstorms broke off and destroyed the leaves for both sugarcanes and beans. This affected the sites for photosynthesis. Therefore, the plants could not manufacture food to support life processes.

Stems were destroyed; which are useful in transporting raw materials and products of photosynthesis. This affected the normal plant functioning.

The roots of beans were also affected and these could not absorb water required for the survival of the plants.

c) Sugarcane stems have buds, which grow new shoots and these emerge as new sugarcane plants.

The sugarcane as well have stored food in the stems inform of sugars, which are used to support the process of growth of new structures like the shoots and buds.

Through the process of photosynthesis, the sugarcanes manufacture and store food inform of sugars in the stems which are used to support the process of regeneration / regrowth.

SECTION B

3. Peter's brothers breathed in inhaled the smoke from peter's smoking of cigarette.

During breathing in, the external intercostal muscles contract, while the internal intercostal muscles relax. The diaphragm muscles also contract, hence the diaphragm flattens. This increases the volume of the thoracic cavity and the lungs, while the pressure decreases below the atmospheric pressure.

Air including smoke from peter rushes into the lungs through the trachea. This smoke proceeds to the alveoli, where it is exchanged and causes the side effects like coughing after blocking the air passages.

Possible health challenges faced by the brothers

- Suffocation due to poor ventilation.
- Irritations / itching in the trachea due to smoke.
- Chest pain as a result of over coughing.
- Over coughing due to blocked air passages / air sacs.
- Lung cancer in the long run.
- Bronchitis.

Advice on *how* to live a healthy lifestyle

- Improve on the ventilation of the room.
- Brothers should go for treatment for cough and chest pain.

- They should go for cancer screening / testing.
- Improve on diet to contain especially fruits.
- Peter should go for medical counselling.
- Replace smoking with a more healthy lifestyle habit.

4. Sex determination

Sex is determined by two chromosomes X and Y, the mother has only X while the father has both X and Y. During fertilization, the male sperm / gamete containing either X of Y fuse with the female gamete / egg / ovum with X chromosome.

If the X sperm fuses with the egg, a baby girl is formed. If the Y sperm fuses with the egg, a boy is formed. Therefore, the baby's sex is determined by the chance of a given type of sperm cell fertilising the egg.

Effects of Kirabo's behaviour

- Increased risk of miscarriage.
- Increased risk of premature birth and still birth.
- Babies born with low birth weights.
- Risk of developing pregnancy complications when she misses antenatal visits.
- Liver and digestive diseases/ complications as a result of alcohol consumption.

Advice to overcome the challenges

- Should stop drinking alcohol.
- Should go for regular antenatal visits.
- Seek marital counselling to discuss about her challenges.
- Practice good nutrition and diet.

840/1
INFORMATION AND
COMMUNICATIONS
TECHNOLOGY(ICT)
Paper 1
2024
2½ hours



UGANDA NATIONAL EXAMINATIONS BOARD

Uganda Certificate of Education

INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY

Paper 1
Theory

2 hours 15 Minutes

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES:

This paper consists of two sections; A and B. It has five examination items.

Section A has one compulsory item.

Section **B** has **two** parts; **I** and **II**. Answer **one** item from each part.

Answer three examination items in all.

Any additional item(s) answered will **not** *be scored.*

All *answers* **must** *be written in the answer booklet*(*s*) *provided*.

SECTION A

Answer the item in this section.

Item 1.

Isaac is currently running a stationery shop where he sells scholastic materials and provides photocopying services only. On daily basis he gets clients inquiring about passport size photographs, business reports, statistical data and formal letters. He is concerned that he may lose some of his customers due to limited services. He contacted a company dealing in ICTs which sent him a brochure bearing some of the ICT tools shown below.



IMAGE 1: Source- https://www.monitor.co.ug/uganda/magazines

IMAGE 2: Source- images of digital devices - Search (bing.com)

Given limited knowledge on the ICT tools displayed on the brochure, Isaac failed to select which ICTs would be appropriate for his business

Task

- (a) Guide Isaac to select the appropriate ICT tools that will help him improve his services and retain his customers.
- (b) Advise Isaac on how best he can maintain the ICT tools in good working condition.

SECTION B

This section has two Parts; I and II.

PART I

Answer one item from this part.

Item 2.

A few days ago, thieves broke into the computer laboratory of a school and stole various equipment. The network server was amongst the stolen equipment and a lot of the school's important information was lost. As it all happened, some computer parts were broken and scattered all over the laboratory floor.

The following morning, the laboratory attendant collected the damaged parts in a box and dumped them at the garbage pit assuming that most of them would no longer function.

Box of damaged computer parts and dumped items



Source: www.boldbusiness.com

Task

- (a) Advise the laboratory attendant and the school management on what could have caused such occurrences and the measures they should put in place to prevent similar incidences.
- (b) Demonstrate how the school and other partners can manage the items dumped at the garbage pit.

3 Turn Over

Item 3.

The youth today are fond of spending most of their time using ICT mobile devices while on the road and being online late in the night, as reflected in images 1 and 2.



IMAGE 1: https://missionaryjill.com/wp-content/up 1

IMAGE 2: data:image/jpeg;base64,/9j/4AAQSkZJRgABA 1

Majority of the youth are not aware of the consequences of continuous use of ICTs and some have suffered *health issues*, *data loss* and *breach of privacy*.

The newly elected chairperson of the youth at the district wishes to address this challenge through a sensitization campaign on the theme "ICT's and the youth today".

Task

You have volunteered to talk to the youth. Prepare a presentation about these consequences and how they can be avoided.

Part II

Answer **one** item from this part.

Item 4.

Noeline is a qualified primary school teacher who has taught in a nursery school for quite some time. She has been earning a monthly salary of UGX 200,000 though not promptly paid.

She recently landed on her dream job in a newspaper advert below.

Sure Junior School

Website: https://www.sjsu.ac.ug

Vacancy title: Primary Teacher Salary: UGX 1,000,000 monthly

Level of Education: Diploma in Education Primary

Job application procedure: Send your Application, Academic credentials and CV

to: info@sjs.ac.ug

Deadline of this Job: Friday, April 26, 2024

The school requires applicants to submit their application letters, Curriculum Vitae (CV) and academic documents online. However, Noeline's academic documents are kept somewhere in an envelope and she does not know how to go about this process.

Task

If Noeline approaches you to guide her through the procedure, provide a write up showing required steps and ICT tools that Noeline should use to successfully submit her job application.

Item 5

The Government of Uganda wishes to boost all Saving and Credit Cooperative Organizations (SACCO) in various districts by providing them with funds.

A women's SACCO wishes to apply for the funds and the group does not want to miss out on this golden opportunity. They are required to access an online template, fill it with the SACCO details before the deadline which is soon.

The chairperson of the SACCO finds it challenging to download, fill and submit the filled form to the district website since she lacks ICT skills.

The form to be filled is shown below.

PRC	JECTS APPLICATION FORM					
	PROJECT IDNO:					
	(Assigned by the District Focal Point Person after Project Approval)					
1.0 Project Identification Inform	ation:					
1.1 Project Name:						
1.2 Component (i.e. Skills Develo	1.2 Component (i.e. Skills Development or Livelihood Support):					
1.3 Sector (e.g. Agriculture, Trade & Industry etc):						
1.4 Project Type (e.g. Dairy Production, Carpentry, Fish farming etc.):						
1.5 Project Location:						
Village/Cell:	Parish/Ward:					
Sub-county/Division/Town Council:						
District:	Location (tick appropriate box): Rural [] Urban []					
1.6 Project Contact Person (Nam	ne & Telephone of Chairperson of the Interest Group):					
Name:	Telephone:					

Task

The Chairperson approaches you to guide her through the required procedure. Provide a write-up indicating the necessary steps and ICTs to be used by the Chairperson.

5 END

840/1
INFORMATION AND
COMMUNICATIONS
TECHNOLOGY(ICT)
Paper 1
2024



UGANDA NATIONAL EXAMINATIONS BOARD

Uganda Certificate of Education

INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY(ICT)

Paper 1
Theory

New Lower Secondary Curriculum

SCORING GUIDE

ITEM I

Competency (Basis of assessment)	Evidence: Skill/ability exhibited/Score	SCORE
Provides a focused introduction	Produces a focused introduction	01
Describes a minimum number of ICT tools/software that are required to setup a functional system.	Identifies and describes 5 or more of the listed ICT tools/Software which will help Isaac improve his services and retain customers Computer set Digital camera Scanner Printer	04
	 Application Software Identifies and describes 3-4 of the listed ICT tools/Software which will help Isaac improve his services and retain customers 	03
	Identifies and describes 1-2 or more of the listed ICT tools/Software which will help Isaac improve his	02
	 Identifies and describes 1 of the listed ICT tools/Software which will help Isaac improve his services and retain customers 	01
	No response	00
Explains maintenance of ICT tools in good working condition	 Identifies and explains 5 or more management measures of the listed ICTs/software Identifies and explains 3-4 management measures of 	04
	 the listed ICTs/software Identifies and explains 1-2 management measures of the listed ICTs/software 	02
	Identifies only 1 management measure of the listed ICTs/software	01 00
Conclusion	No response Provides a relevant conclusion (solution/judgement/recommendation)	01
Format of presentation	A formal document: Either a Report, a letter, a CV or Proposal	01

Competences	Basis of assessment	Expected responses
T1(a-c)	Mentioning	needs a desktop computer/Laptop with at least a i5 core processor(4.0GHz), 500GB of hard disk and 4GB of RAM. This
T2(a-d)	relevant tools	computer will be capable of handling the kind of work at Mr.
T15(a-c)		Bogere's business since he will be in position to process documents, edit photos as required by his clients.
T16(c)		Un interruptible power supply unit. This device helps the user to
T9 (a)	Explaining how the	continue working for a short time in case power goes off. This enables a user to save the client's work. The UPS will be
T10(a)	tool is used	connected to the wall socket, then the computer and its devices
T12(a)		get from it. It also regulates the voltage reaching the devices.
		The software. Software means electronic instructions that help the hardware accomplish tasks.
		To prepare formal letters, business reports and organizing statistical data. For that he needs to obtain MS office suite.
		• In order to produce good photos and passport size photographs, He should install Adobe suite with packages such as photoshop,
		illustrator which can be used for photo editing.
		• The printer. A printer is a peripheral device that converts soft copy into hard copy. Digital-colored all in one printer with a speed of about 20 pages per minute to handle tasks such as
		scanning, printing passport size photos, formal letters and business reports and so on. A printer is connected to a computer
		using a data cable then its drivers can be installed.
		has clients who inquire about photos. A digital camera will be used for taking clients photographs and passport size photos.
		The photos can then be transferred from the camera to the
		 computer using USB cables, edited and then printed. For clients with hard copies to be converted to softcopy, the tool
		needed is a scanner. This changes hard copy into soft copy.
		 Cover ICT tools to avoid dust Installing antivirus to protect ICT against virus attacks.
		Use UPS to protect ICT tools from unstable power supply.
	Management/ maintenance	 Switch off ICT tools after use Regular servicing of ICT tools to keep them in good working
	mamicianic	conditions.
		Regular updating of software

Competency (Basis of	Evidence: Skill/ability exhibited/Score	Score
assessment) Provides a focused	Produces a focused introduction	01
introduction		
Explains the causes of breaking into the lab	• Identifies and explains <i>more than 4</i> causes of insecurity in the laboratory.	04
and theft of computer lab equipment	• Identifies and explains 4 causes of insecurity in the laboratory.	03
	• Identifies and explains 2-3 causes of insecurity in the laboratory.	02
	 Identifies and explains <i>I</i> causes of insecurity in the laboratory. No response 	01
	Tto response	00
		01
		00
Provides security measures and mitigation for improper-waste management	 Explains 3 measures, identifies key stake holders and their roles in e-waste management (1 measure for each listed stakeholder) School Administration Lab Attendant Students Community 	04
	 Explains less than 3 measures and identifies key stake holders in e-waste management of the listed stakeholders Identifies and explains <i>more than 4</i> measures of insecurity in the laboratory. 	02
	• Identifies and explains 4 measures of insecurity in the	01
	 laboratory. Identifies and explains 2-3 measures of insecurity in the laboratory. Identifies and explains 1 measure of insecurity in the laboratory. No response 	00
Conclusion	Provides a relevant conclusion	01
Format of the presentation	A formal document	01

	<u></u>	
T1 d	Explains the causes of	- Weak doors, these make breaking in or forceful entry
T14 (a-c)	breaking into the lab	easier. This can be solved by using strong metallic doors
T16 (a&b)	and theft of computer	with strong burglar proofing.
, ,	lab equipment and	- Weak or easy to manipulate locks/pad locks. These
	provide suitable	become easy to break or open. It can be solved by using
	mitigation/measures.	strong locks or padlocks.
	mitigation/measures.	- We can also use access control systems e.g., use of key
		cards or biometric scanners to control physical access.
		- Exposure of important hardware components e.g the
		server, external hard drives(keeping them in easy to reach
		areas. These have to be locked away in drawers, cabins or
		kept out of the computer laboratory.
		- Failure to monitor the computer laboratory especially in
		the night when its not in use. This gives ample time to
		thieves to plan and steal. It can be overcome by installing
		CCTV cameras/ 24/7 Surveillance systems.
	- Approaches that can	- It can also be solved by installing alarm systems that can
	be taken to ensure	go off and produce noise to notify the security personnel
	proper e waste	on the forceful entry.
	management and the	- Failure to mark, label hardware components which makes
	how they can be	them easy to target and also difficult to find or trace in
	applied	case of theft. Asset tagging or labelling makes it easy to
		track for items when stolen, we can also attach tracking
		devices to the important hardware components like the
		Server computer.
		- Inadequate Physical Inspection. There's supposed to be
		regular inspection of the laboratory to identify and solve
		any potential damage.
		- Discarded computer components contain toxic substances
		like lead, mercury, etc. these pollute soil and water. The
		school administration/teachers can reuse some of these
		components e.g by crafting them onto display boards for demonstration.
		- Improper e-waste disposal may lead to data breaches and
		identity theft. You may not know who will pick on the
		hard disk, flash disk and any other storage media you
		throw to the dust bin. The lab attendant may first try to
		repair or take the component for repair to extract off the
		information.
		- Health risks; improper handling and discarding of e-waste
		can cause health issues such as skin disorders, respiratory
		disorders, etc. to people such as waste pickers, children. Its
		important therefore to sensitize the school
		community/students on the right means of handling e-
		wastes.
		-You can also donate the out of use computers and other
		components to ICT repair shops.
		- Air pollution. Once thrown at the garbage pit by say lab
		attendant, e-waste may be burnt which exposes the
		community to harmful gasses. The school administration
		may sell off or donate the hardware components that are
		no longer in use.
	<u> </u>	1

Competences	Basis of assessment	Expected responses
-------------	---------------------	--------------------

Competency (Basis of assessment)	Evidence: Skill/ability exhibited/Score	
Provides a focused introduction	Produces a focused introduction	01
Explains the consequences of continuous use of ICT	 Identifies and explains 6 or more causes/consequences of ICT usage from the listed categories. (2 for each of the mentioned challenges) -health issues, -data loss and -breach of privacy Identifies and explains 4-5 causes/consequences of ICT 	04
	 usage from the listed categories. Identifies and explains 2-3 causes/consequences of ICT usage from the listed categories. 	03
	 Identifies and explains 1 cause/consequence of ICT usage from the listed categories. No response 	01
		00
Provides mitigation/measures	• Identifies and explains <i>6 or more</i> measures for the listed categories of challenges. (2 for each of the listed challenges) -health issues, -data loss and -breach of privacy	04
	• Identifies and explains 4-5 measures for the listed categories of challenges.	03
	• Identifies and explains 2-3 measures for the listed categories of challenges.	02
	• Identifies and explains 1 measure for the listed categories of challenges.	01
	No response	00
Conclusion	Provides a relevant conclusion	01
Format of the presentation	A formal document	01

Assesses system security,	Consequences of	Consequences of continuous use of ICT tools.
safely uses ICTs and	exposure to ICTs and	Malware attacks like
manages E-waste	the mitigation strategies	- Computer viruses. Copy themselves and corrupt the system
Topic 1 d		Mitigation. Install an anti-virus, regularly update it
Topic 7 c		and scan to detect, disinfect and delete viruses.
Topic 8 (a-c) Topic 16 (a-b)		- Trojan horses. Appears legitimate but performs
		malicious tasks
		- Worms. Self-replicate after breaching the system among others
		Mitigation. Do not use pirated software as this can be
		an entry point for Trojans and worms.
		- Phishing. sending emails that appear legitimate in
		order to induce individuals to reveal personal information
		Mitigation. Do not download information or open e-
		mails from untrusted sources
		- Eavesdropping/sniffing/spoofing. it involves
		intercepting and reading the data packets traversing
		through the network
		Mitigation. Encrypt the information travelling over the network
		- Denial of Service (DoS). This overwhelms the
		network with excessive requests that exhaust the resources and make it inaccessible
		- Distributed Denial of Service (DDoS). The traffic
		flooding the network comes from multiple sources.
		Mitigation. Use of firewalls to block traffic from suspicious sources
		suspectous sources
		- Short circuits. Caused by naked wires, power surges and liquid spills.
		Mitigation. Insulate all naked wires, don't brink
		liquids next to the ICTs and use UPS/ voltage
		stabilizers Health risks
		- Eye defects like blurred vision, itchy, dry or red eyes.
		mitigation. Use anti – glare screens
		- Back pain, caused by sitting in a bad posture or for
		long
		mitigation. Sit upright and get poses or breaks while using a computer
		- Wrist pain, caused by injury, over use of the hand or
		repetitive stress.
		Mitigation. Set your work station right to avoid
		straining the hand, get breaks while using a computer and exercise the hand
		computer and exercise the hand
	1	1

Competency (Basis of assessment)	Evidence: Skill/ability exhibited/Score	Score
Provides a focused introduction	Produces a focused introduction	01
Describes procedure	 Identifies 6 or more relevant steps with the necessary ICT tools Identifies 4-5 relevant steps with the necessary ICT tools 	04
	 Identifies 2-3 relevant steps with the necessary ICT tools. Identifies 1 relevant step No response 	02
		00
Follows a logical	Complete logical flow.	02
flow	Partial/incomplete Logical flow	01
	No logical flow	00
Conclusion	Provides a relevant conclusion	01
	(solution/judgement/recommendation)	

Competences	Basis Of Assessment	Expected Responses
T3 (a,b)	Steps/processes/procedures	- Stage 1: Converting academic documents
T7 (a,b)	Followed to apply	from hard copy to soft copy
T11 a	online	Tools: scanners, scanning apps like CamScanner (CS),
		PC
		Application:
		get the document
		open the flatbed scanner cover
		place it there and cover,
		then press the scan button and save the documents.
		Stage 2: Creating a CV
		Tools: PC, desktop publishing or word processing
		software
		Application: start the computer.
		Go to all programs,
		Choose the appropriate MS-Publisher, Choose Resume,
		blank, then create. Design according to the layout
		apply appropriate graphics
		save the publication as <i>CV</i> on a hard disk/flash
		disk/phone/CD/email.
		Stage 3: Typing an application letter by use of Word
		processors
		Tools: PC, Word processors
		Application: Start the computer.
		Go to all programs, Choose blank document,
		type the letter, edit, format and save the document as
		Application Letter on a hard disk/flash

disk/phone/CD/email.

Stage 4: convert all documents to PDF

Tools: PC, word processor, Desktop publisher

Application:

Open the document of interest

Select file, save as

Set the save as type to pdf and save

Stage 5: creating an email

Tools: PC, web browser

Application: Open a web browser like google chrome.

Enter gmail.com in the web address

Select create account.

Choose the type of account (personal account)

Enter your personal information e.g. surname, first name,

user name and password, confirm password click next and enter your phone number

verify your account with the code sent to your phone

Stage 6: attaching the files (application letter, academic documents and CV) on online platform i.e.

email

Tools: PC, Web browser

Application:

Open your e mail

Select compose

Enter the recipient's address (<u>info@sjs.ac.ug</u>)

Compose a greeting line

Select the attach button and browse to find the files (application letter, CV and academic documents)

Select send.

Competency (Basis of assessment)	Evidence: Skill/ability exhibited/Score	Score
Provides a focused introduction	Produces a focused introduction	01
Describes procedure	• Identifies <i>6 or more</i> relevant steps with the necessary ICT tools	04
	 Identifies 4-5 relevant steps with the necessary ICT tools Identifies 2-3 relevant steps with the necessary ICT tools. 	03
	Identifies 1 relevant step	02
	No response	01
		00
Follows a logical	Complete logical flow.	02
flow	Partial/incomplete Logical flow	01
	No logical flow	00
Conclusion	Provides a relevant conclusion	01
	(solution/judgement/recommendation)	

Competences	Basis Of Assessment	Expected Responses
T3 a,b	Describes relevant	-Access a computer
T7 a,b	steps	-Downloading the form
T11 a		from the web
T13 a		-Filling the form
		-Taking some photos
		about the project
		-Printing the photos and
		forms
		-Scanning the filled
		forms& photos
		-Uploading the to the
		website
	Describes ICT tools	- Computers
	used.	- camera
		- printer
		- scanner
		- flash disks
		- CDs
		- Modem
		- Mobile phones
	Procedure	-computer-(to access the
		website

	-camera-(to take pictures
	of the projects)
	-printer(print out the
	downloaded form and
	photos)
	-scanner(scanning the
	filled forms for
	uploading)
	-flash disk(storage of
	forms to fill just in case)
	-CD-(to store the soft
	copies for future use)
	-modem(connect to
	internet)
	-phone(taking mobile
	photos and
	communication)
logical flow of steps	

840/2 INFORMATION AND COMMUINICATIONS TECHNOLOGY (ICT) Paper 2 2024

2024 2½ hours



Uganda Certificate of Education

INFORMATION AND COMMUINICATIONS TECHNOLOGY

Paper 2
Practical

2 hour 30 minutes

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES:

This paper consists of **two** examination items.

Answer both items in this paper.

You are provided with support files in the folder UNEB Support Files on the computer desktop. Use the support files where applicable to supplement the items.

You are provided with a new blank Compact Disc (CD).

Use a **permanent marker** to write your name, random number and personal number on your CD.

You should continuously save your work.

You **must** produce a **hard copy** for each of your work to accompany a soft copy on the Compact Disc (CD).

Item 1

In a certain community, a group of employees formed a **savings group** called **Sente Kumeza Fund**. The treasurer of the group has a metallic box where money is kept and a small exercise book where members' transactions are recorded. The members who borrow, sometimes complain of how the calculations of loan repayment amount are made.

The savings group recently received a new member, who expressed concern about the way records are being managed and suggested that a computerized system be adopted to manage the records. The members took the concern positively but none of them has computer knowledge and skills.

The records in the small book have been extracted and provided in the support file **KUMEZA.docx**. and a sample of the reminder letter for those with loan balances in the file **DEMAND.docx**.

Task

Using the support files provided;

- (a) Create an electronic storage of the records and use it to produce a graphical representation of members' savings.
- (b) Generate a list of members with loan balances and prepare a reminder letter for each of them.

Item 2

In a certain school, the administration wishes to use ICTs to interact effectively with the Public on all events happening at the school, such as academic affairs, current projects, sports among others. The public should be able to provide feedback.

The administration is also intending to provide an **active form** for those students who would wish to join the school.

Task

Develop an online platform that illustrates to the administration, on how to address the concerns of the school. A support folder called **My_School** has been provided containing some files which may be used

2 END

840/2 INFORMATION AND COMMUINICATIONS TECHNOLOGY (ICT) Paper 2 2024



UGANDA NATIONAL EXAMINATIONS BOARD

Uganda Certificate of Education

INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY(ICT)

Paper 2
Practical

New Lower Secondary Curriculum

SCORING GUIDE

Competency (Basis of assessment)	Evidence: Skill/ability exhibited/Score	Score
Planning: Selects appropriate application programs - Word processing Software - Spreadsheet software - Database software - Presentation software	 Uses 2-3 appropriate application programs of the following: Word processing Software Spreadsheet software Database software Presentation software Uses 1 appropriate application programs Uses none of the above appropriate application programs 	02 01 00
Manipulation: Uses Application tools to manipulate data.	 Uses more than 6 of the listed manipulations to generate appropriate outputs. Enters data Edits data Formats data Performs calculations on data Filters data Generates merged document Uses the 6 listed manipulations above, to generate appropriate outputs. Uses less than 6 of the listed manipulations above, that do not generate appropriate outputs. 	03
_	No listed manipulation used	00
Product/Output: Represents data and produces both forms of output (Both Hard copy and Soft copy)	 Generates 2 products (merged letters and graphical) in both forms of output Generates 2 products (merged letters and graphical) but in one form of output Generates 1 product (merged letters and graphical) in both form of output Generates 1 product (merged letters and graphical) in one form of output Generates inappropriate products in any form of output 	04 03 02 01 00

Competency (Basis of assessment)	Evidence: Skill/ability exhibited/Score	Score
Planning: Selects appropriate application programs	 Uses any one webpage authoring application programs Uses non-web authoring application programs 	01
Manipulation: Uses publishing features to create publications.	Uses 7-8 of the listed publishing features to create publications. Adds organization name Adds web pages	03

		Adds page titles Adds feedback section Links pages Creates active form Adds appropriate pictures, logos, video clips, banners Organizes content on the pages	
	•	Uses 6 of the listed publishing features above to create publications.	02
	•	Uses less than 6 of the listed publishing features above to create publications.	01
	•	No evidence of creation of any publication	00
Product/Output:	•	Generates a website with at least 3 web pages in	03
Produces publications in both forms of output (Both Hard copy and Soft copy)	•	both forms of output Generates a website with less than 3 web pages in both forms of output	02
	•	Generates a website with at least 3 web pages in only one form of output	01
	•	Generates a website with less than 3 web pages in only one form of output	00

845/1
Entrepreneurship
Education
Paper 1
2024
2½ hours



UGANDA NATIONAL EXAMINATIONS BOARD

Uganda Certificate of Education

ENTREPRENEURSHIP

Paper 1

2 hours 30 minutes

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

This paper consists of sections **A** and **B**. It has **five** examination items.

Section A has three compulsory items.

Answer one item from Section B.

Answer four examination items in all.

Any additional item(s) answered will **not** *be scored.*

All answers **must** be written in the answer booklet(s) provided.

SECTION A

Answer all items in this section.

Item 1:

Gonzag has an acre of land next to a lake. He has saved UGX4,000,000 and would like to use these resources to start a business. However, he is not sure of what to do.

Task:

Use your entrepreneurial skills to guide Gonzag;

- (a) select a viable type of business.
- (b) budget for the selected business.
- (c) register the business.

Item 2:

Mariam is operating a tailoring business in her home town. She employs five workers who usually conflict on their roles especially when taking measurements, cutting, sewing, fixing button or zips and ironing clothes of customers.

The business has three manual sewing machines. When Mariam gets many orders from her customers, she fails to complete the work in time and sometimes fails to finish sewing them neatly. Other customers are also complaining that their orders are either forgotten or given clothes that are not theirs. This has made many customers to take their clothes to other tailors.

Mariam is planning to buy more machines but she is not sure from where to buy them.

Task:

- (a) Identify the qualities demonstrated by Mariam as an Entrepreneur.
- (b) How can Mariam solve the challenges in the scenario as an Entrepreneur?

Item 3:

Joseph owns a bakery in a trading centre in his home area. He recruited employees who start working from 5:00 am to 11:00 pm at a pay of UGX1,500 per day yet none of them has a working contract. The town council authorities have threatened to close Joseph's business for not paying taxes. Joseph does not know the taxes to pay. At times, customers return bread bought to Joseph claiming that it weighs less than what is indicated on the label.

Last week, there was a short circuit that caused fire in the bakery. An oven was destroyed and production in the bakery stopped for two days. The bakery delivery van which had a comprehensive insurance policy was also stolen. Joseph is now confused and is wondering whether he should close the business or continue with it.

Task:

- (a) What are the likely effects of Joseph's behaviour on the business?
- (b) Explain to Joseph how he should solve the challenges in the scenario.

SECTION B

Answer one item from this section.

Item 4:

Juma trades in farm produce but lacks book-keeping skills. He employed Sarah as the accounts assistant. Unfortunately, Sarah left the job before checking the arithmetic accuracy of the balances extracted from the business ledger and determine the profit or loss of the business as at 31/12/2023. The balances were as follows.

ITEM	UGX
Stock (1st January, 2023)	4,100,000
Purchase of farm produce	5,700,000
Purchases returns	1,100,000
Sale of farm produce	10,200,000
Sales Returns	1,200,000
Land and Buildings	44,400,000
Vehicle	13,000,000
Transport	700,000
Weighing scale machine	500,000
Capital	63,460,000
Furniture	3,500,000
Debtors	600,000
Creditors	1,300,000
Electricity bills	200,000
Salaries and wages	2,160,000
Stock (31st December, 2023	2,200,000

Task: Prepare for Juma the relevant business financial statements.

3 Turn Over

Item 5:

In January 2023, Michael's Cashier left for another job before preparing the financial statements for the business. The Cashier left the details obtained from the ledger balances of the restaurant for the year ending 31st December 2023 as follows;

ITEMS	UGX
Capital	6,850,000
Sales	5,200,000
Purchases	3,800,000
Cash at hand	5,720,000
Furniture	600,000
Discount received	400,000
Refrigerator	1,200,000
Creditors	870,000
Repairs for refrigerator	320,000
Drawings	1,100,000
Electricity bills	1,440,000
Salaries and wages	1,800,000
Stock of food items (31/12/2022)	720,000
Bank loan	2,660,000

However, Michael is too busy to complete the process.

Task:

Prepare for Michael the relevant financial statements to;

- (a) check the arithmetic accuracy of the ledger balances.
- (b) determine the profit or loss made by the business.

4 END

845/1 ENTREPRENEURSHIP Paper 1 2024



UGANDA NATIONAL EXAMINATIONS BOARD

Uganda Certificate of Education

ENTREPRENEURSHIP

Paper 1

SCORING GUIDE

ENTREPRENEURSHIP SAMPLE PAPER SCORING GUIDE

ITEM 1:

Element of Construct	Basis of Assessment	Success Criteria	Scoring	Total
Appreciate Business Start- up Process	1.Analysis of business opportunity	2 or more ideas generated 1 idea generated No/wrong idea E.g.; • Tree planting • Crop production • Fishing (Acqua-culture) • Animal rearing • Bee keeping (Api-culture) • Irrigation • Flower growing(Floriculture) • Recreation centre • Washing bay	02 01 00	02
		 Sand mining etc Analysis of ideas 3 or more ideas analysed 2 or more ideas analysed 1 or more ideas analysed No/wrong area of analysis E.g. Products needed/ Demand/ Market Business risks Competitors Market growth Profitability Availability of finances, etc 	03 02 01 00	03
		Use of market survey/research tool/Human wants - Identification of market survey/research tool with justification - Identification of market survey/research tool without justification	02	02
		without justification - No/wrong tool	01	
		3 contents of market	00	
		survey/Research 2 contents of market	03	03
l		survey/Research 1 content of market	02	

	T		
	survey/Research		
	No/wrong content	01	
	110/ Wrong content		
		00	
	E.g. products needed, target		
	customers, income, education,		
	age, location, etc., competitors;		
	= =		
	products sold, price, packaging,		
	location, etc		
	,		
	Desiries of the single		
	Decision on type of business		
	(agro-business, agri-business,		
	manufacturing, trading and		
	service)		
	Decision		
	Decision with justification		
	Decision without justification		
	· ·	02	02
	No/wrong decision	01	
		00	
2.Budget	Title	01	01
	No title	00	
	List of 3 or more items with		
	monetary value		
	-Identification of 3 required		
	items with estimates of monetary		
		02	02
	value	03	03
	-Identification of 2 required		
	items with estimates of monetary		
	value	02	
		02	
	-Identification of 1 required item		
	with estimates of monetary value	01	
	-No/wrong item in relation with	00	
	110/ Wrong item in relation with		
	Total budget		
	Correct total	01	01
	No/wrong total	00	-
2.5	č	00	
3.Fomalisation	Registration- should be in line		
	with form of business selected.		
	E.g.:		
	_		
	Sole proprietorship; trading		
	license		
	Partnership; partnership		
	agreement and its purpose and		
	content		
	Company; memorandum of		
	Association, Articles of		
	Association, certificate of		
	incorporation, etc.		

	Registration process		
	1. Form of business	01	01
	-Choosing a suitable business		
	form	00	
	-Wrong/no form of business		
	Selected		
	2. Registration		
	-Registering the business name		
	and the physical address		
	-Obtaining the required		
	document eg certificate of		
	incorporation/trading license etc.		
	in relation to the selected form of		
	business		
	-Explaining the purpose of the		
	documents(s)		
	-Securing Tax Identification		
	Number (TIN)		
	-Registering for National Social		
	Security Fund (NSSF)	03	03
	3 or more steps @ 1score	02	
	2 steps @ 1score	01	
	1 step @ 1score	00	
	No/wrong step		
		01	01
	Logical flow	00	<u> </u>
	No logical flow		
		l .	

Element of Construct	Basis of Assessment	Success Criteria	Scoring	Total
Manage a business	The entrepreneur	1.The Entrepreneurial qualities e.g. perseverance, hardworking, risk taker, goal oriented, information seeker, opportunity oriented Commitment to the work, Self-confident, Creative and innovative, visionary, etc. 3 or more qualities described 2 or more qualities described 1 or more qualities described No/wrong quality identified	03 02 01 00	03

Production	2. Selection of a source for a		
skills	sewing machine		
	Eg		
	Compatibility		
	Flexibility		
	Guarantee		
	Durability		
	Costs of maintenance		
	Installation costs		
	Location of supplier, etc.		
	3 or more factors explained	03	03
	2 or more factors explained	02	00
	1 or more factors explained	01	
	No/wrong factor explained	00	
	140/ wrong factor explained	00	
	3. Division of labour and		
	diversification		
	Justifies division of labour e.g		
	scheduling work, spelling out		
	roles, etc		
	Justification of need for division	01	01
	of labour		
	No/wrong justification	00	
	3,		
	4. Creativity & innovation		
	Challenge;		
	• Failing to honour customers'		
	orders on time.		
	 Poor quality- fails to finish 		
	sewing neatly		
	sewing nearry		
	Solutions;		
	Sub-contract		
	Hire more employees		
	 Work longer hours, etc. 		
	work foliger flours, etc.		
	1 challenge & solution	01	01
	No/wrong Challenge/solution	00	
	140/ Wrong Chancinge/ solution		
	5. Record keeping in		
	production		
	e.g. Records of customers' orders		
	as solution to:		
	-forgetting of customer orders &		
	-serving customer wrong orders		
	& Explanation of an issue with	01	01
	Explanation of an issue with	00	~ -
	appropriate record		
	No/wrong issue identified		

ITEM 3

Basis of	Success Criteria	Scoring	Total
Assessment			
	=		
	_		
development	 Employee turnover 		
	 Legal battles/law suits 		
	 Poor image 		
	 Loss of customers 		
	• Accidents		
	_		
	-		
	_		
	Business closure, etc.		
	5 effects identified		
		03	03
		02	
		01	
		00	
2 Rusiness			
stakeholders			
	_		
	· ·		
	0 1		
	 Dishonesty 		
			03
		03	03
		03	
		02	
	explained	02	
		Ω1	
		01	
		00	
	explained		
	•	1	
	1.Ethical issues in relation to business development 2.Business ethics towards	1.Ethical issues in relation to business development Comparison of Effects of Entrepreneur's behaviour on business e.g. Employee turnover Legal battles/law suits Poor image Loss of customers Accidents Low sales/low profits Production of low quality products Business closure, etc. 5 effects identified 4 effects identified 2 - 3 effects identified Less than 2 /No/wrong effect identified 2.Business ethics towards stakeholders Explanation of business ethics towards; 1.Employees; Over working Low pay Job insecurity/no contract 2. Government; Non tax compliance 3. Customers Comparison of Effects of Entrepreneur's behaviour on business e.g. Employee turnover Low sales/low profits Production of low quality products Production of business ethics towards; Low pay Job insecurity/no contract Non tax compliance 3. Customers Covernment; Non tax compliance Covernment; Covernm	I.Ethical issues in relation to business development In the lation to business development In the lation to business e.g. Itemployee turnover Itegal battles/law suits Poor image Loss of customers Accidents Low sales/low profits Production of low quality products Business closure, etc. Itemployees turnover Itemployee turnover Itemployee turnover Itemployee turnover Itemployees turnover Itemployees Item

3.Risks in business and insurance	Explanation of risks and mitigation measures. Risks e.g.; Fire, Theft, Accident, Machine breakdown & Loss of profits, etc. Mitigation measures e.g.; • claim compensation for van • Take insurance policies like Accident policy, Fire Policy, Machinery breakdown & consequential loss policy, etc. • insure other assets improve security, etc 3 or more risks & solutions explained 2 or more risks & solutions explained 1 risk & 1 solution explained No/wrong risk/solution explained	03 02 01 00	03
	Mitigation measures e.g.; • claim compensation for van • Take insurance policies like Accident policy, Fire Policy, Machinery breakdown & consequential loss policy, etc • insure other assets • improve security, etc	01 00	01
	Decision Decision taken No/wrong decision taken		

ITEM 4

Element of	Basis of	Success Criteria	Scoring	Total
Construct	Assessment			
Apply book	Prepare Trial	Preparation of Trial balance		
keeping skills	balance	Title	01	01
		No/wrong title	00	
		Format	01	01
		No/wrong format	00	
		Entries/postings		
		Makes 10-15 entries	03	03
		Make 8-9 entries	02	
		Makes 4-7 entries	.01	
		Makes 0-3 / No/wrong entry	00	
				01
		Total		
		Any correct total	01	
		No total correct	00	
	Prepare Income	Preparation of Income		
	statement	statement		
		Title	01	01
		No/wrong title	00	
		Format	01	01
		No/wrong format	00	
		Entries/postings		
		Makes 7-11 entries	03	03
		Make 6 entries	02	
		Makes 3-5 entries	01	
		Makes 0-2 / No/wrong entry	00	
		Total		
		Any correct total	01	01
		No total correct	00	

Success criteria

a) Trial balance

 $^{2}/_{3}$ of entries made; 10 - 15 entries = 3 scores $^{1}/_{3}$ of entries made; 8 - 9 entries = 2 scores $^{1}/_{4}$ of entries made; 4 - 7 entries = 1 score No/wrong entry / 0 - 3 entries = 0 score

MICHAEL'S RESTAURANT TRIAL BALANCE AS AT 31/12/2022

Details	Debit (Shs)	Credit (Shs)
Capital		6,850,000
Sales		5,200,000
Purchases	3,800,000	
Cash at hand	5,720,000	
Furniture	600,000	
Discount received		400,000
Refrigerator	1,200,000	
Creditors		870,000
Repairs for the refrigerator	320,000	
Drawings	1,100,000	
Electricity	1,440,000	
Salaries and wages	1,800,000	
Bank loan		2,660,000
Total	15,980,000	15,980,000

b) Income Statement

 $^{2}/_{3}$ of entries made 7 - 11 entries = 3 scores $^{1}/_{3}$ of entries made 6 entries = 2 scores $^{1}/_{4}$ of entries made 3 - 5 entries = 1 score No/wrong entry and 0 - 2 entry = 0 score

MICHAEL'S RESTAURANT INCOME STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31/12/2022

Details	Debit (Shs)	Credit (Shs)
Sales		5,200,000
Less cost of sales		
Purchases	3,800,000	
Less closing stock	720,000	
Cost of sales		3,080,000
Gross profit		2,120,000
Add other incomes		
Discount received		400,000
Total income		2,520,000
Less Operating expenses		
Repairs	320,000	
Electricity bills	1,440,000	
Salaries and wages	<u>1,800,000</u>	
Total expense		3,560,000
Net Loss		<u>1,040,000</u>

ITEM 5

Element of	Basis of	Success Criteria	Scoring	Total
Construct	Assessment			
Apply book	Prepare Trial	Preparation of trial balance		
keeping skills	balance	Title		
1 0		Correct Title	01	01
		No/wrong title	00	
		Format		
		Correct Format	01	01
		No/wrong format	00	
		Entries/postings		
		Makes 9-13 entries	03	03
		Make 4-8 entries	02	
		Makes 3 entries	01	
		Makes 0-2 / No/wrong entry	00	
		Total		
		Any correct total	01	01
		No /wrong total	00	
	Prepare Income	Preparation of Income		
	statement	Statement		
		Title	01	01
		No/wrong title	00	
		Format	01	01
		No/wrong format	00	
		Entries/postings		
		Makes 6 - 9 entries	03	
		Make 3 - 5 entries	02	03
		Makes 2 entries	01	
		Makes 0 - 1 / No/wrong entry	00	
		Total		
		Correct Total income/Net profit	01	01
		No total correct	00	

Success criteria

a) Trial balance

 $^{2}/_{3}$ of entries made 9 - 13 entries = 3 scores $^{1}/_{3}$ of entries made 4 - 8 entries = 3 scores $^{1}/_{4}$ of entries made 3 entries = 1 score No/wrong entry and 0 - 2 entries = 0 score

JUMA'S FARM PRODUCE TRIAL BALANCEAS AT 31ST DECEMBER, 2023

PARTICULARS	DEBIT (UGX)	CREDIT (UGX)
Stock (1st January, 2023)	4,100,000	
Purchases	5,700,000	
Purchases returns		1,100,000
Sales		10,200,000
Sales Returns	1,200,000	
Land and Buildings	44,400,000	
Vehicle	13,000,000	
Transport	700,000	
Weighing scale machine	500,000	
Capital		63,460,000
Furniture	3,500,000	
Debtors	600,000	
Creditors		1,300,000
Electricity Bills	200,000	
Salaries and wages	2,160,000	
Total	76,060,000	76,060,000

b) Income Statement

 $^{2}/_{3}$ of entries made; 6 - 9 entries = 3 scores $^{1}/_{3}$ of entries made; 3 - 5 entries = 3 scores $^{1}/_{4}$ of entries made; 2 entries = 1 score $^{1}/_{4}$ of entry/ No/wrong entry made = 0 score

JUMA'SINCOME STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER, 2023

PARTICULARS	AMOUNT (UGX)	AMOUNT (UGX)	AMOUNT (UGX)
Sales			10,200,000
Less Sales Returns			1,200,000
Net Sales			9,000,000
Less Cost of Sales:			
Stock (1st January, 2023		4,100,000	
Purchases	5,700,000		
Less Purchases returns	1,100,000		
Net Purchases	4,600,000	4,600,000	
Cost of goods offered for sale		8,700,000	
Less Closing stock		2,200,000	6,500,000
Gross Profit			2,500,000
Less Operating expenses:			
Transport		700,000	
Electricity bills		200,000	
Salaries and wages		2,160,000	3,060,000
NET LOSS			560,000

456/1MATHEMATICS
Paper 1 2024 $2\frac{1}{4}$ hours



UGANDA NATIONAL EXAMINATIONS BOARD

Uganda Certificate of Education

MATHEMATICS

Paper 1

2 hours 15 minutes

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES:

This paper consists of two sections; A and B. It has six examination items.

Section A has two compulsory items.

Section **B** has **two** parts; **I** and **II**. Answer **one** item from each part.

Answer **four** examination items in all.

Any additional item(s) answered will **not** *be scored.*

All *answers* **must** *be written in the Answer booklet*(*s*) *provided*.

Graph Paper is provided.

Silent, non-programmable scientific calculators and mathematical tables with a list of formulae may be used.

SECTION A

Answer all items in this section.

Item 1.

Your guardian has a budget of Shs700,000 for your school expenses. To get to the school where your guardian wishes to take you for A-level, your guardian drove 4 km east from your home to the stage and then 8 km north to reach there. However, you realized later that there was a direct route from home to school your guardian could have used.

On reaching the school, you found out that, the school fees, admission fees and uniform fees are Shs900,000, Shs100,000 and Shs350,000 respectively. The school also offers a bursary of; 60% off school fees, free admission and eighty-seven thousand five hundred shillings off uniform fees to those who got first grade and according to your results, you qualify for this bursary.

It also has **two** payment **plans** on school fees that the guardians can choose from and they are:

- Paying in two instalments that is to say; two thirds of the school fees at the beginning of the term and the balance at either visitation day or end of term.
- Paying in three equal instalments; at the beginning of the term, on visitation day and end of term respectively.

Task:

- (a) How far is it from your home to school if you travel through the direct route?
- (b) (i) Since you qualify for the bursary, how much will you pay?
 - (ii) Will your guardian afford the school expenses according to his budget?
- (c) (i) How much will those who are to pay school fees of Shs900,000, pay per instalment, according to each of the payment plans?
 - (ii) Which payment plan would you recommend for them and why?

Item 2.

You have friends who rear cows and goats. During the festive season, they want to sell **at most** 10 of their cows and **at least** 8 of their goats. They also want to ensure that the number of goats they sell are less than twice the number of cows. They also **do not want to** sell more than 20 animals all together. They wish to **maximise** sales by selling each goat at Shs200,000/= and each cow at Shs1.5 millions but they do not know the number of goats and cows to sell to fulfil their wish.

Task:

- (a) write mathematical statements that show the relation between the cows and goats.
- (b) Show the feasible region of the relation on the Cartesian plane.
- (c) Help your friends to determine the maximum amount of money they will possibly make from the sale of cows and goats.

SECTION B

This Section has two Parts; I and II

Part I

Answer **one** item from this part

Item 3.

A day school holds a weekly assembly every Monday starting at 8:00 AM. The Head teacher has noticed a trend of learners arriving late for assembly. Since the school gates are opened at 7:30 AM, he decided to collect data from a sample of learners on their arrival times in minutes past 7:30 AM to make an informed decision about the assembly's start time. The collected data was as follows:

```
15, 18, 20, 22, 17, 25, 23, 28, 26, 21
30, 33, 35, 32, 36, 39, 42, 37, 41, 28
45, 48, 29, 31, 26, 27, 30, 33, 34, 31
28, 35, 40, 42, 37, 39, 36, 38, 29, 43
46, 47, 30, 32, 31, 45, 27, 44, 46, 49
52, 53, 55, 51, 50, 56, 57, 58, 59, 51
```

Task:

- (a) Giving a reason, based on calculations using the data collected, suggest the time the assembly should always start.
- (b) The deputy Head teacher advised the Head teacher to always start the assembly when at least 75% of the students are present. Based on the advise, determine the time the assembly should start.
- (c) If you were the Head teacher, which of the two suggested assembly start times from (a) and (b) would you consider more appropriate and why?

Item 4.

The Ministry of Health in Uganda is conducting a survey about the existence of malaria in three districts: A, B and C. The ministry will then come up with control measures if the chance of a person testing positive having visited at least one of the districts is above 50%. The Ministry has intentionally selected a sample of people who visited the three districts and tested them for malaria. The test results have revealed that 50 people who visited district A, 60 people who visited district B and 40 people who visited district C tested positive for malaria. Additionally, 20 people who visited both districts A and B, 10 people who visited districts A and C, and 15 people who visited districts B and C tested positive for malaria. The Ministry has also discovered that 20 people who only visited district C tested positive for malaria and 40 people who visited the three districts tested negative for malaria.

Task:

- (a) Determine the number of people that were tested for malaria by the ministry of health.
- (b) Calculate the probability of a person testing positive having visited at least one of the three districts.
- (c) Advise the Ministry of health, with a reason based on calculation, whether to come up with control measures or not.

Part II

Answer one item from this part.

Item 5.

Your uncle has offered to drive you to your friend's birthday party. He normally drives his car at an average speed of 50 km/h, so he requests you to get directions to the party reception and the time you are supposed to be there so that you decide on when you can leave home to reach on time. You were informed that the party will start at 2:00 PM and the directions are:

- From your home, take the north eastern direction and reach the supermarket that is 20 km away.
- Then take the road that is south of the supermarket and it will take you 45 minutes to reach the junction.
- From the junction, take the southwestern road and drive 25 km to reach the party reception.

On reaching the party reception using the given directions, your friend remembers that there is a direct route from your home to the reception that you could have used but does not know how long it is.

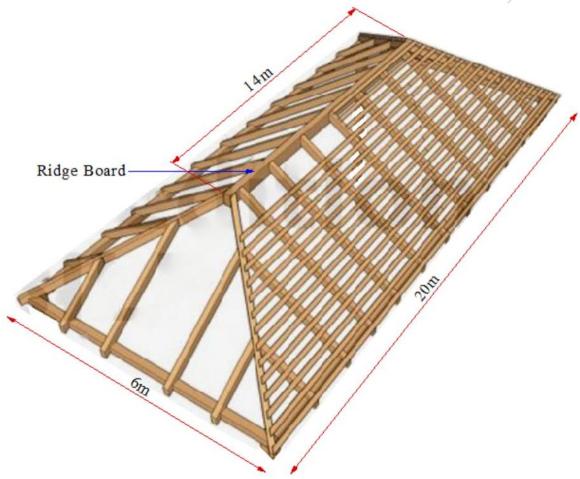
Task:

- (a) (i) Describe the direction of your home from the party reception.
 - (ii) How far is the party reception from your home using the direct route?
- (b) What time would you have to leave home for you to reach the party reception on time, if you used the direct route?

Item 6.

Your neighbour has a building structure that is at a roofing stage with the roof frame installed as shown below:





The roof frame has a rectangular base with dimensions of 20 m by 6 m and the ridge board of 14 m centrally placed. The triangular faces are equilateral.

She wants to use iron sheets that are available in two types; type **A** and type **B**. The iron sheet of type **A** costs Shs33,000 each and that of type **B** costs Shs42,000. Each iron sheet has a length of 10ft and usable width of 2.623 ft. (1ft = 0.3m)

The hardware shop from which she wants to buy the iron sheets gives a discount of 6% on the total cost of every fifty (50) iron sheets of type **A** bought and a discount of 10% on the total cost of every seventy (70) iron sheets of type **B** bought.

5 Turn Over

She intends to borrow money from a bank to buy the iron sheets but she is not so sure of the amount to borrow.

Task:

- (a) Help your neighbour to estimate the amount of money to be borrowed from the bank for either type of iron sheets.
- (b) Give your neighbour advice, with reason(s), on the type of iron sheets to buy.

6 END

456/1 MATHEMATICS Paper 1 2024



UGANDA NATIONAL EXAMINATIONS BOARD

Uganda Certificate of Education

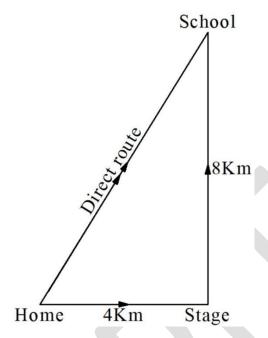
MATHEMATICS

Paper 1

New Lower Secondary Curriculum

SCORING GUIDE

1(a) Distance from home to school using the direct route.



(Direct distance) $^2 = 4^2 + 8^2$

Direct distance =
$$\sqrt{(4^2+8^2)}$$

= $\sqrt{(16+64)}$
= $\sqrt{(80)}$
=8.94km

(b)(i) school fees =
$$\frac{100-60}{100} \times 900,000/=$$

= $\frac{40}{100} \times 900,000/=$
= $360,000/=$
Uniform = $350,000 - 87,500$
= $262,500/=$

Total amount to be paid
$$= 360,000+262,500$$

 $= 622,500/=$

(b)(ii) Conclusion: yes, the guardian will afford the school since the total amount to be paid is less than the 700,000/= s/he has budgeted for school expenses.

(c)(i) Payment plan 1

First instalment =
$$\frac{2}{3} \times 900,000/=$$

= 600,000/=

Payment plan 2

Each instalment
$$=\frac{1}{3} \times 900,000/=$$

=300,000/=

(c)(ii) Recommended payment plan:

Reason:

2. Let x be the number of cows to be sold and y the number of goats to be sold.

$$x \le 10$$

$$y \ge 8$$

$$x + y \le 20$$

Sales =
$$1,500,000x + 200,000y$$

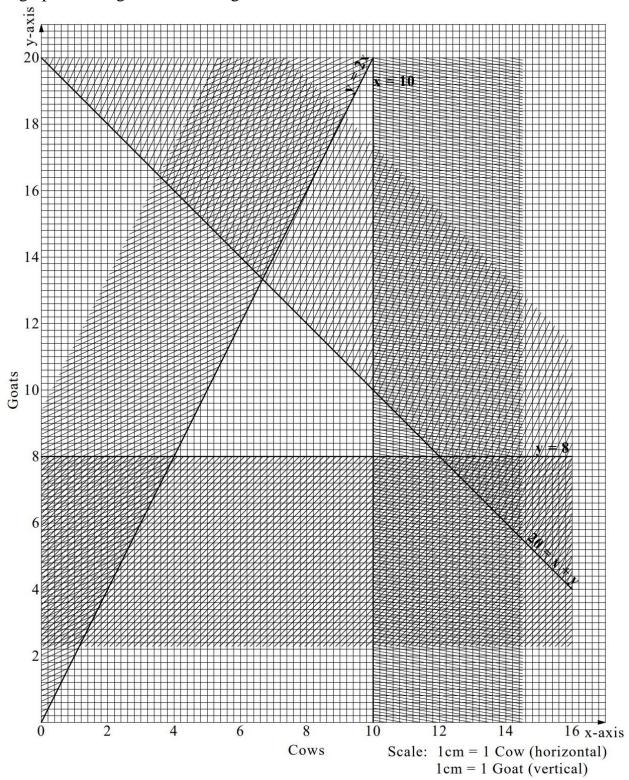
For
$$y = 2x$$

X	0	1
У	0	2

For
$$x + y = 20$$

X	0	20
У	20	0

A graph showing the feasible region



Maximisation of sales

Optimal points (x,y)	Sales = $1,500,000x + 200,000y$
(10,10)	17,000,000
(9,11)	15,700,000
(8,12)	14,000,000
(7,13)	13,100,000

(any other point(s) within the feasible region)

Conclusion: Chooses a combination that maximises sales (a combination that gives the highest amount of money).

That is, they should sell ten cows and ten goats to maximise sales and they will make 17,000,000/=.

OR

Accept any other correct method.

Qtn3.

Time(Min)	Tallies	Freq (f)	Cumm	Class	Mid-point	fx
			freq	boundary	(x)	
15-19	///	3	3	14.5-19.5	17	51
20-24	////	4	7	19.5-24.5	22	88
25-29	<i>////</i>	10	17	24.5-29.5	27	270
30-34	<i>////</i>	11	28	29.5-34.5	32	352
35-39	//// ////	9	37	34.5-39.5	37	333
40-44	//// /	6	43	39.5-44.5	42	252
45-49	//// //	7	50	44.5-49.5	47	329
50-54	<i>////</i>	5	55	49.5-54.5	52	260
55-59	<i>////</i>	5	60	54.5-59.5	57	285
		\sum f=60				\sum fx=2220

(a) Mean time =
$$\frac{\sum fx}{\sum f} = \frac{2220}{60} = 37$$
 minutes

The assemble start time should be 37 minutes from 7:30AM since the average time of arrival of the students after 7:30 AM is 37 minutes. That is, the assembly should start at 8:07 AM.

Note: Accept calculation of any measure of central tendency followed by a relevant/appropriate explanation.

(b) EITHER

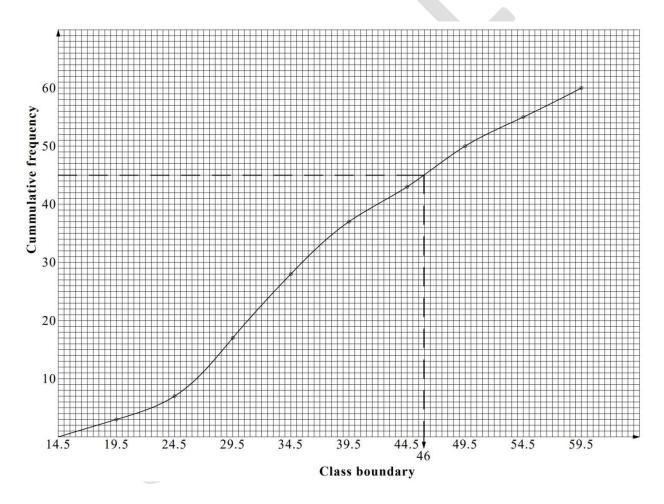
75% = 75th percentile, given by $(\frac{75}{100} \text{ x N})^{th}$ position of cumulative frequency.

=
$$(\frac{75}{100} \times 60)^{th}$$
 position of cumulative frequency

= 45th position of cumulative frequency

From the Ogive, 75th percentile = 46 minutes. (see Ogive)

The assemble start time should be 46 minutes from 7:30AM since the arrival time of 75% of the students after 7:30AM is 46 minutes. That is, the assembly should start at 8:16AM.



OR

Note: Accept calculation of the 75th percentile using a formula.

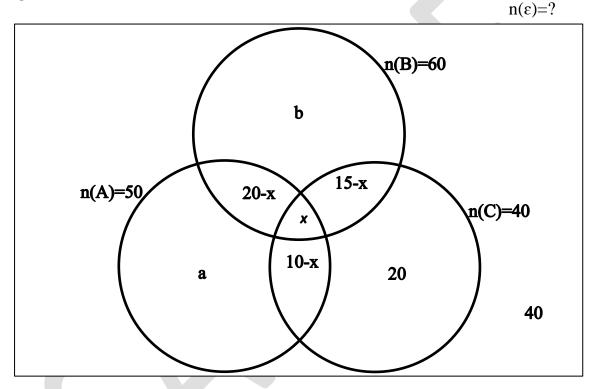
Question 4

SOLUTION

EITHER

$$\begin{split} &n(\epsilon) =?, \ n(A) = 50, \ n(B) = 60, \ n(C) = 40, \ n(A \cap B) = 20, \ n(A \cap C) = 10, \ n(B \cap C) = 15, \ n(C)_{only} = 20, \\ &n(A \cap B \cap C) = x, \ n(A \cap B)_{only} = 20 - x, \ n(A \cap C)_{only} = 10 - x, \ n(B \cap C)_{only} = 15 - x, \ n(A)_{only} = ?, \ n(A \cup B \cup C)' = 40. \end{split}$$

OR



Using the people who visited district C and tested positive gives;

$$x + 15 - x + 10 - x + 20 = 40$$

$$45- x = 40$$

$$x = 5$$

Therefore, 5 people who had visited all the three districts tested positive for malaria.

The number of people who visited district A only and tested positive is given by;

$$50-(x+20-x+10-x)=50-30+x=20+5=25$$

The number of people who visited district B only and tested positive is given by; 60-(x+20-x+15-x)=60-35+x=25+5=30

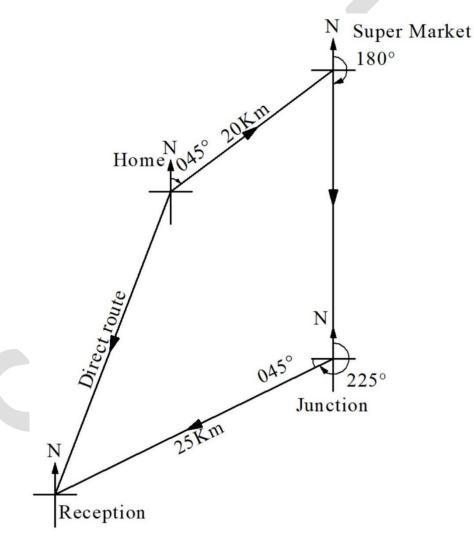
The number of people who visited at least one district and tested positive is given by; 60+25+(10-x)+20=115-x=115-5=110

The sample that was purposively selected $n(\varepsilon) = 110 + 40 = 150$

Therefore the chance of testing positive for malaria having visited at least one district is given by; P(positive having visited at least one district)= $\frac{110}{150}$ =0.733=73.3%

The ministry should come up with interventions since the chance of testing positive having visited at least one district is high (73.3%).

5. Sketch drawing



Distance (D) from super market to junction?

Speed = 50km/h

Time = 45minutes

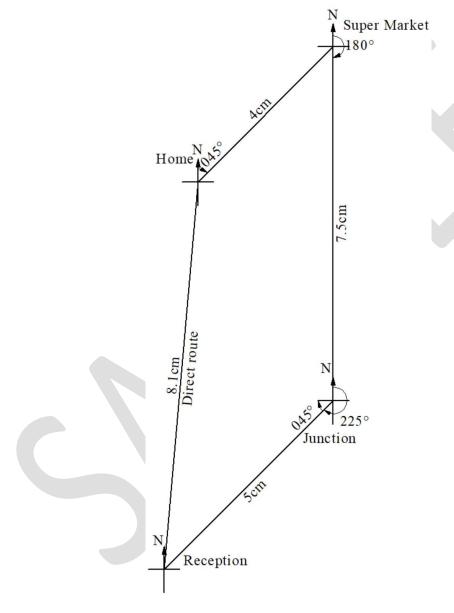
$$=\frac{45}{60}$$
 hours **or** Time= $\frac{3}{4}$ hours **or** Time= 0.75hours

$$D = Speed \times Time$$

$$D = 50 \times 0.75$$

$$D = 37.5 km$$

Accurate drawing



- (a)(i) State the bearing of the Home from the Reception.
- (a)(ii)Direct route distance= 8.1 cm

$$= (8.1 \times 5) \text{ km}$$

$$= 40.5 \text{ km}$$

(ii) Distance = 40.5 km

Speed = 50 km/h

 $Time = \frac{Distance}{Speed}$

 $Time = \frac{40.5}{50}$

Time = 0.81hours

Time = (0.81×60) minutes

Time = 48.6 minutes

Time ≈ 49 minutes

We will leave home 49 minutes to 2:00 PM to reach the party venue on time.

OR

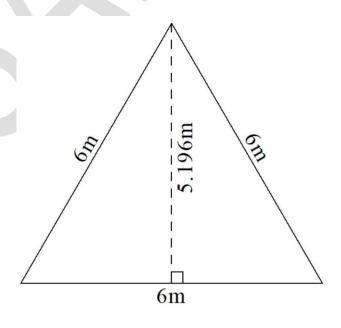
We will leave home at 1:11PM = (2:00PM - 49 Minute) to reach the party venue on time.

QUESTION 6

Area of the triangular sides

Height (h) of the triangular side = $\sqrt{(6^2 - 3^2)}$

= 5.196m **or** $(\sqrt{27})$ m **or** $(3\sqrt{3})$ m



Area of one triangular side
$$=\frac{1}{2} \times \text{base} \times \text{height}$$

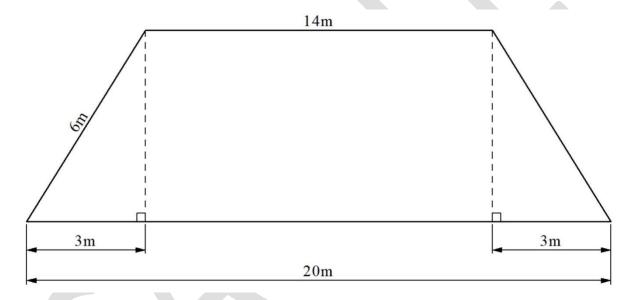
= $\frac{1}{2} \times 6 \times 5.196$
= 15.588m^2

Area of the two triangular sides = 2×15.588

$$= 31.176$$
m²

Note: Accept any method of finding the area of the triangular side.

Area of the trapezium sides



Height(h)of the trapezium = $\sqrt{(6^2 - 3^2)}$

= 5.196m **or**
$$(\sqrt{27})$$
m **or** $(3\sqrt{3})$ m

Area of one trapezium side $=\frac{1}{2} \times h (a + b)$ $=\frac{1}{2} \times 5.196 (14 + 20)$

$$= 88.332m^2$$

Area of the two trapezium sides = 2×88.332

$$= 176.664$$
m²

Total area of the roof = 31.176 + 176.664

$$= 207.84 m^2$$

Usable area of each iron sheet =
$$(10\times0.3)\times(2.623\times0.3)$$

= 2.3607 m²

Number of iron sheets =
$$\frac{207.84}{2.3607}$$
$$= 88.042$$
$$\approx 89$$

Cost of iron sheets

Type A	Type B
A discount of 6% on every 50 iron sheets	A discount of 10% on every 70 iron sheets
$\left(\frac{100-6}{100} \times 33,000 \times 50\right) + (89-50) \times 33,000$ =2,838,000/=	$\left(\frac{100-10}{100} \times 42,000 \times 70\right) + (89-70) \times 42,000$ =3,444,000/=

Advise: My neighbour should buy Type A iron sheets.

Reason: They are cheaper and she will minimise costs.

OR

Advise: My neighbour should buy Type B iron sheets.

Reason: Since they are expensive, they are likely to be of a better quality than Type A.

			SCORE
1	TOTAL AREA OF THE ROOF		
(a)	Area of the triangular side		Subtotal- 04
(i)	Height		01
(ii)	Substitution for Area		01
(iii)	Area	value	01
		unit	01
(b)	Area of the trapezium side		Subtotal-04
	Height		02
	Area	Use of formula	01
		Value	01
(c)	Total area of the roof	operation	01
		Correct value	01
2	Usable area of the	Correct Value	01
	iron sheet		
3	Conversion of units	Correct value	01
4	Number of iron sheets	operation	01
		Correct value	01
		Actual number	01
5	Cost of the iron sheets		Subtotal-03
	Correct total cost without discount		01
	Discounted cost	operation	01
		Correct value (for either)	01
			Subtotal-02
6	Advice/Justification	Type of iron sheet	01
		Reason	01
TOTAL SCORE			20

662/1 NUTRITION AND FOOD TECHNOLOGY Paper 1 2024 2½ hours



UGANDA NATIONAL EXAMINATIONS BOARD

Uganda Certificate of Education

NUTRITION AND FOOD TECHNOLOGY

Paper 1
Theory

2 hours 30 minutes

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES:

This paper consists of six examination items. It has two sections; A and B.

Section A has three compulsory examination items.

Section **B** consists of **two** parts; **I** and **II**. Part **I** is **compulsory**. Answer only **one** examination item from Part **II**.

Answer **five** examination items in all.

Any additional item answered will **not** be scored.

All *answers* **must** *be written in the answer booklet*(*s*) *provided*.

SECTION A

Answer all items in this section.

Item 1

A councillor observed that children in many homes in the community have injuries resulting from cuts and burns. However, the councillor and most of the residents lack knowledge on how to prevent the occurrence of such injuries and how to manage them when they occur.

Task

As a learner of Nutrition and Food Technology, write the necessary information explaining to the Councillor the;

- (a) ways of controlling the occurrence of such injuries in the community.
- (b) advice that should be given to the parents of the affected children on how to manage such injuries before taking them for further treatment.

Item 2

The main source of water used in one of the local communities in Uganda is a nearby stream as shown in the figure 1.



Fig.1 Source of water for the community

In a community meeting that you attended, the Community Health Worker reported that many residents had suffered from stomach-ache, vomiting and diarrhoea suspected to be associated with their source of water.

You have been identified as one of the community members who can help come up with ideas to prevent the occurrence of those water related conditions in this community.

Task

Make a write up that you can use to explain to this community the steps they can take to ensure that the water from their source is safe to use.

Item 3

You are a member of a family that lives in Central Uganda that is organizing an introduction ceremony for their daughter. However, some of the invited guests are from Western Uganda and Northern Uganda. The organizing committee has hired a cook and also chosen you to be in charge of the meals for the occasion.

Task

Write a suitable main course menu as a guide to the cook in charge of preparing the meal for the occasion.

SECTION B

Part I (Compulsory)

Item 4

An area member of parliament provided pineapple and mango seedlings to the residents and promised them market for the fruits. However, after a plentiful harvest of the fruits, the market promised was not realized hence prompting the farmers to sell their produce to the local market. This was not sufficient yet they had no means of exporting the fruits in their fresh form.

Task

Write instructions of a food processing method the farmers can use to process and preserve those fruits in order to widen the market for their produce.

3 Turn Over

Part II

Answer only one item in this part.

Item 5

Research in one of the communities in Uganda has revealed that most of the households have most of the necessary foods available. However, children between the ages of two and five years who live in those households have signs of nutritional imbalance as shown in figure 2.

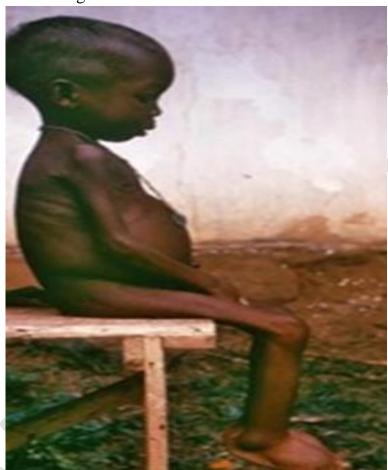


Fig: 2 One of the children in the community

They have thin, weak, brown hair and distended stomach. Most of them have average weight of 10 kg compared to the normal weights for children of the same age as shown in the table 1.

Age	Weight in kilograms
3 Months	6
6 Months	7.5
1 Year	10
2 Years	12
3 Years	14
4 Years	16
5 Years	18

 Table 1 Normal weights for children

The community now believe that their children were bewitched due to lack of a clear understanding of this nutritional health condition.

Task

- (a) Giving reasons write down the information that the parents need to know so as to recognize that their children are not bewitched but suffer from a nutritional imbalance.
- (b) Make a write up that a Community Health Worker can use to explain to the parents, the various ways of preventing that nutritional imbalance.
- (c) With reasons, explain to mothers of such children what foods they should feed them on in order to correct that nutritional imbalance.

Item 6

During a home-based vaccination campaign, a vaccinator observed that in one of the homes the children she had vaccinated had curved legs as shown in figure 3. The state worries mothers in the community but they do **not** know what to do about it. In her interaction with the vaccinator, one of the mothers revealed that their diet is composed of polished posho, boiled cassava and green vegetables.



Fig. 3 Children with curved legs

Task

- (a) Giving reasons identify the nutritional imbalance suffered by the children in this community.
- (b) Make a write up advising mothers of such children in that community on the various ways of preventing the state in which their children are.
- (c) With reasons, propose a suitable diet that can help to correct the condition suffered by these affected children.

5 END

662/1 NUTRITION AND FOOD TECHNOLOGY Paper 1 2024



UGANDA NATIONAL EXAMINATIONS BOARD

Uganda Certificate of Education

NUTRITION AND FOOD TECHNOLOGY

Paper 1
Theory

SCORING GUIDE

CONSTRUCT: Apply the knowledge and principles of nutrition and food technology to solve health related problems in the community and contribute to economic growth and development of Uganda through environmentally sustainable practices.

S/N	ELEMENT OF	BA	ASIS OF ASSESSMENT	SUCCESS CRITERIA	
	CONSTRUCT			DESCRIPTION	SCORE
1.	Appreciate living a healthy lifestyle through understanding the need for hygiene, the cultural differences in food and safety in the home	1.	Explains measures of preventing ill health due to hygiene, water sources and common accidents in the home.	Explain six preventive measures against ill health	3
				Explain four preventive measures against ill health	2
				Explain two preventive measures against ill health	1
				Explain one preventive measures against ill health or no response	0
		2.	Describes steps in administering first aid	Precisely describes all steps of the required first aid	5
				Precisely describes most of the steps of the required first aid	4
				Describes all the steps of the required first aid but not precisely	3
				Precisely describes few steps of the required first aid	2
				Only mentions all steps but does not describe the process	1
				Only mentions a few steps but does not describe the process/ no response	0
		3. Plans meals for people of different categories Chooses suitable dishes for the occasion, balances meal, caters for people needs and gives a variety of dishes Chooses suitable dishes, balances meal, caters for people's needs, dished varied		Chooses suitable dishes for the occasion, balances meal, caters for people's	4
				3	
				Chooses suitable dishes, balances meal, people's needs not well taken care of, gives a variety of dishes	2
				Chooses suitable dishes, meal not balanced, people's needs not well catered for, gives a variety of dishes	1
				Chooses unsuitable dishes for the occasion, meal not balanced, people's needs not well catered for, gives variety of dishes, OR No response	0

CONSTRUCT: Apply the knowledge and principles of nutrition and food technology to solve health related problems in the community and contribute to economic growth and development of Uganda through environmental and sustainable practices.

S/N	ELEMENT OF	BASIS OF	SUCCESS CRITERIA	
	CONSTRUCT	ASSESSMENT	DESCRIPTION	SCORE
2.	Apply knowledge of	Identify the suitable food	Select suitable method and equipment for processing a given food	1
	nutrition and food	process.	Wrongly selects method and equipment/ no response	0
	technology to process,	Describes processing	Gives all steps chronologically.	4
	preserve and package	techniques used in	States principle clearly depending on the method chosen.	
	food	processing and	Give all steps chronologically.	3
		preservation food into a	Some principle not stated clearly.	
		suitable products.	Gives all steps but not chronologically.	2
			Principle not clearly stated.	
			Gives a few steps not chronologically. Principle not given	1
			Steps given are not sufficient for method of processing.	0
			Not chronologically stated	
			Principles lacking OR	
			No response	
		Describes the quality of	States and describes all the characteristics of a material suitable for	2
		packaging materials for	packaging the food product	
		food	Describes a few characteristics of the material suitable for packaging a food	1
			product	
			Doesn't describe qualities of the material suitable for packaging a food	0
			product	

CONSTRUCT: apply the knowledge and principles of nutrition and food technology to solve health related problems in the community and contribute to economic growth and development of Uganda through environmental and sustainable practices.

S/N	ELEMENT OF	BASIS OF	SUCCESS CRITERIA	
	CONSTRUCT ASSESSMENT		DESCRIPTION	
3.	Apply the knowledge of	Identify specific	Gives specific name of nutritional health condition and gives 3 – 4 correct	
	nutrition to prevent and	nutritional imbalance with	reasons	3
	manage different effects of nutritional	suitable justification	Gives specific name of nutritional health condition and gives $1-2$ correct reasons	2
	imbalances in a		does not give specific names and gives 3-4 correct reasons	1
	community.		Does not specify name of nutritional health condition, no reasons or gives reasons but no specific name of nutritional imbalance	0
		Evaluates the preventive	Explains 5 preventive measures of the nutritional imbalance	3
		measures to nutritional	Explains 3 -4 preventive measures of the nutritional imbalance	2
		imbalances	Explains 1 - 2 preventive measures of the nutritional imbalance	1
			Explains 1 preventive measure of the nutritional imbalance or doesn't give	0
			any	
		Proposes diet to manage	Gives foods containing all the necessary nutrients with reasons	4
		the effects of nutritional imbalances	Gives food with proteins, carbohydrates, minerals and vitamins and leaves out food that contains lipids and gives all reasons	3
			Gives proteins, minerals and vitamins and leaves out lipids and carbohydrates and gives all reasons	2
			Gives food containing carbohydrates and lipids but leaves out proteins foods and gives all reasons	1
			Doesn't give food with protein, carbohydrates, lipids but gives food with vitamins and minerals	0
		Gives recommendation for further management of	Gives appropriate recommendations	1
		nutritional imbalance	Doesn't give appropriate recommendations or doesn't give any recommendation.	0

Nutrition and
Food Technology
Paper 2
2024
4 ½ hours



UGANDA NATIONAL EXAMINATIONS BOARD

Uganda Certificate of Education

NUTRITION AND FOOD TECHNOLOGY

Paper 2 Practical

Planning Session: 2 hours Practical Test: 2½ hours

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES:

This paper has one compulsory examination item.

Read through the examination item carefully, then prepare a plan of work and a list of ingredients as follows. (Use carbon paper to make duplicate copies).

- (i) Write your name, personal number and test number on your plan and on the shopping list. Give them; with the question paper to the supervisor.
- (ii) Write down the dishes that you decide to make. Do **not** copy the test.
- (iii) Beside the dishes chosen, show the quantities of the ingredients required for each (a full recipe is **not** necessary).
- (iv) On a separate sheet, make a shopping list showing total quantities of ingredients required. Remember to use carbon paper again.
- (v) Complete the plan of work to show the order of working, the methods to be used and the length of time required to make each dish.
- (vi) The amount cooked should be sufficient in relation to the requirements of the test.
- (vii) Recipes and textbooks may be used during both the planning and examination session but constant reference to them during the examination is discouraged.
- (viii) The question paper and one copy of the plan and shopping list will be returned to you by the examiner at the beginning of the practical test. You will be expected to follow your plan and order of work.
- (ix) At the end of the examination, the test item paper is to be handed over to the examiner. You may retain the carbon copy of the time plan and shopping list.

Item 1

Luweero is one of the districts in Central Uganda well known for growing plenty of mangoes, pineapples, passion fruits and tomatoes which farmers sell in their local markets as shown in the figure below.



Fig 1: A variety of farm produce in Luwero market

However, the farmers sell these farm produce at low prices. Many times they incur great losses as their fruits rot in the limited local markets available and yet they also lack knowledge of value addition through food processing and presevation.

2 Turn Over

Task:

- (a) Make a processed food product to show the farmers in Luwero how they can add value to one of their farm produces above in order to increase its shelf life and marketability.
- (b) Prepare a dish to demonstrate to the farmers how a processed food product can be used in preparing a meal.
- (c) Prepare three other dishes that will be served together with the dish in (b) above in a two course meal you and two farmers will eat after the meal preparation and food processing demonstrations.

3 END

662/2 NUTRITION AND FOOD TECHNOLOGY Paper 2 2024



UGANDA NATIONAL EXAMINATIONS BOARD

Uganda Certificate of Education

NUTRITION AND FOOD TECHNOLOGY

Paper 2
Practical

New Lower Secondary Curriculum

SCORING GUIDE

NUTRITION AND FOOD TECHNOLOGY

PAPER 2

SCORING GUIDE:

CONSTRUCT: Apply the knowledge and principles of nutrition and food technology to solve health related problems in the community and contribute to economic growth and development of Uganda through environmentally sustainable practices.

ELEMENT OF CONSTRUCT	BASIS OF ASSESSMENT	SUCCESS CRITERIA	
Apply	PLANNING	DESCRIPTION	SCORE
knowledge of food technology to process and		Good choice of dishes (with correct reasons for the choice) in relation to task, balanced diet, logical order of work, appropriate costing, time appropriately allocated and planned previous preparation.	5
package healthy food products, use food		Good choice of dishes(with correct reasons for the choice) in relation to task, balanced meal, no logical order of work, appropriate costing, time not appropriately allocated and planned previous preparation.	4
products to prepare dishes and attractively		Good choice of dishes(with correct reasons for the choice) in relation to task, meal not well balanced, logical order of work, over or under estimated cost of materials, time appropriately allocated and planned previous preparation.	3
serve meals		Good choice of dishes (with correct reasons for the choice) in relation to task, meal not well balanced , logical order of work, over or under estimated cost of materials, time realistically allocated and no previous preparation.	2
		Poor choice of dishes in relation to task, meal not balanced, no logical order of work, appropriate costing, time not appropriately allocated and planned previous preparation.	1
		Poor/wrong choice of dishes in relation to task, unbalanced meal, no logical order of work, inappropriate costing, poor time allocation and no previous preparation planned or no response.	0

MANIPULATION	Appropriately uses equipment(cooking, serving, etc.), observes hygiene(kitchen, personal, food),economically uses resources(ingredients, time, fuel), adheres to plan of work, follows appropriate procedures in both cookery and food processing, correctly lays table, serves meal appropriately and packages food products appropriately	8
	Appropriately uses equipment(cooking, serving, etc.), observes hygiene(kitchen, personal, food),economically uses resources(ingredients, time, fuel), doesn't adhere to plan of work, follows appropriate procedures in both cookery and food processing, doesn't correctly lay table, serves meal appropriately and packages food products appropriately	7
	Appropriately uses equipment(cooking, serving, etc.), observes hygiene(kitchen, personal, food), wastefully uses resources(ingredients, time, fuel), doesn't adhere to plan of work, follows appropriate procedures in both cookery and food processing, doesn't correctly lay table, serves meal appropriately and packages food products appropriately	6
	Appropriately uses equipment(cooking, serving, etc.), doesn't observe hygiene well (kitchen, personal, food), wastefully uses resources(ingredients, time, fuel), adhere to plan of work, doesn't follow some procedures appropriately in both cookery and food processing, doesn't correctly lay table, serves meal appropriately and packages food products appropriately	5
	Has challenges in using some equipment(cooking, serving, etc.), doesn't observe hygiene throughout (kitchen, personal, food),wastefully uses resources(ingredients, time, fuel), doesn't adhere to plan of work, follows procedures appropriately in both cookery and food processing, correctly lay table and doesn't package food products appropriately and serve meal appropriately	4
	Has challenges in using some equipment(cooking, serving, etc.), doesn't observe hygiene throughout (kitchen, personal, food),wastefully uses resources(ingredients, time, fuel), doesn't adhere to plan of work, follows procedures appropriately in both cookery and food processing, correctly lays the table, doesn't serve meal appropriately but packages food products appropriately	3
	Has challenges in using some equipment(cooking, serving, etc.), observes hygiene throughout (kitchen, personal, food), wastefully uses resources (ingredients, time, fuel), doesn't adhere to plan of work, doesn't follow procedures appropriately in both cookery and food processing, doesn't correctly lay table, doesn't serve meal appropriately and packages food products appropriately	2

	Wrongly uses most of the equipment(cooking, serving, etc.), doesn't observe hygiene (kitchen, personal, food), wastefully uses resources (ingredients, time, fuel), doesn't adhere to plan of work, doesn't follow procedures appropriately in both cookery and food processing, doesn't correctly lay table, doesn't serve meal appropriately and doesn't package food products appropriately	1
	Wrongly uses most of the equipment(cooking, serving, etc.), doesn't observe hygiene (kitchen, personal, food), wastefully uses resources (ingredients, time, fuel), doesn't adhere to plan of work, doesn't make some dishes, doesn't follow procedures appropriately in both cookery and food processing, doesn't lay table, doesn't serve meal appropriately and doesn't package food products appropriately	0
PRODUCT	Product exhibits exceptional taste and flavor, with well-balanced seasoning and natural flavors enhanced. Processed food demonstrates excellent texture and consistency, with appropriate tenderness, crispness, or smoothness, depending on the food type.	3
	Product generally has good taste and flavor, but some minor adjustments may be needed to enhance the overall experience. Food product generally has good texture and consistency, but some aspects may require minor improvements.	2
	Food product lacks taste and flavor, resulting in an unappetizing or dull eating experience. Product has noticeably poor texture or consistency, making it unappealing to consume.	1

621/1
PERFORMING
ARTS
Paper 1
2024
2 ½ hours



UGANDA NATIONAL EXAMINATIONS BOARD

Uganda Certificate of Education

PERFORMING ARTS

Paper 1 Aural, Composition and Theory

2 hours 30 minutes

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES:

This paper consists of six examination items. It has sections A and B.

Section A has two parts; part I and II. Part I is compulsory. Choose one item from Part II.

Answer all the items in Section B.

Answer five items in all.

Any additional item answered will **not** be scored.

All answers **must** be written in the Manuscript paper and answer booklet(s) provided using **blue** or **black** ink.

SECTION A

This section has two parts I and II.

Part I (Compulsory)

Item 1.

When war broke out in South Sudan, some of the people from there crossed to Uganda and settled in camps as refugees. Later, they started fighting each other because of the differences in their ethnic backgrounds.

The Minister for Relief and Disaster Preparedness suggested that one of the ways to unite these people is through songs. Someone has composed one part of the song for that purpose.

Task:

Listen to the recording. Write the opening phrase therein and compose a finishing phrase.

Part II

Answer **one** item from this part.

Item 2.

Kajugo has been invited to perform at a youth conference. He has been requested to perform different art forms. However, he has never performed any other art form apart from Music.

Task:

As Kajugo's cousin studying Performing Arts, guide him on how to develop an art piece that is suitable for the function.

Item 3.

The Performing group that entertains audiences at Vision Theatre performs songs only. The audience has repeatedly asked the manager to provide different art forms. The manager has come to you for help.

Task:

As a Performing Arts student, guide him on how to develop another art form.

SECTION B

Answer all items in this section.

Item 4.

Peter, a well-known business man in Kerere Town Council, organised his daughter's traditional marriage ceremony. He requested Koko Troupe to entertain guests with traditional dances. The troupe performed traditional dances to recorded traditional music and added ideas from different cultures of the world. The guests were very happy but Peter was disappointed.

Task:

As a Performing Artist, explain why Peter and his guests responded differently to the performance.

Item 5.

Jean is an upcoming playwright. In one of the National competitions, she won a medal for the best play, "The Disowned". Ray Drama Group has been performing Jean's play for commercial gains without her permission. The group has also taken the play to Nkunda Television under a new title, "The Rejected". The play has become popular in the community that watches Nkunda Television.

Jean has read in the local newspaper that Uganda Wildlife Authority (UWA) has sued them for using some materials from endangered animals.

Jean has now threatened to also report the group.

Task:

Advise the owners of Ray Drama Group.

Item 6.

Emily is a celebrity performer of different art works which have gone viral on social media. Majority of the youths love to sing and perform her artworks on different social occasions. Kibibi Memorial College will host a parents' day at the end of the year and students have requested the Head teacher to invite Emily to perform and share with them about performing art works. The Head teacher is not interested in Emily's art artworks and has declined the students' request.

Task:

Make a write up convincing the Head teacher to accept the students' request.

3 END

621/1
PERFORMING ARTS
Paper 1
2024



UGANDA NATIONAL EXAMINATIONS BOARD

Uganda Certificate of Education

PERFORMING ARTS

Paper 1
Aural, Composition & Theory

SCORING GUIDE

SAMPLE RESPONSES

SECTION A

Item 1.

The scoring will follow the Basis of Assessment. The recorded part is given here below.



Each individual learner will give a finishing phrase according to how they have understood the opening phrase. This should follow the guidance given in the Basis of Assessment.

Item 2.

This is a multiple perspective item. The learner can choose either to respond using drama or dance NOT both. They should follow the elements, principles and techniques of either art form.

Example:

Kajugo has been performing songs all his life, so that implies he already has a song to perform at the conference. I would therefore give guidance on how to develop a play/dance since this is what he should add to his performance. I will therefore take him through the elements, principles and techniques of dance/drama.

One of the major elements of dance/drama is theme. Since Kajugo is at a youth conference, he needs to be mindful of the theme of the conference. Therefore, the art work he decides to perform should be in line with the conference. This will direct the lay out of the art work and will give him proper direction on what he wants to do. The theme must always be at the forefront of any given art piece.

Elements of Drama

(Plot, Character, Diction/language, Spectacle, Theme, Mood, Rhythm, Setting, Music)

Elements of Dance

(Body, Action, Space, Time, energy)

Kajugo must also be mindful of the techniques that he is going to employ while coming up with his dance/drama. One of the techniques of drama is Symbolism. Kajugo can use symbolism to write his drama piece where he chooses something that is representative. For example, a character can be representative of a larger society. Whatever the character goes through can ably represent what the large community goes through. This will help the youths at the conference to relate with the character and learn from him or her.

Techniques of Drama

(Voice Dynamics, Blocking/Movement, Mime, Improvisation, Body Language, Symbolism, Flashback, Dialogue, Action)

Techniques of Dance

(African Dance Technique, Cunningham, Graham, Limon, Duncan, Hawkin)

Finally, Kajugo must be mindful of the principles of performing arts. He, for instance should consider the originality of the dance/drama he is going to come up with. His ideas should be original so that his art work is fresh to his audience and should also not infringe on the copyright of other people's work. He should therefore work with this knowledge and come up with an original piece which will capture the attention of the youths at the conference.

Principles of Dance/Drama (Originality, Creativity, Audience, Genre, Aesthetics, Purpose)

The elements, principles and techniques of dance/drama are important to the development of an artwork. When followed and used appropriately, Kajugo is bound to come up with a masterpiece that will be suitable for a youth conference.

NOTE:

1. The response above has explained only one of either an element, technique or principle. The learner however is expected to explain according to the expectations of the scoring criteria.

Items 3, 4, 5 and 6 follow the same lay out of the essay as in Item 2. The responses should follow the Basis of Assessment and Success Criteria of each item.

SECTION B

Item 4

- African attributes used in the making of Performing Art works
 (Costume, Props, Instruments, Styles of singing/dancing, sound production, amplification)
- Western Influences and how they affect the making of Art works in our society.
 Audience Preference as far as Performing Arts is concerned

Item 5

- Ethical Practices associated with Performing Arts
 (Respect of Self, Others, their trade/work, the craft, Artist's Moral conduct, Responsibility, dress code, societal expectations, culture)
- Legal Practices in Performing Arts (Copyright laws)
- Environmental Practices associated with Performing Arts (Proper use and sustainability of the environment)

Item 6

- The Benefits/opportunities/advantages of Performing Arts to society.

 (Positive impact- Career choices, Employment, Exposure and fame, Advertisement of products, Entertainment...)
- The challenges/ hindrances/disadvantages of Performing Arts in Society. (Negative impact- drugs, sexual immorality, Unhealthy competition, Hatred, Indecency...)

621/1
PERFORMING
ARTS
Paper 1
2024



UGANDA NATIONAL EXAMINATIONS BOARD

Uganda Certificate of Education

PERFORMING ARTS

Paper 1Aural and Composition

SECTION A

1. (a) AURAL AND COMPOSITION

This is the official recording of the Aural and Composition item of the Performing Arts Paper 1.

Read the scenario provided in the examination paper in two minutes.

Silence: 2 minutes

Listen to the recording of the opening phrase of the song. It will be played through **four** times with intervals, during which you will write a draft of your response.

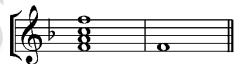
After the final play through, you will have twenty minutes in which to write the phrase you have listened to, and your own composed phrase that should include the music and lyrics.

Listen to the speed of the crotchet or quarter note.



Silence: 10 seconds

Listen to the tonic chord and the keynote followed by the opening phrase. The song begins on the first beat of the bar.



Silence: 10 seconds



Silence: 40 seconds

Listen to the **second** play through.

Silence: 40 seconds

Listen to the **third** play through.

Silence: 40 seconds

Listen to the **final** play through.

You have **20** minutes in which to write the opening phrase and your composed phrase.

2 END

621/2
PERFORMING
ARTS
Paper 2
2024



UGANDA NATIONAL EXAMINATIONS BOARD

Uganda Certificate of Education

PERFORMING ARTS

Paper 2
Performance: Sight Singing

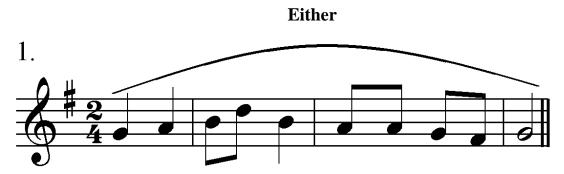
INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES:

You are required to sing the lyrics of **one** piece from those given to you by the examiner.

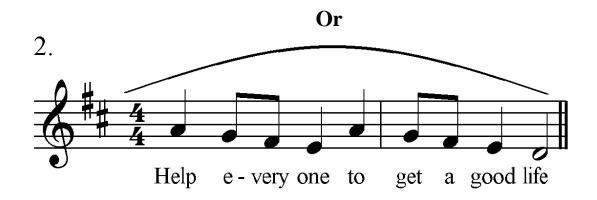
You are at liberty to request the examiner to allow you to repeat (to a **maximum of two** times), once you realise that the previous singing was not well done.

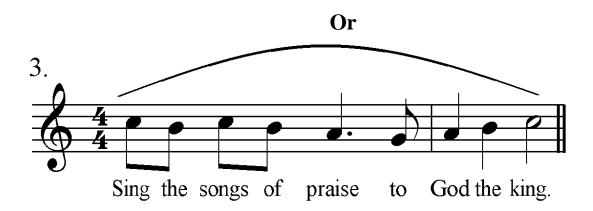
You will be given one minute to prepare.

ALTERNATIVE TASKS:



Clap, clap turn a-round, stamp your feet with joy.





2 END

621/2
PERFORMING ARTS
Paper 2
2024



UGANDA NATIONAL EXAMINATIONS BOARD

Uganda Certificate of Education

PERFORMING ARTS

Paper 2
Performance

SCORING GUIDE

CANDIDATE'S NAME		· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Random Number	Personal Number	•••••
	SIGHT SINGING	

SIGHT SINGING

	LEVELS OF ASSESSMENT/SUCCESS CRITERIA					
BASIS OF ASSESSMENT	Excellent 4 pts	Good 3 pts	Fair 2 pts	Poor 1 pt	Didn't Try 0 pts	Score
LYRICS	All lyrics are sung accurately	2/3 of the Lyrics are sung accurately	Multiple lyrics are incorrectly sung	Can hardly articulate the lyrics	Did not try the lyrics	
PITCH	Every note of the piece is sung correctly	2/3 of the pitches are sung correctly	½ of the pitches are sung correctly	There are a few or no pitches sung correctly	Did not sing any of the pitches	
RHYTHM	Rhythm is performed accurately	2/3 of the rhythm is performed correctly	1/2 of the rhythm is performed correctly	There are a few or no correct rhythm performed	Did not recognize any rhythm	
BEAT	Sings steadily on the beat throughout the piece	2/3 of the piece is performed on the beat	½ of the piece is performed on the beat	Can hardly keep the beat	Does not sing on the beat	
TOTAL SCORE						

CANDIDATE'S NA	ME
Random Number	Personal Number
	INSTRUMENTAL PERFORMANCES (AFRICAN, WESTERN, CONTEMPORARY)

TITLE:

	LEVELS OF ASSESSMENT/SUCCESS CRITERIA					
BASIS OF ASSESSMENT	Highly Effective 4 pts	Effective 3 pts	Developing 2 pts	Beginning 1 pt	Did not try 0 pts	Score
TEMPO	Maintained a steady tempo throughout the piece	Mostly maintained a steady tempo throughout, with one or two hesitations	Hesitated multiple times	Tempo was very inconsistent	Did not use instrument	
TONE QUALITY (Colour, Freedom, Control, Resonance, Blend)	Fully demonstrated an impressive tone quality and observed freedom, control and resonance	Most of the components of tone quality were demonstrated.	Demonstrated a few components of tone quality	The tone quality was not well developed	Did not perform	
RHYTHMIC	Played all rhythms	Played most rhythms	Played a few	Played rhythms		

ACCURACY	accurately	accurately with a few minor errors	rhythms with some major errors	with many major errors	Did not perform	
PITCH ACCURACY	Pitched all notes accurately	Mostly pitched notes accurately	Played a few notes with some major errors in pitch	Played notes with many major errors in pitch	Did not perform	
PLAYING TECHNIQUE(Touch, Musicianship, improvisation, posture)	Demonstrated proficiency in musicality	Performed the piece with a few minor errors	Performed the piece with some major errors	Performed the piece with many major errors	Did not perform	
(Dynamics, Phrasing, Articulation)	Played the piece with expression, showing full understanding of the dynamics, phrasings and articulation markings in the piece	Played a bit of all the components throughout the piece: Dynamics Articulations, phrasing	Followed 1-2 of the following components consistently throughout the piece: Dynamics, Articulations, phrasing	Followed one component throughout the piece: Dynamics, Articulations, phrasing	Did not follow any of the dynamic, phrasing or articulation markings in the piece	
TOTAL				1		

CANDIDATE'S NAME	
Random Number	Personal Number

VOCAL PERFORMANCE (AFRICAN/WESTERN/ CONTEMPORARY)

	LEVELS OF ASSESSMENT/SUCCESS CRITERIA						
BASIS OF ASSESSMENT	Highly Effective 4 pts	Effective 3 pts	Developing 2 pts	Beginning 1 pt	Did not try 0 pts	Score	
TECHNICAL PROFICIENCY (Pitching, Rhythm and Pulse)	Maintained/Demonstrate d proficient skills in pitching and keeping rhythm	Mostly performed correct pitches, kept rhythm and pulse. Only a few mistakes were made	Performed the piece with correct pitches, rhythm and pulse with a few major mistakes	Demonstrated many or multiple mistakes	Did not perform		
INTERPRETATION & EXPRESSION (Dynamics, Phrasing, Articulation)	Sung with full understanding of the expression, observed dynamics and phrasing	Sung with expression and observed most of the components	Made some minor mistakes	Did not observe most of the components	Did not perform		
DICTION (Clarity of words, Pronunciation,	Distinctly articulates the words throughout the piece	Made a few minor mistakes in articulation, pronunciation and clarity of	Few major mistakes made in the components of	Many major mistakes made that affected	Did not perform		

Authenticity)		words	diction	diction		
TONE QUALITY (Naturalness, Freedom, Colour, Control, Blend, Resonance)	Fully demonstrated an impressive tone quality and observed freedom, control and resonance	Most of the components of tone quality were demonstrated.	A few components of tone quality were demonstrated.	The tone quality was not well developed	Did not perform	
STAGE PRESENCE (Connection with the audience, Stage use, Confidence)	Performed with confidence, fully engaged the audience and effectively used the stage	Performed with confidence, fully engaged the audience but did not fully use the stage	Exhibited some confidence, engaged the audience and used the stage minimally	Lacked confidence, did not engage the audience and used the stage minimally	Did not perform	
OVERALL ARTISTIC IMPRESSION (Cohesion & Synchronization, overall impact and Artistry of the performer)	Exhibited impressive artistry showing full understanding of musicality	Mostly impressive performance with minimal improvisation	Had occasional mistakes in some performing aspects	Was inconsistent in expressing self during performance	Did not perform	
Total			1	1		

CANDIDATE'S NAME	
	Personal Number
	DD AMA DEDEODMANCE

DRAMA PERFORMANCE

TITLE:						
	I	LEVELS OF ASSESSMEN	NT/SUCCESS CRIT	TERIA		
BASIS OF	Excellent	Good	Fair	Poor	Didn't	Scor
ASSESSMENT	4 pts	3 pts	2 pts	1 pt	Try 0 pts	e
CHARACTERISATI ON (Role interpretation, Awareness of plot)	Portrays character with a believable personality and mannerisms as shown in the script	Portrays character with a believable personality and mannerisms as shown in the script but with a few and minor inconsistencies	Portrays character as shown in the script but with major inconsistencies	Hardly portrays character as shown in the script and has many major inconsistencies	Did not perform	
(Knowledge of lines, Articulation, Intonation)	Lines are spoken audibly, clearly and are easy to understand	Lines are spoken loudly, clearly and are easy to understand with a few minor mistakes in either memorization, articulation or intonation	Many lines are not spoken loudly and clearly, and major mistakes are made quite often	The performer generally fails to exhibit knowledge and purpose of the lines	Did not perform	

TECHNICAL ASPECTS (Setting, Lighting, Sound, Costumes, Props) STAGE PRESENCE (Connection with the audience, Confidence) GENERAL ARTISTIC IMPRESSION (Team playing and Costumes and applies technical quality aspects that are meaningful to the performance, and works with other Designs and applies quality technical aspects that are meaningful to the performance but with minimal inappropriate choices Designs and applies quality technical aspects that are meaningful to the performance but with minimal inappropriate choices Mostly performs with confidence and engages the audience	STAGING AND BLOCKING	Uses stage appropriately and makes motivated movements that are true to the performance	Mostly uses stage appropriately and makes motivated movements that are true to the performance	Makes many unmotivated movements and often fails to use the stage appropriately	Hardly makes reasonable movements and uses the stage with very little sense of purpose	Did not perform
(Connection with the audience, Confidence) confidence and fully engages the audience the audience the audience the audience the audience the audience and engages the audience and does not sustain the attention of the audience audience the audience audience audience the audience audience audience audience audience the audience beform audience a	ASPECTS (Setting, Lighting, Sound, Costumes,	technical quality aspects that are meaningful to	quality technical aspects that are meaningful to the performance but with minimal inappropriate	applies technical aspects but with major inappropriate	general lack of appropriate designs and application of	
ARTISTIC IMPRESSION (Team playing and (Team playi	(Connection with the	confidence and fully	confidence and engages	little confidence and does not sustain the attention of the	confidence, and fails to attract the audience's	
overall artistry of the performers very well work members Total	ARTISTIC IMPRESSION (Team playing and overall artistry of the performer)	artistry showing full understanding of theatrical performance, and works with other	performance and appropriate team	reasonable artistic impression and makes minimal effort at team	expresses self and barely collaborates with other team	

UCE 621/2 SCORESHEET FOR PERFORMING ARTS PERFORMANCE EXAMINATIONS 2024 CANDIDATE'S NAME

Random Number Personal Number	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
-------------------------------	---

DANCE PERFORMANCE(AFRICAN/WESTERN/CONTEMPORARY)

TITLE:						
		LEVELS OF ASSESSM	MENT/SUCCESS CR	ITERIA		
BASIS OF	Excellent	Good	Fair	Poor	Didn't	Scor
ASSESSMENT	4 pts	3 pts	2 pts	1 pt	Try	e
DANCE TECHNIQUE	Performs with great attention to movement quality, body posture, footwork, and displays body range possibilities and flexibility	Performs with adequate attention to movement quality, body posture, footwork, and displays body range possibilities and flexibility	Performs with partial attention to movement quality, body posture, footwork, and displays few body range possibilities and flexibility	Performs with minimal attention to movement quality, body posture, footwork, and hardly displays body range possibilities and flexibility	0 pts Did not perform	
(Formations and use of stage)	Displays clear formations and floor patterns, makes seamless transitions and coordinates effortlessly with the team	Mostly displays clear formations and floor patterns, makes transitions and moves in sync with the team	Displays formations and floor patterns, makes transitions, but moves with uncertainty	Hardly aware of the formations, floor patterns, transitions and is out of sync	Did not perform	
COSTUME, PROPS AND MAKE-UP	Uses neat, creatively designed costumes, props	Mostly uses neat, creatively designed	Partially uses costumes, props and	Uses costumes, props or make-up that are either	Did not perform	

	and make-up to enhance	, i				
	•	costumes, props and	make-up,pays little	inappropriate, clumsy,		
	movement and bring out	make-up to enhance	attention to	inadequate or ill-fitting		
	the meaning of the dance	movement and bring out	neatness and			
		the meaning of the	creativity			
		dance				
)		
TEMPO/RHYTHM	Responds to the	Mostly responds	Shows hesitation	Hardly responds to the	Did not	
(Accompaniment)	accompaniment with	accurately to the	and uncertainty at	accompaniment during	perform	
	precision throughout the	accompaniment	several points	the dance		
	dance	throughout the dance	during the dance			
PERFORMANCE	Displays great poise,	Displays satisfactory	Not fully engaged	Generally, passive during	Did not	
SKILLS	body projection, and	poise, body projection,	in the performance,	the performance	perform	
	facial expression, fully	and facial expression,	often emotionally			
	engages the audience	engages the audience	and physically			
			detached			
ORIGINALITY	Visibly brings out the	Brings out the theme	The theme and	The theme is mostly	Did not	
	, ,			·		
(Specific to	theme through a clear and	through a clear and	storyline are	vague, undeveloped, and	perform	
Contemporary	believable storyline	believable storyline to a	partially developed	the storyline is unclear		
Dance)		large extent		and unbelievable		
TOTAL						

555/1 PHYSICAL EDUCATION 2024 2 1/4 hours



UGANDA NATIONAL EXAMINATIONS BOARD

Uganda Certificate of Education

PHYSICAL EDUCATION

Paper 1
Theory

2 hours 15 minutes

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES:

This paper consists of two sections; A and B. It has four examination items.

Section A has two compulsory examination items.

Answer only one item from Section B.

Answer three examination items in all.

Any additional item(s) answered will **not** *be scored.*

All *answers* **must** *be written in the Answer booklet*(*s*) *provided*.

SECTION A

Answer both items in this section.

Item 1

During the interclass volleyball competitions, john a player of S.2 class moved from class which is a few meters from the volleyball court and immediately requested to start playing and he was allowed.

After a few minutes of play, John complained to the umpire of sudden pain at the ankle, and was seen limping off the court.

The play was stopped, the other players observed that there was also swelling at the ankle and John told them that he started playing when he was normal. Everyone had no knowledge on how to help him before referring him to the health centre.

Task:

- (a) How is John's conduct responsible for the pain and swelling?
- (b) Make a write up that can be used by S.2 students to help John.

Item 2

The district has organized a football championship where sub-counties are to be to be represented. The coach for your team tried out the players through a friendly match to check their preparedness for the competitions. The coach made the following observations;

- (a) A number of players easily got tired and requested for substitution more frequently
- (b) Many players made passes that failed to reach the identified target
- (c) Players easily staggered and at times fell down with even a slight push from the opponents
- (d) In most cases, the opponents could reach the ball first whenever long passes were made.
- (e) Players eat a lot of food and drink water few minutes before training because they need energy during training.

Based on the observations made, the coach has requested you to give support to the team in the area of physical fitness. There are three weeks left to the start of the competitions.

Task:

Make a detailed write up that can be used to support the football players for two weeks.

SECTION B

Answer only **one** item from this section.

Item 3

Samuel is a wheel chair basketballer who desires to become an international basketball player. He lives in one of the refugee camps in Uganda. He shared some of the challenges in the refugee camps as being limited space, inadequate equipment for women and children to participate in physical activities. He added that he was denied an opportunity to use the available courts (playgrounds) because he is both non-Ugandan and disabled.

He further noticed that athletes were using drugs and becoming violent during play.

A local media house has approached you for an article in the newspaper addressing the challenges in the camp.

Task:

As a student of physical education, make a write-up of between 300 and 500 words that can be published in a newspaper addressing the challenges in the camp.

Item 4

Makuru and Pakuru sub counties in Uganda have remained under developed compared to their neighbours. The two areas have problems such as endless fights, quarrels among the residents because of their political, social & religious differences but for the youth, its largely drug abuse. During a radio talk show, the district sports officer said that sports activities can be one of the tools to overcome such problems and further mentioned that media is key in aiding sports for development. However, some officials do not agree with the District sports officer.

Task:

As a physical education student, **make** a write up in support of the district sports officer.

3 END

555/1 PHYSICAL EDUCATION Paper 1 2024



UGANDA NATIONAL EXAMINATIONS BOARD

Uganda Certificate of Education

PHYSICAL EDUCATION

Paper 1
Theory

New Lower Secondary Curriculum

SCORING GUIDE

SAMPLE RESPONSES

Item 1

(a)

John's failure to observe safety measures before and during play could have been the cause of the injury

John left class and went straight to play the game; without changing the attire, or warming up, or even paying attention to the safety of the play area.

Failure to perform warm up exercise; warmup is the light physical activity (exercise) that gradually increases in intensity, usually undertaken before the main physical activity. It includes muscle movements, joint stretching etc. to condition the body (muscles and other body systems e.g. circulatory system) to prepare for the main activity. For example, warm up would stretch muscles hence would improve muscle flexibility allowing stretching of muscles (bending movements) in the joints hence reducing chances of a sprain or muscle tear. John did not warm up, creating more risk for muscle tears hence injury.

Improper equipment/attire; appropriate attire would ensure safe play for example proper sports clothing allows free (limitless) movement of the body parts. Ordinary clothing may limit movement of the legs or arms thereby increasing chances of injuries from falling or even sprains. Since John moved from class directly to the play area and started playing, it is likely that he did not put on appropriate wear which allow a wide range of movement while playing the game. Hence inappropriate attire could have limited the range of movement thereby increasing risk for accidents like falling or sprains

Improper equipment; like appropriate foot ware (shoes) provide good grip on the ground to avoid falling during play hence reducing on incidents of injuries.

Safe play area; always ensure the play area is safe e.g. free from dangerous objects that may cause injuries e.g. clear the play area of any unwanted material before the start of sports activities this reduces incidents of falls, cuts etc.

(b) Manages the injury and refers John for further management Dear senior two students.

I write to you a simple guide on the management of injuries specifically, the injury suffered by John.

John's injury could be a sprain or a dislocation. A sprain is an injury resulting from violent twist of a joint with stretching or tearing of ligaments. It is accompanied with swelling, limited range of motion and pain at the joint.

A dislocation is an injury to a joint causing the bones to no longer meet correctly at the joint. Its accompanied by immediate severe pain, swelling, trouble moving the joint, and a deformed appearance at the joint.

In injury management, the steps taken are basically to preserve or save life and this can be achieved if we:

- prevent further injury of the victim (prevent injury from getting worse)
- Stop bleeding if there is any
- Reduce pain and swelling,

Prevent further injury: gently lay John down away from the court. Avoid putting weight on the injured ankle, ensure his airways are open and breathing is without any difficult and try to rest him as much as possible.

Manage pain and swelling: e.g. Apply an ice pack to the injured ankle for 15-20 minutes to reduce swelling and pain

Compression: Use an elastic bandage or brace to provide support and compress the injured ankle to help reduce swelling.

Elevation: Elevate John's injured ankle above heart level to help reduce swelling and promote healing.

Pain relief: Take over-the-counter pain medication, such as ibuprofen, paracetamol/Panadol, to help manage pain.

Refer John for further management, Consult a healthcare provider: If the pain and swelling persist or worsen, or if John has difficulty bearing weight on the injured ankle, consult a healthcare provider for a proper diagnosis and treatment plan.

Item 2

The goal of the program is to achieve power, strength, speed and endurance in the soccer players within 2 weeks.

Warm-up Perform rope skipping or jogging

for 15 minutes. Perform running-skipping and also running in-place ensuring that the rope passes under *one* foot at a time on the ground etc..

Cool-down: after training perform cross-body shoulder stretch; stand with your back straight, arms to the sides and the feet shoulder-width apart. Raise your right arm straight in front of you parallel to the floor with the palm facing down. Use your left arm to hold your right arm above the elbow. Gently pull your right arm toward your left side then hold in position for 20 seconds. Switch to the other hand(the left).

Single knee-to-chest stretch: this loosens the back, hip and muscles of the buttocks also eases spinal movement...to perform this, lie flat on the back on your back, keep the legs straight on the floor. Bend your right knee bringing it to your chest as close as you can and hold it for 20 seconds as you keep the left leg straight on the floor. Switch to the left leg.

To achieve speed; *Short sprints-stop and sprint*; sprint for 40 metres and stop, wait until your heart rate normalizes then sprint again for another 40 metres repeat this procedure until a total of 160 metres. Maximum duration 10 minutes

To achieve Strength; Single leg squat

Stand on one foot and keep your other leg off the ground and in front of you. Lower yourself as much as you can and hold that position for 3 seconds and return to standing position then lower yourself again, hold position for 3 seconds. Repeat this movement 5 times then change the supporting foot. Rest.

To achieve power; Squat-jump place the legs shoulder width apart, we squat sharply and then jump, as the feet touch the ground you squat again.

4 sets of 3 squat jumps, 3 sets of 4 squat jumps,

To achieve Endurance Sprints; 45 metres sprints, 4 sets, with 15 seconds rest interval in between sets

Diet : Make sure you are properly fueled before doing your strength training so you are able to perform well in all your squats. An energy depleted body can negatively impact the quality of your training session. I suggest carbohydrates that are easy to digest, such as ripe bananas, and two eggs for protein. Post-Workout Nutrition Eat a balance meal within 2 hours of working out with a focus on quality protein like eggs, lean meat.

On high volume training days, eat carbs and protein more frequently to ensure your body is using nutrients effectively. Be aware of the signs that you are lacking nutrition/calories i.e. rapid weight loss, chronic fatigue, poor performance, lack of enthusiasm to train, decrease in fitness.

Day 1	Day 2	Day 3	Day 4	Day 5	Day 6	Day
						7
Rope	Rope	Jogging for	Rest	Rope	Jogging for	Rest
skipping 15	skipping	15 minutes	day	skipping 15	15 minutes	
minutes	15 minutes			minutes		
					Short	
		Squat-		Single leg	sprints-stop	
Short	Short	jump		squat	and sprint	
sprints-stop	sprints-stop	4sets 3		3 sets, 5		
and sprint	and sprint	repetitions		repetitions	4 sets of 1	
	40 metres	(4 sets,		on each foot	repetition	
4 sets of 1	4 sets of 1	each set			With rest	
repetition	repetition	with 3 squat			interval to	
		jumps)			restore heart	

With rest	With rest		1-3 minutes	rate between	
interval to	interval to	1-3 minutes	rest	sets	
restore heart	restore heart	rest			
rate between	rate between		45 metres	3-5 minutes	
sets	sets	45 metres	sprints 4	rest	
		sprints 4	sets 1		
1-3 minutes	3-5 minutes	sets 1	repetition		
rest	rest	repetition	with 15		
		with 15	seconds rest	Squat-jump	
		seconds rest	interval	4sets 3	
45 metres		interval		repetitions	
sprints 4 sets			Perform a	(4 sets,	
1 repetition		Perform	Single knee-	each set	
with 15		Single	to-chest	with 3 squat	
seconds rest	Single leg	knee-to-	stretch and	jumps)	
interval	squat	chest stretch	cross-body		
	3 sets, 5	and	shoulder	Perform a	
	repetitions on	Perform	stretch	Single knee-	
Perform a	each foot	cross-body	4 repetitions	to-chest	
Single knee-		shoulder	for each	stretch and	
to-chest	Perform a	stretch	stretch	cross-body	
stretch and	Single knee-	4		shoulder	
cross-body	to-chest	repetitions		stretch	
shoulder	stretch and	for each		4 repetitions	
stretch	cross-body	stretch		for each	
4 repetitions	shoulder			stretch	
for each	stretch				
stretch	4 repetitions				
	for each				
	stretch				

Day 8	Day 9	Day 10	Day	Day 12	Day 13	Day
			11			14
(a) Rope	(a) Rope	(a) Jogging	Rest	(a)Rope	(a)jogging	Rest
skipping 15	skipping	for 15		skipping 15	15 minutes	
minutes	15 minutes	minutes		minutes		
(b) Squat-					(b)Short	
jump	(b) Short	(b)Squat-		(b)Single	sprints-stop	
3 sets 5	sprints-stop	jump		leg squat	and sprint	
repetitions	and sprint	3 sets 5		3 sets, 7		
		repetitions		repetitions		
				on each foot		
(c) 1-3						
minutes rest		(c)1-3				
	(c) 3-5	minutes		(c) 1-3	(c) 3-	
	minutes rest	rest		minutes rest	5minutes	
					rest	
(d) 45						
metres	(d) Single	(d) 45		(d) 45		
sprints 4 sets	leg squat	metres		metres	(d) Single	
1 repetition	3 sets, 5	sprints 4		sprints 4	leg squat	
with 15	repetitions on	sets 1		sets 1	3 sets, 5	
seconds rest	each foot	repetition		repetition	repetitions	
interval		with 15		with 15	on each foot	
Perform a	Perform a	seconds rest		seconds rest		
Single knee-	Single knee-	interval		interval	Perform a	
to-chest	to-chest			between sets	Single knee-	
stretch and	stretch and	Perform a			to-chest	
		Single		Perform a	stretch and	
		knee-to-		Single knee-		

cross-body	cross-body	chest stretch	to-chest	cross-body	
shoulder	shoulder	and	stretch and	shoulder	
stretch	stretch	cross-body	cross-body	stretch	
4 repetitions	4 repetitions	shoulder	shoulder	4 repetitions	
for each	for each	stretch	stretch	for each	
stretch	stretch	4 repetitions	4 repetitions	stretch	
		for each	for each		
		stretch	stretch		

SECTION B

Item 3

Championing Participation in Sports: Overcoming Challenges in Our Refugee Camps By Sofia Malema,

Refugee Camps stand as a beacon of hope for those displaced by conflict, persecution, and hardship. However, like any community, they face a share of challenges. Here we propose how refugee camps can utilise the power of sports to overcome these challenges and foster resilience among its inhabitants.

1. Limited Space for Sports: Thinking Creatively. The camp's limited space poses a significant barrier for organizing sports activities. Crowded living conditions and scarce open areas make it challenging to engage in physical exercise.

Solution:

- *Multi-Use Spaces*: make use of existing areas for sports. Consider using courtyards, or even sections of communal kitchens during off-peak hours.
- *Community Gardens*: Combine gardening with exercise. Tending to small plots while stretching and moving can be both healing and yet practical gardening.
- 2. Non-Inclusive Sports Activities: Bridging Divides. Sports should unite, not divide. Yet, some activities inadvertently exclude certain groups due to cultural norms or gender biases. Ensure that sports activities and facilities are for all.

Solution:

- **Diverse Sports**: Offer a variety of sports to cater to different interests. Football, netball, yoga, and traditional games can coexist so that all members of the refugee camp and surrounding communities have access and actually participate in at least one sports activity.
- **Mixed Teams**: Encourage mixed-gender and mixed-nationality teams. Emphasize cooperation and mutual respect, this will eventually promote peaceful coexistence and reduce on discrimination.
- **Cultural Sensitivity**: Understand cultural preferences and taboos. Adapt sports programs accordingly to reduce on conflicts and promote tolerance hence peace.
- 3. Limited Sports Equipment: Making the Most of What We Have. Scarcity of sports equipment restricts opportunities for play and skill development.

Solution:

- **Improvise**: Use everyday items as makeshift equipment. Plastic bottles become cones, and old clothes transform into goalposts, old polythene bags together with clothes can be used to make improvised balls.
- **Community Donations**: Reach out to local businesses, and well-wishers for donations. Even a few soccer balls can ignite passion.
- **Skill-Based Training**: Focus on skill development rather than equipment. Agility, teamwork, and resilience require no special gear hence one can get physically fit without use of any special sports gear through exercises like runs, stretches etc.
- 4. Addressing Youth Drug Abuse: A Holistic Approach. Vulnerable youth often turn to substance abuse as an escape from trauma and boredom.

Solution:

- **Sports as a Diversion**: Engage youth in sports to channel their energy positively. A soccer match can replace idle hours.
- Education: Raise awareness about the dangers of drug abuse. Involve peer educators who can relate to their struggles. The peer educators can come in during sports activities such as during mini-leagues to talk to the community members just after the games when they are waiting for trophies.

Remember, in the heart of a refugee camp, where resilience blooms, sports can be the bridge that connects hope to reality. Let us build a stronger, healthier community—one goal, one game, and one step at a time.

Item 4

Engaging in sports activities are beneficial at both for personal and community level. These benefits include the following;

- Participating in physical activities provides opportunities for social interaction and connection with others, fostering a sense of community and belonging. It can help individuals develop friendships, teamwork skills, and communication abilities hence reduce on the incidents of infighting.
- Exercise provides a healthy outlet for managing emotions and coping with life's challenges. It can help individuals develop resilience and adaptive coping strategies, enabling them to better navigate stress and adversity hence fostering peace in communities.
- Maintaining overall physical health. It helps to strengthen muscles and bones, improve cardiovascular health, and reduce the risk of chronic diseases such as heart disease, diabetes, and obesity the health body can then be used in economic activities like farming to raise the economic status of the community members.
- Use the media to promote community Events: by organizing community events such as sports tournaments, health fairs, and awareness campaigns to engage directly with community members and promote our advocacy cause. These events provide opportunities for hands-on participation, networking, and community building, allowing us to connect with individuals of all ages and backgrounds and pass on information regarding peaceful coexistence in a society. Such events can be walking football for the elderly where there is no running.
- Engaging in regular exercise can enhance overall quality of life by improving sleep quality, increasing energy levels, and boosting self-esteem and confidence. It enables individuals to lead active and independent lives, maintaining their mobility and functional abilities as they age.
- Individuals who engage in regular physical activity tend to live longer and have a lower risk of premature death. Exercise contributes to healthy aging by reducing the risk of age-related diseases and promoting longevity. This cut down the costs of treating diseases hence creating avenues for saving money to improve on livelihood of community members

555/2 Inst. Sch.
PHYSICAL
EDUCATION
Practical
Instructions
2024



UGANDA NATIONAL EXAMINATIONS BOARD

Uganda Certificate of Education

PHYSICAL EDUCATION PRACTICAL INSTRUCTIONS

555/2 Inst. Sch.

2024

CONFIDENTIAL

This information is given only to facilitate preparation of examination.

Great care should be taken that the information given below does not reach the candidates whether directly or indirectly.

The teacher responsible for preparation **must** ensure that candidates are provided with sports equipment and other materials for good performance and safety.

1. Games: Mini Game Situation

(Volleyball)

Prepare play area and equipment for a mini game of 5 players per side. Each candidate will be assessed in one mini-game only.

Note: A candidate choses only one game to play.

2. Games: Game Situation

(Cricket/ Basketball/ Badminton/ Rugby/ Hockey/ Table tennis)

Prepare play area and equipment for demonstration of skills in any game in the list. Each candidate will be assessed in one game only.

Note: A candidate competes in only one game.

3. Gymnastics

Prepare a play area and equipment for performing gymnastics.

4. Athletics

(Running Jumping and Throws)

Prepare play area and equipment for:

- Jumping: Long Jump and High Jump.
- Throws: Javelin and Shot-put.

5. Aerobics/Swimming

- (a) Prepare a play area and equipment for conducting an aerobic session for at least 6 persons.
- (b) Prepare a play area and equipment for demonstrating water skills e.g. swimming.

Note: A learner choses either swimming or aerobics

2 END

555/2 PHYSICAL EDUCATION Paper 2 2024



UGANDA NATIONAL EXAMINATIONS BOARD

Uganda Certificate of Education

PHYSICAL EDUCATION

Paper 2 Performance

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES:

This paper consists of three sections; A, B and C. It has six examination items.

Section A has one compulsory examination item.

Perform two games from section B.

Section C has two Parts; I and II. Part I is compulsory. Answer only one item from part II.

Answer **five** examination items in all.

SECTION A (ATHLETICS)

(Compulsory)

Item 1

Your headteacher has organized an athletics event to select competent students to help introduce athletics skills to the new students in the school. All athletes will be required to exhibit skills in one event in each skill set as indicated in the skills sets of:

- (a) SKILL SET 1: **Jumping**: *either* Long Jump *or* high Jump
- (b) SKILL SET 2: **Throws**: *either* Javelin *or* Shotput.

You have been selected to compete with fellow students in this event. Personnel have been tasked to assess your performance.

Task

Perform the skills in the skill sets 1 and 2 above competitively following rules of play.

SECTION B (GAMES)

Answer **both** *items: perform item* **2** *and* **one** *game from item* **3**.

Item 2

Your class is preparing for the prestigious annual class competitions at your school. You are required to use the acquired skills in volleyball and use them in a mini-game situation. The game should be **five** players against **five**.

Task:

Play the game competitively following safety precautions and demonstrating sportsmanship.

Item 3

The national sports federation of the game of your choice wishes to start a grass root development of the game starting with schools. They have organized a motivational match to individuals who would wish to join the game. You have been identified as one of the players in the team to play in that match.

Task:

Select **one** game from the table **1** below and play competitively using indicated skills plus other skills of the game in a game situation.

Table 1

	GAME						
	Cricket Basketball Badminton Rugby Hockey Tab						
						tennis	
	Batting	dribbling	Smash shot	Ruck	Dribbling	Spin	
	Bowling	Shooting	Clear shot	Scrum	Shooting	Smash	
SKILL			(overhead,		(drive		
			forehand)		shot)		
	Fielding	Rebounding	Serve	maul	Goal	Serve	
					keeping		

SECTION C (AESTHETICS)

This section consists of two parts; I and II.

PART I : Gymnastics (compulsory)

Item 4

You have acquired some gymnastic skills and your Physical Education teacher intends to involve the whole school in gymnastics. You are required to use **at least one** skill from each of the **gymnastic skill** categories to display an artistic performance by combining skills

The gymnastic skills,

- (a) Category 1: **Body shapes**; hollow, lunge, bridge, straight stand.
- (b) Category 2: **Balances**; -swan balance, V-balance, crouch balance.
- (c) Category 3: **Rolls**; -backward roll, side roll, judo roll.
- (d) Category 4: **Skipping**; -double leg, single leg.

Task:

Plan an artistic performance, and in **3-5** minutes, display the artistic performance to the whole school in order to encourage other learners to join gymnastics.

(Your performance should include any skills you have learnt but also include at least one skill from each of the four categories.)

3 Turnover

PART II: (Swimming & Aerobics) Answer only **one** item in this part.

Item 5

Most formal workers in Uganda spend most of their time working on computers. One of the organizations started aerobics sessions twice a week. The workers are familiar with the few moves they have been performing and it has become boring. Others have gone ahead to read about dance movements in aerobics like; shoulder punches, triceps kickbacks, Y-steps, heel-taps, A-step, arm circles, matching wide, v-step, diagonal, hop turn, basic right, basic left; but do not know how to perform them.

The manager of the organization has requested you to head the workers' team in the identified steps.

Task:

Plan and perform a **15**-minutes aerobics dance session that will be used to fully address the needs of the workers in the organization.

Item 6

A nearby primary school has constructed a swimming pool. The school needs someone who can perform the swimming skills before the learners. Your PE teacher has chosen you to go and perform a given set of skills; mushroom float, frontal float, back float and frontal glide as you swim any stroke of your choice.

Task:

Dive and perform the following strokes for 100 m in **not** more than 3 minutes:

- (i) front crawl
- (ii) breast stroke

4 END

535/1
PHYSICS
Paper 1
2024
2½ hours



UGANDA NATIONAL EXAMINATIONS BOARD

Uganda Certificate of Education

PHYSICS

Paper 1
Theory

2 hours 30 minutes

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES:

This paper consists of two sections; A and B It has seven examination items..

Section A has three compulsory items.

Section **B** has **two** parts; **I** and **II**. Answer **one** item from **each** part.

Answer five items in all.

Any additional item(s) answered will not be scored.

All answers **must** be written in the booklets provided.

SECTION A

Answer all the items from this section

Item 1.

A brass band was invited to play during a celebration near a tall building, a distance slightly more than 17 m away. Two friends standing in the same direction and in line with the playing band, heard the sound from the band at different intervals of time which attracted them to go and attend the celebration. On arrival, the sound they heard was unclear, confused and indistinct. Later in the night during the cerebration, coloured lights flashing red, blue and green made the colours of their clothes look different from the original colours which puzzled them.

Hint: *Speed of sound in air* = 330 ms^{-1} .

The two friends heard sound after 4 s and 5 s, respectively. The friends were originally wearing yellow clothes.

Task:

As a physics student, help the two friends to understand why;

- (a) they heard the sound at different intervals.
- (b) the sound they heard was unclear, confused and indistinct.
- (c) the colour of their clothes kept changing when coloured lights flashed on them.

Item 2.

In a certain town, people are concerned about the waste disposal from the factory into the nearby lake which is their source of water for home use. They raised this issue to the chairperson Local Council 1 (LC1) who directed the management of the factory to stop disposing waste into the lake. A scientist was contacted to investigate the presence of radioactive material in the water. The scientist found out that the water was indeed radioactive as shown in Table 1.

Table 1

Time/days	0	5	10	15	20	25	30
Activity/counts per minute	1200	740	440	260	160	90	60

Although the water from the lake remains radioactive for a long time, the scientist recommended that water will be safe for use again when the activity is less than 38 counts per minutes.

Task:

As a student of physics;

- (a) Advise the chairperson LC1 about the time the community will wait for the water to be safe for use again.
- (b) Sensitise the members of the community about the risks associated with radioactive materials and how such materials should be handled.

Item 3.

In a certain country, a Television (TV) reporter was reporting live near the ocean about the high tides during night time. Viewers in another country were watching the live broadcast of the news bulletin during day time. The viewers wondered how it could be day and night at the same time, and how the event in one country could be watched live on TV in another country.

Task

Using your knowledge of physics to help the viewers to understand;

- (a) the possibility of it being day in one place and night in another place.
- (b) the occurrence of high ocean tides.
- (c) how an event in one place can be broadcast live in another country.

SECTION B

PART 1

Answer one item from this part

Item 4.

A certain home owner intends to put up a metallic tank of height 4 m with a maximum volume of 5000 l fitted with an electrical heater which supplies 20,000 kJ of heat energy as shown in figure 1.

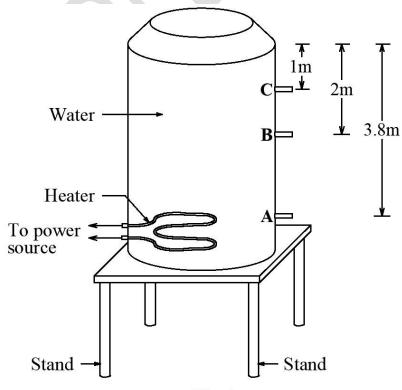


Fig. 1

3

TurnOver

The home owner found out that the heater was fitted at the lower part of the tank but he did not understand why it was done like that. Just before the hole for the outlet pipe was drilled at point **A**, the home owner told the person with the drill that the correct position was either **B** or **C**.

Task:

As a learner of Physics;

- (a) Explain to the home owner why;
 - (i) the electrical heater was fitted at the lower part of the tank and how eventually all the water gets hot.
 - (ii) the outlet pipe was drilled at point A.
- (b) If the initial temperature of the water in the tank is 20 °C, help the home owner to find out if the heater is working.
- (c) Advise the home owner on measures that can be taken to ensure that the tank stand can withstand the weight of the tank and water for a long time.

Use:

```
Density of water = 1000 \text{ kgm}^{-3}.

Specific heat capacity of water = 4200 \text{ J kg}^{-1} \text{ K}^{-1}.

Acceleration due to gravity = 10 \text{ ms}^{-2}
```

Item 5

A certain hotel has its bathrooms situated on the 3rd floor of a building. A customer of the hotel expects to bathe water at 32 °C. The hotel provides 10 litres of water at 20 °C to each customer. A boiler on ground floor heats water to 80 °C for the customers to use. The hotel management does not allow its workers to carry the hot water via the staircase.

Task:

Having studied physics;

- (a) help the hotel management to determine the quantity of hot water to be given to a customer for bathing.
- (b) advise the hotel management on how to keep the boiled water hot for a long period of time without keeping the boiler on.
- (c) explain to the management how the water from the boiler can reach the third floor safely.

Use:

```
Density of water = 1000 \text{ kgm}^{-3}.
Specific heat capacity of water = 4200 \text{ J kg}^{-1} \text{ K}^{-1}.
Acceleration due to gravity = 10 \text{ ms}^{-2}
```

PART II

Answer one item from this part.

Item 6.

Small pieces of metal which are unsafe to be eaten by chicken were found in feeds that had just been bought from a milling company by a poultry farmer. The small pieces of metal were later identified as iron. The farmer thought of disposing off the feeds but remembered that the pieces of metals could be sorted with a magnet which he did not have.

Hint:

A nail, connecting wires of resistance $0.5~\Omega$, two dry cells each of 1.5~V were available to the farmer.

Task:

As a student of physics;

- (a) Help the farmer to remove the pieces of iron from the feeds.
- (b) Comment on the effectiveness of what you have designed, given that current of 4 A is enough to create a strong magnet.

Item 7.

In a certain place, electricity is transmitted at 120 V. A business person intends to connect 4 bulbs in a house rated 240 V, 60 W each, and other domestic electrical appliances such that there is minimum power wastage. The business person has been advised to purchase a transformer of suitable specifications to achieve the objectives. The business person does not know what a transformer is, how it works and is bothered by the type of transformer that should be purchased.

Task:

As a student of physics, help the business person to solve the problems he/she is faced with.

5 END

535/1 PHYSICS Paper 1 2024



UGANDA NATIONAL EXAMINATIONS BOARD

Uganda Certificate of Education

PHYSICS Theory

Paper 1

New Lower Secondary Curriculum

SCORING GUIDE

535/1 - PHYSICS SAMPLE PAPER SCORING GUIDE

SECTION A

1. (a) First 4s and 2^{nd} 5s.

First Distance = speed \times time.

$$= 330 \times 4 = 1320$$
m.

$$2^{\text{nd}}$$
 Distance = $330 \times 5 = 1650 \text{ m}$.

They heard sound at different time intervals because they were standing at different distances away from the playing band.

- (b) Unclear, confused, indistinct sound:
 - Reverberation.
 - Echoes.
 - Noise from the environment.
- (c) Colour changes of the clothes are due to appearance of coloured objects in coloured light.
 - Due to colour mixing.
 - In red, appeared red.
 - In green, appeared green.
 - In blue, appeared black.
- 2. From the graph, the water will be safe for use after 38 days. (32–38 days). If no more waste was allowed in the lake.

OR: Using half-life = 7 days.

$$1200 \xrightarrow{7 \text{ days}} 600 \xrightarrow{7 \text{ days}} 300 \xrightarrow{7 \text{ days}} 150 \xrightarrow{7 \text{ days}} 75 \xrightarrow{7 \text{ days}} 37.5 \xrightarrow{7 \text{ days}}$$

- A number of small doses received over time radioactive materials build up cumulatively in the body system and may **lead to leukaemia or cancer**.
- Strong doses of radiations from radioactive materials will lead to burning of the skin and body tissues.
- Extreme radiation penetration will lead to damage deep in the body tissues and particularly to the body nuclei.
- This may affect chromosomes and make cells abnormal and the genetic
 effects arising may be passed onto future generations.

- Radioisotopes are handled by mechanical tongs operated by remote control equipment from behind this wall made of lead, concrete or other suitable material that absorb the dangerous radiations e.g. radiation badges.
- Thick-walled lead containers are used.
- A decay curve ploted with:
 - Axes labelled,
 - Shape (with correct plotting),
 - Reading the corresponding number of days (35 days).
- 3. (a) The possibility of day in one place and night in another. This is caused by the rotation of the earth about its axis (spinning). A point directly taking the sun will experience day while the one on the other side of the earth will be experiencing darkness (night).

 As the earth rotates, the point ceases to be directly under the sun hence becoming dark. At this time, the other side of the earth will be experiencing day time.
 - (b) Occurrence of the high ocean tides.

 High tides are caused by the **moon's gravitational pull**. The **tidal forces** cause the earth and its water **to bulge out** on the side **closest** to the moon and the side **furthest** from the moon. These bulges are the high tides.
 - (c) Images are picked by cameras and changed to a frequency (signals) suitable for satellite transmission.
 - The signals are transmitted from a ground based satelllite dish (station transmitter) to a satellite in a geo-stationary orbit.
 - The signals are then amplified/modulated another frequency to satellite dishes on the earth's surface at TV stations.
 - The received signals are decoded by a decoder and then sent to the television for display.

3 Turn Over

SECTION B: Part I

4. (a) (i) Heater fixed at the bottom so that water in the tank is warmed faster.

Heat transfer in liquids is by convection.

Convection currents from the heater take place upwards.

Water near the heater warms up first, expands, becomes less dense and rises. Dense cold water near the top of the tank sinks to the bottom of the tank where it is also heated.

Convection currents are set up and continue until all the water is heated, warmed up.

(ii) At point A water comes out at a high pressure.

Pressure increases with depth.

 $(P = \rho g \times h)$.

Accept calculation method to arrive at the conclusion.

(b) Heater is working if there is a temperature increase.

Heat Quantity = $mc\theta$.

Heat supplied = Heat gained. Formula

 $20,000 \times 10^3 = 5000 \times 4200 \ (\theta - 20).$

 θ = 20.95 °C.

Since temperature increased to 20.95 °C, then heater is working.

(c) Using: more struts / ties / girders.

Metallic stand put up in concrete slab.

5. (a) Heat lost by hot water = Heat gained by cold water.

$$M_h \times 4200 (80 - 32) = 10 \times 4200 (32 - 20).$$

 $M_h = 2.5 \text{ kg.}$ or 2.5 litres.

Each customer will need 2.5kg or 2.5 litres of hot water to mix with the cold water to achieve bathing water temperature.

(b) Using vacuum flasks, Process – lagging by insulating materials.

[Hot water tied at one end of the inextensible string that passes over a pulley. Effort is applied at the other end at the 3rd floor. In this way the bucket of hot water will be

Identify a method + Explanation.]

Heat loss, by conduction

- Minimised by enclosure in insulating materials.
- Keeping water in poor water conducting materials, for example by using vacuum flasks.

Heat loss, by convection

- By covering the container with an insulating cover.
- Filling up the container with hot water.
- (c) Pulley system for example lifts.

Wheel and axle.

Pumping.

Hot water supply system.

Part II

- **6.** (a) An electrical method for making
 - A magnet is required.
 - A circuit diagram.
 - Description: current flowing,
 - Polarity,
 - Dipoles,

The current flowing creates a magnetic field which aligns the nail dipoles in the same direction making the nail magnetised

The magnetised nail is then moved on top of the feeds continuously to pick all the pieces of iron by attracting them away from the mixture (feeds and metals).

(b)
$$V = IR$$

$$3 = I \times 0.5$$

$$I = \frac{3}{0.5} = 6A.$$

Since I proportional to β .

And 6A > 4A, then the magnet formed will be highly effective.

7. A transformer is a device that steps up (increases) or steps down (reduces) the input voltage (e.m.f.).

A device the changes voltage.

A diagram of the transformer with two labels (Secondary source and a Primary source. (a score)

5

If an alternating current is passed through the Primary coil, an alternating magnetic flux will be set up and will induce an alternating e.m.f. in the Secondary coil.

The magnitude of this induced e.m.f. will depend on the e.m.f. applied to the primary and on the relative numbers of turns in the two coils.

- A step up transformer is required.
- Because the voltage must be increased from 120V to 240V for this bulb and appliances to work, $\frac{N_p}{N_S} = \frac{V_p}{V_S}$.

$$-\frac{N_p}{N_S} = \frac{120}{240} \; ,$$

$$-N_S=2N_p.$$

- A step up transformer of number of turns on Secondary twice as that on the Primary will change 120V to 240V.
- The bulbs and other appliances will be connected in parallel from so that they operate at the same voltage, and a fault in one does not affect the working of the other.

535/2&3 PHYSICS Paper 2&3 2024 2 hours



UGANDA NATIONAL EXAMINATIONS BOARD

Uganda Certificate of Education

PHYSICS

Paper 2 & 3
Practical

2 hours

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES:

This paper consists of two examination items.

Answer one item in all.

Any additional items answered will **not** be scored.

Candidates are **not** allowed to start working with the apparatus for the **first quarter of an hour**. This time is to enable candidates; read the items thoroughly, checking for the apparatus they will need and plan appropriately.

A graph paper will be provided.

Mathematical tables and silent non-programmable calculators may be used.

Item 1

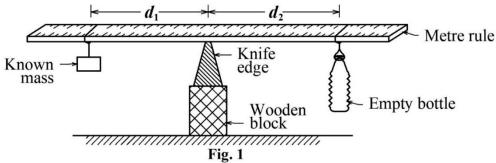
In a certain trading centre, empty mineral water bottles were littered everywhere causing blockage of trenches and other environmental hazards. A trader came to the trading centre with the intention of buying empty water bottles of mass 15 g each. A student had gathered a pile of 20000 empty identical mineral water bottles (500 ml each) but was not sure about the mass of each bottle. There was no instrument to determine the mass of the bottles and the student did not know the amount of money to be earned from the sale of the bottles.

Task:

As a student of physics, carry out a scientific investigation to help the student determine the mass of an identical empty bottle provided to you in order to ascertain how much the student will earn.

Hint:

✓ The trader pays UGX.400 per kilogram of such bottles.



✓ Other experimental set ups may be used.

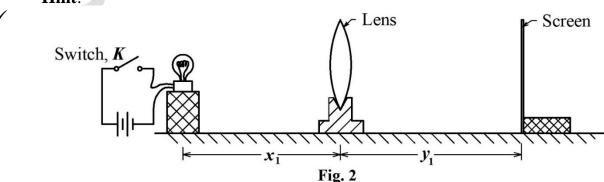
Item 2

A student complained about pain in the eyes and could not see nearby objects clearly. After visiting a hospital, a doctor recommended that the student uses spectacles with a lens of focal length 10 cm. The student visited an eyeglass shop, presented the doctor's prescription/report and bought spectacles. The student, however felt uncomfortable while using the spectacles and the problem persisted.

Task:

You are provided with lens, X that has same properties with that of the lens in the spectacles a student bought. Verify the accuracy of the lens in the spectacles the student bought.

Hint:



Other experimental set ups may be used.

535/2 PHYSICS Paper 2 2024



UGANDA NATIONAL EXAMINATIONS BOARD

Uganda Certificate of Education

PHYSICS

Paper 2
Practical

New Lower Secondary Curriculum

SCORING GUIDE

535/2 - PHYSICS SAMPLE PAPER SCORING GUIDE

EXPECTED RESPONSES:

1. Aim: To determine the mass of the empty bottle provided in order to ascertain how much the student will earn.

2. Variable:

Distances from the pivot to the masses.

(Independent Vs dependent).

Controlled variables(**depends on the type of the Expt**).

3. Hypothesis:

The mass of the bottle provided is not between (10-20) g or is between (10-20) g.

4. List of Apparatus:

- Expected list.
- Wooden block / Retort stand.
- Knife Edge / Clamp.
- Metre rule.
- 2 pieces of thread /3 pieces of thread.
- Known mass.
- Empty bottle
- 5. The metre rule is balanced on a knife edge and the point of balance noted and recorded, G.

A known mass is hung/suspended from one end of the metre rule at a known distance x from the G.

The bottle whose mass is required is suspended from the other end of the metre rule and its position from G is adjusted until the metre rule balances again at x.

The distance y of the bottle from G is recorded.

The experiment is repeated for at least 2 more values of x to obtain corresponding values of y.

6. Possible sources of errors:

- Parallax errors.
- Working surface not smooth/flat /rough enough.
- Air resistance / wind.

7. Precautionary measures:

Correct use of instrument to avoid parallax errors.

Ensuring that working surface is flat enough.

Ensuring that the experiment is done in a conducive environment/controlled to minimise air resistance/ wind interference.

8. Presentation of Data:

Table

Line graph/bar graph

- axes labelled with quantities and units,
- suitable scales,
- plots occupying at least half the graph paper
- correct plots
- well-judged line of best fit.

Or Pie chart(depending on the experiment)

9. Accuracy of data:

Appropriate number of decimal places/Standard form.

10. Data Analysis and Interpretation:

(i) Plotting graph of \mathcal{X} versus \mathcal{Y} .

Slope,
$$S = \frac{M_b}{M}$$
, $M_b = SM$,

$$Mx = M_b y$$
.

$$\mathcal{X}$$
 versus \mathcal{Y} , Slope = $\frac{M_b}{M}$.

$$M_b = M \times \text{slope}$$
.

(ii) Using Averages; (Average of X) $M = (Average of y) M_b$

 M_b can be obtained.

12. Advice given:

$$(M_b \times 400 = \text{Amount})$$

The student will havekg of bottles and will earnamount of money.

3 END

535/2&3 Inst. Sch.
PHYSICS
PRACTICAL
INSTRUCTIONS
2024



Uganda Certificate of Education

PHYSICS PRACTICAL INSTRUCTIONS

535/2 &3 Inst. Sch.

CONFIDENTIAL

Great care should be taken that the information given below does not reach the candidates either directly or indirectly.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR PREPARING APPARATUS

The candidates will be allowed to write out a detailed description of the apparatus. The teacher responsible for preparing the apparatus must give details (on the report form attached) about some of the items or apparatus he /she has supplied. The form should be signed by the invigilator, teacher responsible for preparing the apparatus and the Head teacher.

NB: The Head teacher **must** ensure that the teacher responsible for preparing the apparatus hands in his/ her trial results, properly sealed in a separate envelope and **firmly** fastened (attached) to the candidates' scripts envelope(s).

In addition to the apparatus ordinarily contained in a Physics Laboratory, each candidate will require;

Item 1

1 metre rule.

1 piece of knitting thread 110 cm long.

1 100 g mass.

1 knife edge.

1 a block or wooden block ($20 \text{ cm} \times 10 \text{ cm} \times 5 \text{ cm}$).

1 empty mineral water bottle capacity 500 ml.

Item 2

1 a convex lens in a holder (focal length 10 cm).

1 a torch (2.5 V, 0.3 A) in a holder.

2 fresh dry cells of emf 1.5 V each of size D in a holder.

1 switch labelled K.

1 white screen.

4 pieces of connecting wires (about 50 cm long).

1 metre rule (half metre rule can do).

This form MUST be completed and returned in a separate envelope firmly attached to the scripts envelope

UGANDA CERTIFICATE OF EDUCATION

2024

REPORT ON PHYSICS PRACTICAL 535 /2&3

Section I:

Any information which the teacher responsible for preparing the apparatus thinks may be useful to the scorers should be given on this sheet. The teacher must try all the scenario items and submit his/her results in the space provided below.

N.B: Teachers who DO NOT submit their trial results will be held responsible for the candidates' performance.

Results:	

3 Turn Over

Section II:

The invigilator, in consultation with the teacher responsible for preparing the apparatus, should give details below of any difficulties experienced by particular candidates, giving their names and personal numbers. These should include reference to:

(a)	difficulties due to faulty apparatus,
(b)	accidents to apparatus or materials,
(c)	physical handicaps of candidates
(d)	Any other information.
	er cases of hardship e.g. illness, disability, should be reported directly to UNEF e normal way.
	an of work benches, giving details by personal numbers of the places pied by the candidates for each shift, must be enclosed with the scripts.
DO	NOT STAMP ANYWHERE ON THIS DOCUMENT.
Invi	gilator's NameSignature
Sign	ature of the teacher responsible for preparing the apparatus
Sign	ature of the head teacher
Rand	lom Number

4 END

745/1
TECHNOLOGY
& DESIGN
Paper 1
2024
1½ hours



UGANDA NATIONAL EXAMINATIONS BOARD

Uganda Certificate of Education

TECHNOLOGY AND DESIGN

Paper 1
Theory

1 hour 30 minutes

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES:

This paper consists of two compulsory examination items.

All *answers* **must** *be written in the answer booklet*(*s*) *provided*.

Item 1.

The Librarian reported in the general staff meeting that part of the roof of the library was leaking. He added that a powdery substance is also seen falling from the fractured part of the timber roof members. In response, the teacher of Technology and Design suggested that his learners have the capacity to repair the roof. The head teacher welcomed the idea but needed proof that the learners can do the work.

Task:

As one of the students, make a detailed write up to convince the head teacher that you can do the work.

Item 2.

Hydroelectric power has become unreliable due to high demand while use of firewood and charcoal has led to environmental degradation. Basing on this, the government has started a campaign to sensitize citizens on other forms of energy that can be generated from locally available resources.

According to your LC1 chairperson, this campaign intends to show citizens that these forms of energy are installable and he would like someone to enlighten the village members on this matter.

Task:

You have been selected by your LC1 chairperson to write a presentation to enlighten the members.

2 END

745/1 TECHNOLOGY & DESIGN Paper 1 2024



UGANDA NATIONAL EXAMINATIONS BOARD

Uganda Certificate of Education

TECHNOLOGY AND DESIGN

Paper 1
Theory

SCORING GUIDE

S/N	ELEMENT OF	BASES OF ASSESSMENT	SUCCESS CRITERIA			
	CONSTRUCT		DESCRIPTION	SCORE		
1. Understand materials, tools and machines plus health and safety practice associated with them		Provides a focused introduction	 Provides a relevant introduction identifying the problem to be solved Leaking roof Fractured structural member Attack from insects 	Identifying 2-3 problems - 2 scores 1 problem - 1 score No problem/No response - 0 score		
		Tools mentioned	In the explanation, mentions tools to be used e.g. • Hammer • Saw • Paint brush • Tape measure • Pincers • Ladder/scaffoldings	 Mentioning: 3 and above tools - 2 scores 1 -2 tools - 1 score no mention - 0 score 		
		Materials mentioned	In the explanation, mentions materials to be used e.g. • Structural members(Timber/Steel) • Fasteners (Nails/Bolts/Brackets/Hoop iron) • Roof cover • Preservatives	 3 and above Materials- 2 scores 1 -2 materials - 1 score no mention - 0 score 		

S/N	ELEMENT OF	BASES OF	SUCCES	SS CRITERIA
	CONSTRUCT	ASSESSMENT	DESCRIPTION	SCORE
		Procedures	Exhaustive procedure description 1. Getting ready with PPE and securing the area of work. 2. Explaining how to remove roof covering material. 3. Explaining how to remove affected structural roof members 4. Replacing the affected structural roof members. 5. Applying preservatives 6. Replacing the roof covering material.	 4 above procedures - 3 scores 2 -3 procedures - 2 score 1 procedure - 1 score No procedure described/ no mention - 0 score
		Conclusion	Convincing conclusion related to the scenario No conclusion	1 score 0 score
2	Understand energy, electricity and electronics.	Provides a focused introduction	 Provides a relevant introduction identifying the problem to be solved HEP is unreliable Environmental degradation Irrelevant introduction/ No introduction 	 1 – 2 problems – 1 score No identification - 0 score

S/N	BASES OF ASSESSMENT	SUCCESS CRITERIA	
		DESCRIPTION	SCORE
	Source and Forms of energy Description	In the explanation, mention sources and forms of energy • Sun - Solar energy • Heat - Thermal energy • Wind - Wind energy • Waste - Biogas Exhaustive description of any 2 forms of energy systems, components and their functions.	2 and above – 2 scores 1 mention – 1 score No mention – 0 score For each energy system: (5 – 7) – 3 scores
		Energy system description e.g. solar 1 score 1 score 1 score 1 score 1 score 1 score	(3 - 4) - 2 scores (1 - 2) - 1 score No mention - 0 score
	Conclusion	 Relating 2 forms of energy systems to the above scenario Relating 1 form of energy system to the scenario No relating at all 	2 scores 1 score 0 score

745/2
TECHNOLOGY
& DESIGN
Paper 2
2023
3 hours



UGANDA NATIONAL EXAMINATIONS BOARD

Uganda Certificate of Education

TECHNOLOGY AND DESIGN

Paper 2
Design and Drawing

3 hours

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES:

This paper consists of two compulsory examination items.

Use a sheet of drawing paper size A2 provided for your answer

Use both sides of the drawing paper if necessary.

Item 1.

Nsako grinding mill broke down and a quick check revealed that **A SHAFT SUPPORT** was damaged and needed replacement. The Manager ordered for its replacement but the manufacturers of the mill only sent him the drawings in figure **1**. The Manager was advised to use a local fabricator to recreate the shaft support. The fabricator available cannot interpret the drawings, however if provided with optional drawings he can use it effectively.

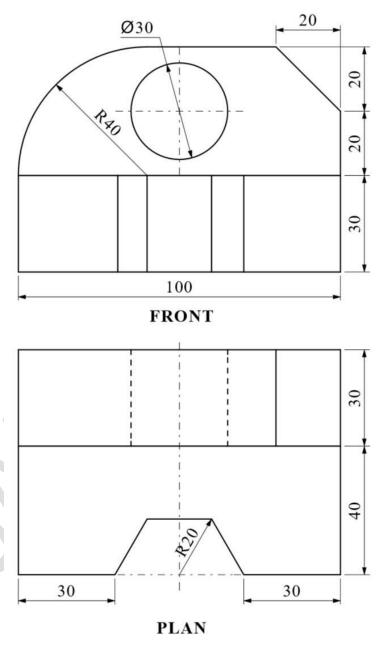


Fig. 1

Task:

Produce for the fabricator an accurate drawing of the shaft support.

Item 2.

James is renting and his Landlord keeps increasing rental fees. He has set aside 6 metres by 4 metres of his plot to build a two-roomed house. He consulted a builder, who told him that a plan and an elevation are important before he starts constructing.

Task:

Design and produce the drawings for James.

3 END

745/2
TECHNOLOGY
& DESIGN
Paper 2
2024



UGANDA NATIONAL EXAMINATIONS BOARD

Uganda Certificate of Education

TECHNOLOGY AND DESIGN

Paper 2
Design and Drawing

SCORING GUIDE

ITEM NO.	BASES OF ASSESSMENT	ATTRIBUTE	ATTRIBUTE RANGE	SCORE
	Drawing paper	1. Frame	3 - 5	2
	Layout	2. Name	1 - 2	1
	·	3. Title of the drawing	No layout	0
		4. Date	140 layout	U
		5. Scales used		
1	a) Projection	Isometric/oblique	1	1
		No projection	0	0
	b) Line	1. Constructional lines	3 - 4	2
		2. Out/visible lines	1 - 2	1
		3. Centre lines	0	0
		4. Dimensioning lines		U
	c) Design	Correct Surfaces drawn	8 – 11	4
		(11 surfaces on the drawing)	5 – 7	3
			3 - 4	2
			1 - 2	1
			0	0
2	a) Plan	Considerations	7 0	4
		1. Scale use	7–9	4
		2. Splash apron	5 - 6	3
		3. Door	3 - 4	2
		4. Walls	1 - 2	1
		5. Window6. Roofline	0	0
		6. Roofline7. Dimension		
		8. Correct no of rooms		
		9. Fit to given area		
		Convention on the plan		
		1. Doors		2
		2. Windows		1
		3. No convention		0
	b) Elevation	Considerations on the		
		elevation	3 – 5	2
		1. Splash apron		
		2. Roof cover	1 - 2	1
		3. Verge/fascia board		
		4. Wall	0	0
		5. Elevation name		

745/3 Inst. Sch.
TECHNOLOGY
& DESIGN
Paper 3
Practical
2024



UGANDA NATIONAL EXAMINATIONS BOARD

Uganda Certificate of Education

TECHNOLOGY AND DESIGN PRACTICAL INSTRUCTIONS

Paper 745/3

INSTRUCTIONS TO SCHOOLS:

Great care should be taken that the information given below DOES NOT reach the candidates either directly or indirectly.

Each candidate will require the following materials, tools and equipment:

Materials:

- 1. Blockboard/Soft board (1.0 m \times 0.6 m).
- 2. Wire clips (15 pieces for 1.5 mm cable and 10 pieces for 2.5 mm cable).
- 3. Two Junction boxes.
- 4. Two Switches (single).
- 5. Two Lamp holders.
- 6. 3.5 metres of 1.5 mm wire and 1.5 metres of 2.5 mm wire.
- 7. One Socket (single).
- 8. Three metallic MK boxes.
- 9. ³/₄ inch self tapping screws.

Tools and Equipment:

In addition to the usual electrical installation tools and equipment, the following assorted tools will be required for working out the examination.

- 1. Hammer.
- 2. Pliers.
- 3. Wire stripper.
- 4. Screw driver (minus/flat).
- 5. Screw driver (star).
- 6. Electrical/Insulating tape.

745/3
TECHNOLOGY
& DESIGN
Paper 3
2024
3 hours



UGANDA NATIONAL EXAMINATIONS BOARD

Uganda Certificate of Education

TECHNOLOGY AND DESIGN

Paper 3
Practical

3 hours

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES:

This paper consists of one compulsory examination item.

Use the materials, tools and equipment provided as required in the task.

At the end of the examination, leave your work at the work table/place/station.

Jane's two roomed house is powered by a battery for lighting. She finds it expensive to charge the battery regularly. She is considering getting connected to the main electricity grid, but her house does not have standard wiring. You have been recommended by Jane's brother to carry out the wiring but she has doubts about your abilities. You have decided to make a model of the wiring on a board in order to convince Jane.

Task:

Using the materials, tools and equipment provided, make the model.

2 END

745/3
TECHNOLOGY
& DESIGN
Paper 3
2024



UGANDA NATIONAL EXAMINATIONS BOARD

Uganda Certificate of Education

TECHNOLOGY AND DESIGN

Paper 3
Practical

New Lower Secondary Curriculum

SCORING GUIDE

Bases of assessment	Attributes and scores	Attribute range	scores
	a) Protective gears i) Helmet ii) Overall iii) Gloves/Apron iv) Safety boots v) Gaggles b) Layout of plan and symbols of components i) Plan sketch ii) Switch iii) Socket iv) Bulb v) Junction box c. Wiring diagram i) light circuit ii) socket circuit	Having 4-5 gears Having 2 – 3 gears Having 1 – 0 gears Laying out: 4 - 5 components 2 – 3 components 1 – 0 components 1 circuits layout No circuits layout No circuits layout or Incorrect circuit	2 1 0 2 1 0
2. Operation s	a) Connecting light circuit (i) Intake to junction box (ii) Junction box to switch (iii) Switch to lamp holder (iv) Junction box to lamp holder b) Connecting socket circuit (i) Intake to junction box (ii) Junction box to socket c) Fixing accessories (i) Clipping wires (ii) Fixing MK/Switch/socket/JB	4 Correct connections 3 Correct connections 2 Correct connections 1 Correct connection No /incorrect connection 2 Correct connection 1 Correct connection No connection Fixing 2 accessories Fixing 1 of the accessories No accessory fixed	4 3 2 1 0

Bases of assessment	Attributes and scores	Attribute range	scores
	 d) Correct use of tools i) Hammer - Clipping ii) Wire stripper - Striping iii) Screw driver - Fixing MK/Junction boxes/lamp holder/switch/socket 	3 tools Used correctly 2 tools used correctly 1 tool correctly No tool used or incorrect use of tools	3 2 1 0
3. Finishing		Two finishes	2
	a) Clean work areab) Gathering tools	I finish Incorrect or No finish	0